

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016



Prepared by:

Denise Land

Finance Director

Jake Harper

Assistant Finance Director

Visit our web site at: www.bentonvillear.com

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

December 31, 2016

Contents

Introductory Section

Letter of Transmittal.....	i
Certificate of Achievement.....	iv
Organizational Chart	v
List of Elected and Appointed Officials	vi

Financial Section

Independent Auditor's Report.....	1
--	----------

Management's Discussion and Analysis.....	4
--	----------

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Financial Position – Bentonville Library Foundation	14
Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Activities – Bentonville Library Foundation.....	16
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds.....	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.....	18
Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	20
Statement of Fund Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	21
Notes to Financial Statements	22

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

December 31, 2016

Contents (Continued)

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund.....	61
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Street Fund.....	62
Other Postemployment Benefit Plan – Schedule of Funding Progress	63
Agent Multiple-Employer Plan – Schedule of Changes in the City’s Net Pension Asset and Related Ratios – FRPF.....	64
Agent Multiple-Employer Plan – Schedule of Contributions – FRPF	65
Cost-Sharing Plan – Schedule of the City’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – LOPFI.....	66
Cost-Sharing Plan – Schedule of City Contributions – LOPFI.....	67
Cost-Sharing Plan – Schedule of the City’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – APERS.....	68
Cost-Sharing Plan – Schedule of City Contributions – APERS.....	69
Notes to Required Supplementary Information.....	70

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds.....	72
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	73
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund	74
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Impact/Capacity Fees	75
Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenses – Enterprise Fund	76

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

December 31, 2016

Statistical Section

Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Component – Table 1.....	78
Changes in Net Position – Table 2	79
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Table 3.....	81
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds – Table 4	82
General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source – Table 5	83
Revenue Capacity:	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Table 6	84
Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Table 7.....	85
Principal Sales Taxpayers.....	86
Principal Property Taxpayers – Table 8	87
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Table 9.....	88
Debt Capacity:	
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type – Table 10.....	89
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	90
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt – Table 11	91
Legal Debt Margin Information	92
Pledged-Revenue Coverage – Proprietary Funds – Table 12	93
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Table 13	94
Principal Employers – Table 14	95
Operating Information:	
Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function – Table 15	96
Operating Indicators by Function – Table 16.....	97
Capital Asset Statistics by Function – Table 17	98
Water and Wastewater Rates – Table 18.....	99
Schedule of Electric, Water and Wastewater Customers and Annual Billable Water Gallons – Table 19.....	100
Schedule of Insurance Coverage – Table 20	101

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

December 31, 2016

Contents (Continued)

Other Required Reports

Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance With Arkansas State Requirements	102
---	-----

Single Audit Section

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	103
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	105
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance – Independent Auditor's Report	107
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	109
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.....	112

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

Introductory Section

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)



**City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Finance and Accounting Department
117 West Central Avenue – Bentonville, Arkansas 72712
Phone (479)-271-3100 – Fax (479) 271-5913**

To the Citizens of the City of Bentonville, Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Bentonville, Arkansas (the City) for the year ended December 31, 2016, is submitted in accordance with State statutes. These statutes require that every general-purpose local government publish at the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Bentonville. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable assurance, rather than absolute, that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Bentonville's financial statements have been audited by **BKD, LLP**, a firm of licensed independent certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions on the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information that collectively comprise the City of Bentonville's basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. It is our intention that the MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Bentonville was incorporated in 1837 and is located in the northwest corner of the State of Arkansas. The City currently occupies a land area of approximately 31.5 square miles. The City's population has grown to 35,301. It is estimated that it could grow to as large as 65,000 by the year 2025 according to a University of Arkansas population study.

The City is empowered to levy property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically, when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

The City of Bentonville is operated under the Mayor-Council form of government. The Mayor is elected by the Citizens of Bentonville to a four year term. The Mayor serves as the chief executive of the city, presides over City Council meetings and has the ability to vote on City Council items in the event of a tie. The City Council is made up of two members from each ward (eight total members) within the City and are elected for four year terms. The City Council has the ability to enact laws (ordinances) for the health, safety and welfare of the city not in conflict with the United States constitution or the constitution of the State of Arkansas. The legal level of budgetary control is maintained at the fund level for all funds. However, management control is maintained at the department level.

The City of Bentonville provides a full range of services including police, fire, emergency ambulance service, library, parks, recreation, water, sewer, electric, traffic engineering, streets and infrastructure, community development (planning and zoning), economic development and general administrative services.

The financial reporting entity (the government) includes all funds of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are legally separate entities and not part of the primary government's operations. The Bentonville Public Library Foundation is included in the financial statements as a discretely presented component unit.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Local Economy. The City of Bentonville historically benefits from low unemployment rates. There are several major industries in the City, with Wal-Mart and Sam's Club headquarters in Bentonville. The City is also home to Northwest Arkansas Community College. These employers draw their workforce from a population of more than 450,000 within the Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers MSA (metropolitan statistical area) of which Bentonville is a part. Other major employers also located in the Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers MSA include Tyson's Foods, J.B. Hunt Transport, and the University of Arkansas.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City's accounting records for general government activities are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with revenues being recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the City's electric, water and sewer utility and other proprietary activities are maintained on an accrual basis.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Bentonville, Arkansas' financial planning and control. The annual budget for the following year is prepared each year by the Mayor and Department Heads and is submitted to City Council for review and approval before the end of the current year. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Awards: The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the City of Bentonville, Arkansas for its budget document prepared for the budget year ended December 31, 2016. The City of Bentonville has earned this award for 19 consecutive years.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Bentonville for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one (1)-year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements: This report and the information contained therein would not have been possible without the help of all the departments within the City of Bentonville that provided information presented. We would also like to express our appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their interest and support in the responsible planning and conducting of the financial operations of the City.

Respectively submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Denise Land".

Denise Land
Finance Director

June 27, 2017



Government Finance Officers Association

**Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting**

Presented to

**City of Bentonville
Arkansas**

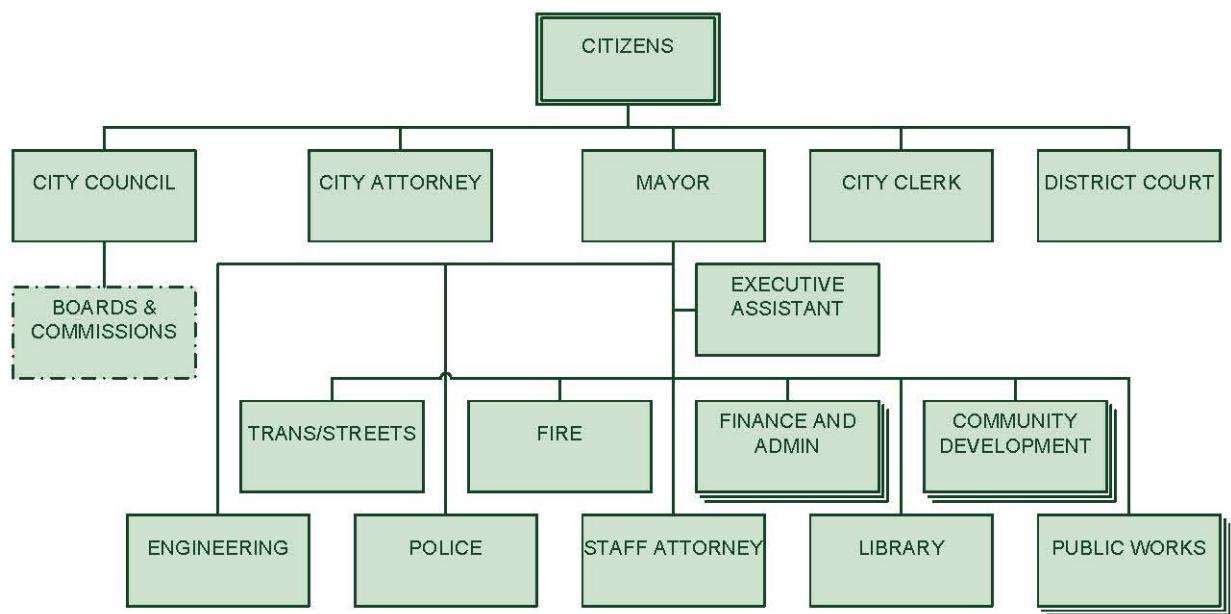
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2015

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Jeffrey P. Evans".

Executive Director/CEO

City of Bentonville Organizational Chart



**City of Bentonville, Arkansas
City Council and Other Elected Officials**

**Bob McCaslin
Mayor**

Name	Ward	Position
Stephanie Orman	1	1
Chad Goss	1	2
Tim Robinson	2	1
Chris Sooter	2	2
James Smith	3	1
Bill Burkart	3	2
Octavio Sanchez	4	1
Jim Webb	4	2
George Spence, City Attorney		
Linda Spence, City Clerk		

Financial Section

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Bentonville, Arkansas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bentonville, Arkansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bentonville, Arkansas as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, pension and other postemployment benefit information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and introductory section and statistical tables, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Page 3

The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BKD, LLP

Rogers, Arkansas
June 27, 2017

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Management's Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2016

As management of the City of Bentonville (the “City”), we offer readers of the City’s financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. The information contained in this MD&A should be considered in conjunction with our letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the information contained in the Independent Auditor’s Reports, Financial Statements and Supplementary Information.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$448,857,748.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Bentonville’s governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$55,516,256 of which \$38,160,366 was unassigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$38,160,366 which is 102% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City’s total bond related debt decreased by \$9,224,366 or 14% during 2016 primarily due to principal payments on existing debt.
- The City had general revenues of \$51,965,078, grants and contribution revenue of \$13,682,376, charges for services of \$96,329,505 and program expenses of \$134,941,652 for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- The City’s capital outlays for the year, including outlays in the enterprise fund, were \$44,364,504.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City’s basic financial statements. The City’s basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2016

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories, governmental and business-type activities. The governmental activities of the City include General Government, Administrative Services, Police, Fire, Public Works, Community Development, Library and Parks. The business-type activities of the City include Electric, Water, Wastewater, Sanitation, and related support departments which comprise the Utility Fund.

The government-wide financial statements not only include the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the financial statements of Bentonville Library Foundation (the Foundation). The Foundation is a legally separate, tax exempt component unit of the City whose primary function is to raise and hold funds to support the City library and its programs. Although the City does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of the Foundation's resources and related income are restricted by donors for the benefit of the City. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the Library, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the City and is discretely presented in the City's financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources which have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2016

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the street fund, the capital projects fund and the debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other two governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water, wastewater and sanitation operations.

Proprietary funds, in general, charge customers for services provided. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements are presented using a long-term financial accounting approach and the full accrual basis of accounting. Additional information is provided in the proprietary funds' statement of cash flows.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-60 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 61-71 of this report.

The combining schedules referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and OPEB. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 72-76 of this report.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Management's Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2016

GOVERNMENT-WIDE ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$448,857,748 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (83%) is its investment in capital assets (*e.g.*, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016
Current and other assets	\$ 80,712,457	\$ 73,240,880	\$ 51,586,274	\$ 47,366,351	\$ 132,298,731	\$ 120,607,231
Capital assets	<u>220,476,716</u>	<u>236,972,944</u>	<u>176,688,011</u>	<u>190,892,504</u>	<u>397,164,727</u>	<u>427,865,448</u>
Total assets	<u>301,189,173</u>	<u>310,213,824</u>	<u>228,274,285</u>	<u>238,258,855</u>	<u>529,463,458</u>	<u>548,472,679</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,118,799	10,337,688	1,627,083	3,016,203	5,745,882	13,353,891
Long-term liabilities	65,689,733	66,238,528	20,604,703	20,320,392	86,294,436	86,558,920
Other liabilities	<u>15,824,173</u>	<u>13,294,967</u>	<u>9,562,700</u>	<u>11,982,004</u>	<u>25,386,873</u>	<u>25,276,971</u>
Total liabilities	<u>81,513,906</u>	<u>79,533,495</u>	<u>30,167,403</u>	<u>32,302,396</u>	<u>111,681,309</u>	<u>111,835,891</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	992,170	844,379	713,420	288,552	1,705,590	1,132,931
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	177,894,726	195,975,422	161,108,420	177,477,573	339,003,146	373,452,995
Restricted	20,714,460	16,800,936	6,416,985	2,778,744	27,131,445	19,579,680
Unrestricted	<u>24,192,710</u>	<u>27,397,280</u>	<u>31,495,140</u>	<u>28,427,793</u>	<u>55,687,850</u>	<u>55,825,073</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 222,801,896</u>	<u>\$ 240,173,638</u>	<u>\$ 199,020,545</u>	<u>\$ 208,684,110</u>	<u>\$ 421,822,441</u>	<u>\$ 448,857,748</u>

An additional portion of the City's net position (4.36%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* \$55,825,073 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

During the current fiscal year, total net position of the City increased by \$27,035,307 primarily resulting from an increase in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation of \$34,449,849. The major capital asset events contributing to this increase are discussed in the *Capital Assets* section of this document. Restricted net position decreased by \$7,551,765 primarily due to use of funds previously reserved for street improvements (\$3,201,995) and a decrease in funds set aside for renewals and replacements (\$3,646,077).

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Management's Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2016

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 3,837,133	\$ 5,175,541	\$ 87,703,971	\$ 91,153,964	\$ 91,541,104	\$ 96,329,505
Operating grants and contributions	4,924,083	7,545,636	-	137,426	4,924,083	7,683,062
Capital grants and contributions	3,436,893	4,795,540	852,198	1,203,774	4,289,091	5,999,314
General revenues:						
Property taxes	7,248,656	7,757,246	-	-	7,248,656	7,757,246
Sales taxes	29,458,234	30,117,108	-	-	29,458,234	30,117,108
State Turnback	2,705,936	2,756,242	-	-	2,705,936	2,756,242
Franchise fees	4,599,120	4,788,966	-	-	4,599,120	4,788,966
Investment income	38,664	61,952	36,685	36,505	75,349	98,457
Gain on sale of capital assets	157,987	271,855	430,533	634,635	588,520	906,490
Other	5,993,549	5,264,905	1,255,038	275,664	7,248,587	5,540,569
Total revenues	<u>62,400,255</u>	<u>68,534,991</u>	<u>90,278,425</u>	<u>93,441,968</u>	<u>152,678,680</u>	<u>161,976,959</u>
Expenses:						
General government	7,159,267	7,838,616	-	-	7,159,267	7,838,616
Public safety	18,757,747	19,978,800	-	-	18,757,747	19,978,800
Recreation	7,469,788	9,126,620	-	-	7,469,788	9,126,620
Street department	7,405,637	7,950,435	-	-	7,405,637	7,950,435
Library	1,372,391	1,505,475	-	-	1,372,391	1,505,475
CDBG	81,941	46,716	-	-	81,941	46,716
Interest expense on long-term debt	2,271,497	2,011,778	-	-	2,271,497	2,011,778
Electric	-	-	54,031,667	59,066,230	54,031,667	59,066,230
Water	-	-	8,297,783	11,859,994	8,297,783	11,859,994
Wastewater	-	-	10,428,470	8,396,479	10,428,470	8,396,479
Sanitation	-	-	3,614,926	3,891,758	3,614,926	3,891,758
Support	-	-	3,172,472	3,268,751	3,172,472	3,268,751
Total expenses:	<u>44,518,268</u>	<u>48,458,440</u>	<u>79,545,318</u>	<u>86,483,212</u>	<u>124,063,586</u>	<u>134,941,652</u>
Increase in net position before transfers and special items	<u>17,881,987</u>	<u>20,076,551</u>	<u>10,733,107</u>	<u>6,958,756</u>	<u>28,615,094</u>	<u>27,035,307</u>
Transfers	<u>(2,465,052)</u>	<u>(2,704,809)</u>	<u>2,465,052</u>	<u>2,704,809</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Increase in net position	<u>15,416,935</u>	<u>17,371,742</u>	<u>13,198,159</u>	<u>9,663,565</u>	<u>28,615,094</u>	<u>27,035,307</u>
Net position – beginning of the year	<u>207,384,961</u>	<u>222,801,896</u>	<u>185,822,386</u>	<u>199,020,545</u>	<u>393,207,347</u>	<u>421,822,441</u>
Net position – end of the year	<u>\$ 222,801,896</u>	<u>\$ 240,173,638</u>	<u>\$ 199,020,545</u>	<u>\$ 208,684,110</u>	<u>\$ 421,822,441</u>	<u>\$ 448,857,748</u>

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$17,371,712, thereby accounting for 64% of the total growth in the net position of the City. The 2016 increase is \$1.9 million more than in 2015 due to various reasons including an increase in charges for services, property tax revenues and sales tax revenues.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Management's Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2016

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$9,663,565, accounting for 36% of the total growth in the City's net position. The 2016 increase is \$3.5 million less than the increase experienced in 2015 primarily due to an increase in electric expense of \$5 million and water expenses of \$3.5 million. This increase in expenses of \$8.5 million was partially offset by an increase in charges for services of \$3.3 million and a decrease in other expenses of approximately \$1.6 million.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending for program purposes at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$39,150,422, while total fund balances reached \$39,427,411. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balances and total fund balances to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balances represent 104% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balances represent 105% of that same amount.

The fund balances of the City's general fund increased \$4,823,139 during the current fiscal year, which was an increase of \$3,590,689 over the increase experienced in 2015. The increase in 2016 was primarily due to the decrease in capital outlay expense of \$3,884,194 and the increase in revenue from charges for services of \$1,311,969 compared to 2015. This net increase of \$5,196,163 was offset by a net decrease in remaining revenues/expenses/transfers of \$1,734,001.

Street Fund

The City's street fund had a total fund balance of \$7,085,596 of which all but \$1,275 is assigned and available to fund street capital and maintenance projects. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year in the street fund was \$3,285,571. The street fund's fund balance decrease is primarily due to an increase in capital outlay expenditures.

Capital Project Fund

The City's capital project fund had a total fund balance of \$1,927,588 all of which is restricted and available to fund capital projects that meet the requirements of the Series 2007 Sales and Use Tax Bonds, the Series 2009 Sales and Use Tax Bonds, and the Series 2010 Sales and Use Tax Bonds. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year in the capital project fund was \$5,477,436, and is the result of spending \$5,468,121 of bond proceeds on capital improvements.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Management's Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2016

Debt Service Fund

The City's debt service fund had a total fund balance of \$5,475,760, which is restricted for debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the fund was \$128,943. Debt service's fund balance increase is due to debt service sales tax revenues exceeding expenditures in general.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Fund

Unrestricted net position of the enterprise fund at the end of the year was \$28,427,793. The total growth in net position of the enterprise fund was \$9,663,565. Operating revenues of the enterprise fund increased 2.85% to \$91,567,054 and the operating expenses increased 8.22% to \$85,885,575. The primary causes of these increases were an increase in water/wastewater rates of approximately 1% and an increase in customers of 2,717 or 4.83%. In addition, total water usage amounted to 2,287,505,000 gallons, which was an increase of 1% over 2015 usage. Other factors concerning the finances of the enterprise fund have already been discussed in the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original Budget as Compared to the Final Budget

During the 2016 fiscal year, the original budget of the general fund was amended primarily to budget for more capital projects and other costs or revenues not previously in the budget. The most significant amendment for revenue was a \$1.6 million amendment for a local grant for the construction of a pedestrian tunnel. The most significant amendment for expenditures was a matching \$1.6 million amendment for the construction of the pedestrian tunnel, which was funded by the adjustment discussed above.

Actual Results as Compared to the Final Budget

Variances between the actual revenues and expenditures and the general fund's final budget were fairly significant. The final amended budget projected a \$3,812,982 decrease in general fund balance while the actual resulted in a fund balance increase of \$4,823,139. The prime factors in the variances can be briefly summarized as follows:

- *Property tax* revenue was \$5,458,356, while the final budgeted amount was \$5,141,435. The excess revenues over the budget (\$316,821) can be attributed to a general improvement in the local economy in 2016 compared to 2015 and an increase in assessed values of \$102,312,790 or 11%
- *Sales tax* revenue was \$20,942,843, while the final budgeted amount was \$17,790,550. The increase in revenues over the budget (\$3,152,293) can be attributed to a general increase in retail sales tax from various projects in the City and the County and general improvement in economic conditions.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Management's Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2016

- *Charges for services* revenue was \$5,109,162, while the final budgeted amount was \$4,141,680. The increase in revenues over the budget (\$967,482) can be attributed to an increase in participation in our Parks and Recreation programs and the related admission fees.
- *Licenses and permits* revenue was \$1,322,683, while the final budgeted amount was \$939,860. The increase in revenues over the budget (\$382,823) can be attributed to a general increase in permits attributed to an increase in building permits and activity.
- *Grants* revenue was \$1,275,759, while the final budgeted amount was \$2,513,340. The decrease in revenues over the budget (\$1,237,581) can be attributed to grants that were budgeted or awarded in 2016 but had not been earned by the end of the year.
- *Capital outlay* expenditure was \$5,187,669, while the final budgeted amount was \$8,505,813. The decrease in expenditures over the budget (\$3,318,144) can be attributed to various budgeted capital outlay projects that were not completed during 2016 due to time constraints or planned multi-year projects.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2016, the City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities was \$427,865,448 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and streets.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Capital expenditures of \$14.9 million were made for a variety of street construction projects in new residential developments and widening and expansion projects for existing streets. Included in this total are \$1.3 million of additions to streets, drainage and sidewalks constructed by developers were contributed to the City to own and maintain.
- Capital expenditures of \$991,225 were made for a variety of park improvement projects.
- Capital expenditures for additions and improvements for the City's water system, sewer system and electric system were \$20.7 million. Included in this total are \$1.2 million in additions to electric, water and sewer lines were contributed by developers to the City.
- Capital expenditures for furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles city wide totaled \$3.1 million due to replacement and additional equipment needs throughout the city.
- Capital expenditures for a municipal public works campus totaled \$18.7 million for 2016 and the project should be completed in 2017.

Additional information regarding capital assets can be found on pages 35-38 of this report.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Management's Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2016

Long-term Debt

The City had \$56,342,040 in revenue bonds and notes payable outstanding as of December 31, 2016, which is a decrease of \$9,224,366 from the previous year. The decrease was due to the regularly scheduled principal reductions on the outstanding debt. The revenue bonds of the Electric, Water, and Sewer Systems have been rated "AAA" by Moody's Investor Service.

Additional information regarding long-term debt can be found at pages 38-42 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The unemployment rate for the metropolitan area of Northwest Arkansas (of which Bentonville is a part) is currently 2.7%. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 3.9% and the national average rate of 4.7%.
- The City's population growth has averaged about 7% annually and according to the most recent census the population is 35,301. Impact and capacity fees, an additional one cent sales tax for capital improvements and slight increases in utility rates are in place to meet the financial demands caused by this population growth.
- The value of building permits issued, excluding public buildings, was approximately \$321 million in 2015 and \$372 million in 2016.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance and Administration; 117 W. Central Avenue; Bentonville, Arkansas 72712.

Basic Financial Statements

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2016

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39,655,871	\$ 23,722,171	\$ 63,378,042
Certificates of deposit	9,500,000	9,000,000	18,500,000
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	9,269,528	1,590,683	10,860,211
Receivable			
Customer accounts, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$271,000	-	8,344,264	8,344,264
Property taxes, net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$368,644	7,004,232	-	7,004,232
Grants and other	4,177,143	237,535	4,414,678
Internal balances	320,304	(320,304)	-
Inventories	-	2,799,569	2,799,569
Prepaid items	278,264	48,650	326,914
Total current assets	<u>70,205,342</u>	<u>45,422,568</u>	<u>115,627,910</u>
Noncurrent Assets			
Restricted assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	358,250	1,943,783	2,302,033
Sales taxes receivable	<u>886,078</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>886,078</u>
Total restricted assets	<u>1,244,328</u>	<u>1,943,783</u>	<u>3,188,111</u>
Net pension asset	1,791,210	-	1,791,210
Capital assets - non-depreciable	8,903,448	8,226,205	17,129,653
Capital assets - depreciable, net	<u>228,069,496</u>	<u>182,666,299</u>	<u>410,735,795</u>
	<u>238,764,154</u>	<u>190,892,504</u>	<u>429,656,658</u>
Total noncurrent and other assets	<u>240,008,482</u>	<u>192,836,287</u>	<u>432,844,769</u>
Total assets	<u>310,213,824</u>	<u>238,258,855</u>	<u>548,472,679</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows - pensions	7,906,255	2,518,286	10,424,541
Deferred outflows - pension contributions	<u>2,431,433</u>	<u>497,917</u>	<u>2,929,350</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>10,337,688</u>	<u>3,016,203</u>	<u>13,353,891</u>

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,828,266	\$ 7,586,166	\$ 9,414,432
Accrued expenses and other	2,403,329	112,746	2,516,075
Accrued interest payable	400,786	21,090	421,876
Compensated absences - current portion	112,380	430,415	542,795
Due to other governments	185,757	264,311	450,068
Bonds payable - current portion	3,965,000	2,248,706	6,213,706
Unearned revenues	4,399,449	1,318,570	5,718,019
Total current liabilities	<u>13,294,967</u>	<u>11,982,004</u>	<u>25,276,971</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Customer deposits	-	734,632	734,632
Compensated absences	1,120,622	33,755	1,154,377
Other postemployment benefit liability	1,172,268	198,071	1,370,339
Net pension liability	24,983,528	8,187,710	33,171,238
Bonds payable, net	38,962,110	11,166,224	50,128,334
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>66,238,528</u>	<u>20,320,392</u>	<u>86,558,920</u>
Total liabilities	<u>79,533,495</u>	<u>32,302,396</u>	<u>111,835,891</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows - pensions	<u>844,379</u>	<u>288,552</u>	<u>1,132,931</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>844,379</u>	<u>288,552</u>	<u>1,132,931</u>
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	<u>195,975,422</u>	<u>177,477,573</u>	<u>373,452,995</u>
Restricted			
Debt service	5,074,974	1,188,061	6,263,035
New growth	1,599,901	-	1,599,901
Renewals and replacements	-	1,590,683	1,590,683
Capital improvements	807,747	-	807,747
Street improvements	7,084,321	-	7,084,321
Pensions	1,791,210	-	1,791,210
Other	442,783	-	442,783
Total restricted	<u>16,800,936</u>	<u>2,778,744</u>	<u>19,579,680</u>
Unrestricted	<u>27,397,280</u>	<u>28,427,793</u>	<u>55,825,073</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 240,173,638</u>	<u>\$ 208,684,110</u>	<u>\$ 448,857,748</u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Statement of Financial Position – Bentonville Library Foundation
December 31, 2016

Assets

Current Assets

Cash	\$ 202,128
------	------------

Total current assets	<u>202,128</u>
----------------------	----------------

Property and Equipment

Land	781,794
------	---------

Improvements	46,134
--------------	--------

Buildings	7,561,978
-----------	-----------

Furniture and equipment	<u>649,984</u>
-------------------------	----------------

	<u>9,039,890</u>
--	------------------

Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,547,794)</u>
-------------------------------	--------------------

	<u>6,492,096</u>
--	------------------

Other Assets

Investment in Endeavor Foundation	277,398
-----------------------------------	---------

Prepaid expenses	<u>5,755</u>
------------------	--------------

	<u>283,153</u>
--	----------------

Total assets	<u>6,977,377</u>
--------------	------------------

Liabilities

Accrued expenses	<u>269</u>
------------------	------------

Total liabilities	<u>269</u>
-------------------	------------

Net Position

Unrestricted	5,700,021
--------------	-----------

Temporarily restricted	<u>1,277,087</u>
------------------------	------------------

Total net position	<u>\$ 6,977,108</u>
--------------------	---------------------

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position						
	Program Revenues				Primary Government		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Government/Programs							
Primary Government							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 7,838,616	\$ 311,264	\$ 527,263	\$ 26,300	\$ (6,973,789)	\$ -	\$ (6,973,789)
Public safety	19,978,800	1,527,968	278,517	120	(18,172,195)	-	(18,172,195)
Recreation	9,126,620	3,269,930	441,333	338,827	(5,076,530)	-	(5,076,530)
Street department	7,950,435	66,379	6,157,877	4,423,523	2,697,344	-	2,697,344
Library	1,505,475	-	5,350	6,770	(1,493,355)	-	(1,493,355)
CDBG	46,716	-	135,296	-	88,580	-	88,580
Interest expense on long-term debt	2,011,778	-	-	-	(2,011,778)	-	(2,011,778)
Total governmental activities	<u>48,458,440</u>	<u>5,175,541</u>	<u>7,545,636</u>	<u>4,795,540</u>	<u>(30,941,723)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(30,941,723)</u>
Business-type Activities:							
Electric	59,066,230	62,539,169	-	113,860	-	3,586,799	3,586,799
Water	11,859,994	10,185,022	134,276	1,089,914	-	(450,782)	(450,782)
Wastewater	8,396,479	13,280,744	3,150	-	-	4,887,415	4,887,415
Sanitation	3,891,758	4,261,907	-	-	-	370,149	370,149
Support	3,268,751	887,122	-	-	-	(2,381,629)	(2,381,629)
Total business-type activities	<u>86,483,212</u>	<u>91,153,964</u>	<u>137,426</u>	<u>1,203,774</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,011,952</u>	<u>6,011,952</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 134,941,652</u>	<u>\$ 96,329,505</u>	<u>\$ 7,683,062</u>	<u>\$ 5,999,314</u>	<u>(30,941,723)</u>	<u>6,011,952</u>	<u>(24,929,771)</u>
General Revenues:							
Property taxes				7,757,246	-	7,757,246	
Sales taxes				30,117,108	-	30,117,108	
State turnback				2,756,242	-	2,756,242	
Franchise taxes				4,788,966	-	4,788,966	
Investment income				61,952	36,505	98,457	
Gain on sales of capital assets				271,855	634,635	906,490	
Transfers				(2,704,809)	2,704,809	-	
Other				5,264,905	275,664	5,540,569	
Total general revenues and transfers				<u>48,313,465</u>	<u>3,651,613</u>	<u>51,965,078</u>	
Change in Net Position				17,371,742	9,663,565	27,035,307	
Net Position, Beginning of Year				<u>222,801,896</u>	<u>199,020,545</u>	<u>421,822,441</u>	
Net Position - End of Year				<u>\$ 240,173,638</u>	<u>\$ 208,684,110</u>	<u>\$ 448,857,748</u>	

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Statement of Activities – Bentonville Library Foundation
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total
Revenues and Support			
Contributions	\$ 116,649	\$ 52,940	\$ 169,589
Rental income	-	-	-
Investment income	52,749	-	52,749
Net assets released from restrictions			
Purpose restrictions accomplished	33,956	(33,956)	-
	<u>203,354</u>	<u>18,984</u>	<u>222,338</u>
Expenses			
Advertising	3,251	-	3,251
Books, subscriptions, reference	33,956	-	33,956
Depreciation	190,920	-	190,920
Investment fees	2,500	-	2,500
Miscellaneous	9,124	-	9,124
Payroll taxes	3,453	-	3,453
Professional fees	35,754	-	35,754
Scholarships	7,000	-	7,000
Supplies	1,138	-	1,138
Telephone and telecommunications	969	-	969
Train station	<u>14,928</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,928</u>
	<u>302,993</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>302,993</u>
Change in Net Position	(99,639)	18,984	(80,655)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	<u>5,799,660</u>	<u>1,258,103</u>	<u>7,057,763</u>
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 5,700,021</u>	<u>\$ 1,277,087</u>	<u>\$ 6,977,108</u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
December 31, 2016

	General	Street	Capital Project	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,400,891	\$ 10,254,980	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,655,871
Certificates of deposit	8,000,000	1,500,000	-	-	-	9,500,000
Accounts receivable:						
Property taxes, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$337,000	5,339,427	1,664,806	-	-	-	7,004,233
Grants and other	2,523,888	1,648,109	-	-	5,145	4,177,142
Due from other funds	1,104,469	225	-	-	-	1,104,694
Prepaid and other	276,989	1,275	-	-	-	278,264
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	990,056	-	1,963,442	4,766,898	1,907,382	9,627,778
Sales tax receivable	177,216	-	-	708,862	-	886,078
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 47,812,936</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 15,069,395</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,963,442</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,475,760</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,912,527</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 72,234,060</u></u>
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 686,298	\$ 979,245	\$ 35,854	\$ -	\$ 126,869	\$ 1,828,266
Due to other funds	291,633	492,757	-	-	-	784,390
Due to other governments	-	-	-	-	185,757	185,757
Accrued expenditures and other	1,550,759	852,570	-	-	-	2,403,329
Comopensated absences	105,041	7,339	-	-	-	112,380
Unearned revenues	412,367	3,987,082	-	-	-	4,399,449
Total liabilities	<u><u>3,046,098</u></u>	<u><u>6,318,993</u></u>	<u><u>35,854</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>312,626</u></u>	<u><u>9,713,571</u></u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	<u><u>5,339,427</u></u>	<u><u>1,664,806</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>7,004,233</u></u>
Fund balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid expenditures	276,989	1,275	-	-	-	278,264
Restricted						
Debt service	-	-	-	5,475,760	-	5,475,760
General capital improvements	631,806	-	1,927,588	-	-	2,559,394
New growth	-	-	-	-	1,599,901	1,599,901
Street improvements	-	7,084,321	-	-	-	7,084,321
Other	358,250	-	-	-	-	358,250
Unassigned	<u><u>38,160,366</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>38,160,366</u></u>
Total fund balances	<u><u>39,427,411</u></u>	<u><u>7,085,596</u></u>	<u><u>1,927,588</u></u>	<u><u>5,475,760</u></u>	<u><u>1,599,901</u></u>	<u><u>55,516,256</u></u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u><u>\$ 47,812,936</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 15,069,395</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,963,442</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,475,760</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,912,527</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 72,234,060</u></u>

Total fund balances - governmental funds \$ 55,516,256

**Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position
are different because:**

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds. 236,972,944

Net pension assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 1,791,210

Property tax revenues that do not provide current financial resources at the fund level on the modified accrual basis are reported as revenues on the full accrual basis in the government-wide statements. 7,004,233

Deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 9,493,309

Liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the fund statements:

Accrued interest payable (400,786)

Accrued compensated absences (1,120,622)

Net pension liabilities (24,983,528)

Other postemployment benefits liability (1,172,268)

Bonds payable, net of premiums and discounts (42,927,110)

Total net position - governmental activities \$ 240,173,638

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –
Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	General	Street	Capital Project	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Property tax	\$ 5,458,356	\$ 1,697,263	\$ -	\$ 9,174,265	\$ -	\$ 7,155,619
Sales tax	20,942,843	-	-	-	-	30,117,108
State turnback	1,208,844	1,547,398	-	-	-	2,756,242
Impact fees	-	-	-	-	1,861,178	1,861,178
Franchise taxes	4,788,966	-	-	-	-	4,788,966
Charges for services	5,109,162	34,172	-	-	-	5,143,334
Fines and forfeitures	511,851	-	-	-	-	511,851
Licenses and permits	1,322,683	-	-	-	-	1,322,683
Grants	1,275,759	6,157,877	-	-	-	7,433,636
Contributions	484,017	3,110,904	-	-	-	3,594,921
Interest	34,491	9,137	9,920	8,404	-	61,952
Miscellaneous	691,730	858,983	-	19,235	-	1,569,948
Total revenues	<u>41,828,702</u>	<u>13,415,734</u>	<u>9,920</u>	<u>9,201,904</u>	<u>1,861,178</u>	<u>66,317,438</u>
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	6,644,627	-	19,235	-	-	6,663,862
Public safety	17,146,737	-	-	-	-	17,146,737
Recreation	7,252,049	-	-	-	-	7,252,049
Street Department	-	2,467,752	-	-	-	2,467,752
Library	1,256,940	-	-	-	-	1,256,940
CDBG	46,716	-	-	-	-	46,716
Capital outlay	5,187,669	14,233,553	5,468,121	-	-	24,889,343
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	7,035,000	-	7,035,000
Interest	-	-	-	2,037,961	-	2,037,961
Total expenditures	<u>37,534,738</u>	<u>16,701,305</u>	<u>5,487,356</u>	<u>9,072,961</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>68,796,360</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>4,293,964</u>	<u>(3,285,571)</u>	<u>(5,477,436)</u>	<u>128,943</u>	<u>1,861,178</u>	<u>(2,478,922)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of capital assets	161,330	-	-	-	-	161,330
Transfers in	367,845	-	-	-	-	367,845
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	(3,072,654)	(3,072,654)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>529,175</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,072,654)</u>	<u>(2,543,479)</u>
Change in Fund Balances	<u>4,823,139</u>	<u>(3,285,571)</u>	<u>(5,477,436)</u>	<u>128,943</u>	<u>(1,211,476)</u>	<u>(5,022,401)</u>
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	<u>34,604,272</u>	<u>10,371,167</u>	<u>7,405,024</u>	<u>5,346,817</u>	<u>2,811,377</u>	<u>60,538,657</u>
Fund Balances, End of Year	<u><u>\$ 39,427,411</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 7,085,596</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,927,588</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,475,760</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,599,901</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 55,516,256</u></u>

Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds \$ (5,022,401)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental Funds do not report capital contributions and they report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital asset purchases	24,887,341
Capital contributions	1,312,619
Depreciation expense	(9,680,506)
Capital asset disposals	(23,226)
Unearned revenue on sale/leaseback	133,851

Reductions in bond principal reported as expenditures for the funds are not reported as expenses in the statement of activities. 7,035,000

Property tax revenues reported in the statement of activities are not available soon after year end and therefore are not considered current financial resources and are not recognized in the fund financial statements in the current year. This is the change in the amount of deferred property tax revenues reported in the governmental fund statements.

601,627

Deferred inflows/outflows related to the net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These amounts are amortized into pension expense in future periods. This is the amount by which the deferred inflows/outflows changed during the current year. 6,366,680

Expenses for pensions and other postemployment benefit liabilities reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements in the current year. This is the change in the amount of the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities and net pension asset reported in the governmental fund statements. (8,216,092)

Accrued expenses, such as compensated absences, interest, amortization of bond discounts and premiums, etc., reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore, are not expenditures in the funds. This is the net change in accrued expenses. (23,151)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 17,371,742

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds December 31, 2016

Assets	Business-type Activity – Enterprise Fund
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,722,171
Certificates of deposit	9,000,000
Accounts receivable (customer accounts), net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$271,000	8,581,799
Due from other funds	6,884
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,590,683
Inventories	<u>2,799,569</u>
	<u>45,701,106</u>
Total currents assets	<u>45,701,106</u>
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,943,783
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$77,649,406	190,892,504
Other assets	<u>48,650</u>
	<u>192,884,937</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>192,884,937</u>
Total assets	<u>238,586,043</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,518,286
Deferred outflows - pension contributions	<u>497,917</u>
	<u>3,016,203</u>

Liabilities	Business-type Activity – Enterprise Fund
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 7,586,166
Accrued expenses and other	174,355
Accrued interest payable	21,090
Due to other funds	327,188
Due to other governments	264,311
Bonds payable - current portion	2,248,706
Unearned revenue	1,256,961
	<hr/>
Total current liabilities	11,878,777
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Customer deposits	734,632
Compensated absences	464,170
Other postemployment benefit liability	198,071
Net pension liability	8,187,710
Bonds payable, net of unamortized premium and discount	11,166,224
	<hr/>
Total noncurrent liabilities	20,750,807
	<hr/>
Total liabilities	32,629,584
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	288,552
	<hr/>
Total deferred inflows of resources	288,552
	<hr/>
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	177,477,573
Restricted	
Debt service	1,188,061
Renewals and replacements	1,590,683
Unrestricted	28,427,793
	<hr/>
Total net position	\$ 208,684,110

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in
Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	<u>Business-type Activity – Enterprise Fund</u>
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 90,991,799
Miscellaneous	<u>575,255</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>91,567,054</u>
Operating Expenses	
Salaries and fringe benefits	8,756,078
Contract purchases	61,388,573
Maintenance	1,897,200
Depreciation and amortization	6,482,912
Materials and supplies	1,109,053
Other services and charges	<u>6,251,759</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>85,885,575</u>
Operating Income	<u>5,681,479</u>
Nonoperating Income (Expenses)	
Interest income	36,505
Bond interest and fiscal agent charges	(597,637)
Gain on sale of capital assets	<u>634,635</u>
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	<u>73,503</u>
Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	5,754,982
Capital Contributions	1,203,774
Transfers	
Transfers in	<u>2,704,809</u>
Change in Net Position	9,663,565
Net Position, Beginning of Year	<u>199,020,545</u>
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 208,684,110</u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Business-type Activity – Enterprise Fund
Operating Activities	
Receipts from customers	\$ 91,026,091
Other receipts	575,255
Payments to suppliers	(61,968,204)
Payments to employees	(8,503,618)
Other payments	<u>(5,487,756)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>15,641,768</u>
Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfer from other funds	<u>2,704,809</u>
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u>2,704,809</u>
Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Purchase and construction of capital assets	(19,483,631)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	214,674
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(2,170,929)
Interest and agent fees paid on revenue bonds	<u>(596,020)</u>
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	<u>(22,035,906)</u>
Investing Activities	
Proceeds from sale of investments	2,271,578
Interest income	<u>36,505</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>2,308,083</u>
Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,381,246)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	<u>28,637,883</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 27,256,637</u>

**Business-type
Activity –
Enterprise Fund**

**Cash and Cash Equivalents of Proprietary Funds, as presented on the
"Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds," is as follows:**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,722,171
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current	1,590,683
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - noncurrent	<u>1,943,783</u>
	<u><u>\$ 27,256,637</u></u>

**Reconciliation of Operating Income to
to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities**

Operating income	\$ 5,681,479
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization expense	6,482,912
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Receivables, net	34,292
Due to/due from other funds, net	501,253
Other assets	2,316
Inventories	29,238
Accounts payable	2,397,384
Accrued expenses	46,544
Due to other governments	35,400
Deferred revenue	226,265
Other liabilities	<u>204,685</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u><u>\$ 15,641,768</u></u>

Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities

Capital assets acquired through contributions	\$ 1,203,774
---	--------------

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Bentonville, Arkansas (the “City”), is a municipal corporation operating under the authority of Arkansas state statute. The City operates under an elected mayor-council form of government. Eight elected council members and the Mayor set policy of the City. The accounting and reporting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the City:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the City of Bentonville, Arkansas. The component unit (Bentonville Library Foundation) is a legally separate entity and is considered to be financially accountable to the City. To be financially accountable, the City must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

The City’s primary government consists of those funds or organizations that make up the legal entity for which it is financially responsible. Under this criteria, the following is included in the primary government reporting entity:

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Bentonville Library Foundation (the Foundation) is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the City that was created during 2004. The Foundation’s primary function is to raise and hold funds to support the City library and its programs. The board of the Foundation is self-perpetuating and consists of citizens and friends of the library.

Although the City does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of the Foundation’s resources and related income are restricted by donors for the benefit of the City. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the library (which is included in the general fund of the City), the Foundation is considered a component unit of the City and is discretely presented in the City’s financial statements. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Foundation.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

The Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958, Not-for-Profit Entities. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's statements in the City's financial reporting entity for these differences.

Joint Venture

The City is a participant with nine Northwest Arkansas cities in a joint venture to operate Northwest Arkansas Conservation Authority (NACA), an organization whose purpose is to develop and implement cost-effective regional solutions to the challenges of providing environmentally sound wastewater and biosolids infrastructure and watershed management. NACA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of 13 members appointed by the member cities. In order for NACA to secure financing of its wastewater treatment facility, the City entered into a service agreement with NACA in January 2006 committing the City to procuring NACA's services for 15 years or until the revenue bonds issued by NACA are retired. As of December 31, 2016, NACA has revenue bonds outstanding of \$59,960,803, with a final maturity date in March 2048. Service charges to the City are determined by rates based upon the actual costs incurred by NACA, including a proportional share of its overhead expenses attributable to the facility and debt service. During 2016, the City was NACA's primary customer and paid service charges to NACA in the amount of \$5,046,083, of which \$438,520 is payable at year end. As of December 31, 2016, NACA reported an increase in Net Position of \$325,181. Complete financial statements for NACA can be obtained from NACA's administrative office at 11579 Snavely Road, Bentonville, AR 72712.

Related Organization

The City's Mayor and Council are also responsible for appointing members of the board of the Advertising and Promotions Commission, but the accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments. The financial operations of this related organization has not been included in the City's basic financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements as follows:

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the City. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. This elimination has taken place in the process of incorporating fund data into the government-wide financial statements, and not in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or identifiable activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly associated with a specific function or identifiable activity. Expenses that cannot be specifically identified to a particular function are charged to funds based on time spent for that function and are included in the functional categories. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or identifiable activity and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program or identifiable activity.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each governmental and proprietary fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and major enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All other governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the *general fund, street fund, capital project fund and debt service fund* as its major governmental funds. The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for services and interest income. The street fund accounts for gasoline and road taxes received from the state and county levies. Revenues are expended for maintenance and repair of streets and sidewalks. The capital project fund accounts for the resources accumulated from the Series 2007, 2009 and 2010 sales and use tax bonds of the City that are restricted for use in financing the costs of various capital improvement projects. The debt service fund accounts for financial resources that are restricted for principal and interest-related costs as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

The City reports one major *enterprise fund*. It accounts for the City's combined electric, water, sewer and sanitation system, whose operations are financed primarily through user charges.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Funds

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

In proprietary funds, operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the principal ongoing operations of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating items.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes; city and county sales tax; grants, entitlements and similar items; and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period in which the taxes are levied. City and county sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and permits and fines and forfeitures are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted. Grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as deferred revenues. Grants and similar aid to other organizations are recognized as expenses as soon as recipients have met all eligibility requirements. Amounts paid before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as prepaid items.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The City considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, federal funds, local funds and investment earnings. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences and obligations for worker's compensation and other post-employment benefits which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due. Pension expenditures are recognized when amounts are due to a plan.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2016, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market accounts with brokers.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are carried at amortized cost. Investment income includes interest and dividend income for the year and is assigned to funds with which the related investment asset is associated.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. The property tax is considered due the first Monday in January (the lien date) after the levy; however, the tax is not considered delinquent until October 16 of that year. As a result, the majority of the tax is not collected within the time frame necessary to finance the liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are measurable when levied even though not available. Accordingly, property taxes receivable of \$7,004,233 and related deferred inflows of resources have been recorded at December 31, 2016, in the governmental funds. Benton County is the collecting agent and remits collections to the City, net of a collection fee, on a monthly basis.

The appraised value of taxable property upon which the property tax is levied is determined by the county assessor. The assessor estimates full market value of the property and applies a statutory rate of 20 percent to arrive at assessed value.

Unbilled Revenue

The City bills customers for electric, water and sewer services after usage based upon meter readings made during the month. The City records a receivable for unbilled revenue at December 31 for estimated usage for which bills have not been sent.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid items in governmental funds are accounted for under the consumption method.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value on the date of donation.

Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial value or cost greater than or equal to \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Exceptions are for infrastructure assets which are defined as having a constructed cost greater than \$50,000.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Water distribution facilities	50
Sewer and solid waste collection and treatment facilities	15–50
Electric distribution facilities	15–40
Building and improvements	40
Furniture and equipment	7–15
Vehicles	5

Depreciation expense is charged directly to the department/function based on the department that utilizes the related asset.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include amounts that have been received before all eligibility requirements have been met. These amounts are recorded as a liability in both the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet until such requirements are met, at which point they will be recorded as revenue.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure/reduction of liability) until then.

The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Each of the two items are related to pensions, with one being the amount of contributions made to the pension plans after the measurement date, and the other comprised of the difference in investment experience between actual earnings and projected earnings on pension plan investments, differences between expected an actual experience of the total pension liability, changes of assumptions, changes in proportion for cost-sharing plans and changes in proportion allocated to funds for the APERS plan. Deferred outflows related to contributions made after the measurement date will be used in the next year to reduce net pension liability or increase net pension asset. The remaining amounts will be amortized to pension expense over future periods as shown within *Note 7*.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet – governmental funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two items that qualify as deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2016. The items reported in the statements are unavailable revenues in the governmental funds balance sheet and deferred inflows - pensions in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statement of net position. Unavailable revenue arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting and qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, this item is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes and grant receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The other item, deferred inflows - pensions, consists of the difference between the expected and actual experience related to the pension plans, changes in proportion for cost-sharing plans as well as the changes in proportion allocated to funds for the APERS plan. Deferred inflows - pensions are amortized to pension expense over future periods as shown within *Note 7*.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the columns for governmental activities and business-type activities. These amounts are also reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Debt premiums, discounts and deferred gains on refundings are generally deferred and amortized using the effective interest rate method. Long-term debt is reported net of the unamortized gain on refunding and bond issue premium or discount. In the government wide statements, debt issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued and premiums received are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

The City grants vacation to all full-time employees based on continuous service. The cost of vacation (and sick pay for certain employee classifications) is accrued when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and reported as accrued expenses. In governmental funds, amounts accrued are expected to be liquidated with available financial resources and are reported as an expenditure and are included in accrued liabilities in the financial statements and reported as accrued expenditures. For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund, the Local Police and Fire Retirement System and the Arkansas Public Employee's Retirement System (together, the Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the City's governmental funds are displayed in three components:

Nonspendable - Nonspendable fund balances are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Restricted fund balances may be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The City considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

Net Position

Net position of the City is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Restricted net position is noncapital assets that must be used for a particular purpose as specified by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any related borrowings. Unrestricted net position is the remaining assets less remaining liabilities that do not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City had nonrecurring fair value measurements during 2016 for infrastructure capital assets contributed to the City from developers. The contributed assets were recorded at acquisition values totaling \$2,516,393 based upon the costs to construct by the developers (Level 3 inputs)

Budgetary Information

Annual budget are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general and street fund. All annual appropriations lapse at year end and are re-established in the succeeding year.

Adoption of Accounting Principles

GASB Statement No. 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application

The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, for 2016. The statement enhances comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. The Statement also enhances fair value application guidance and related disclosures in order to provide information to financial statement users about the impact of fair value measurements on a government's financial position.

Implementation of GASB 72 has resulted in more expanded disclosures as they relate to contributed capital assets received by the City, however, the Statement had no impact on any amounts reported by the City within any of the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

The GASB has issued the following statements which the City has not yet adopted and which require adoption subsequent to December 31, 2016:

GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75): GASB 75 replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. GASB 75 requires governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements, in accordance with the following:

- Employers that are responsible only for OPEB liabilities for their own employees and that provide OPEB through a defined benefit OPEB plan administered through a trust that meets specified criteria will report a net OPEB liability (the difference between the total OPEB liability and the assets accumulated in trust to make the benefit payments)
- Employers that participate in a cost-sharing OPEB plan that is administered through a trust that meets specified criteria will report a liability equal to the employer's proportionate share for the collective OPEB liability for all employers participating in the plan
- Employers that do not provide OPEB through a trust that meets specified criteria will report the total OPEB liability for their own employees

GASB 75 requires more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI) about the OPEB liabilities. GASB 75 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Therefore, the statement will be effective for the City's year ending December 31, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 80 – *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14* (GASB 80): GASB 80 clarifies the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units, amending the blending requirements established by paragraph 53 of GASB 44, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to GASB 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 81 – *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements* (GASB 81): GASB 81 provides recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which the government is a beneficiary of an irrevocable split-interest agreement. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and should be applied retroactively. The City does not currently have any irrevocable split-interest agreements and, therefore, does not believe that this statement will have any potential impact on its financial statements.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

GASB Statement No. 82 – *Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73* (GASB 82): GASB 82 addresses issues regarding the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes and the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except in certain circumstances which extend the application date to the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. The City has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, that this statement could have on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 83 – *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* (GASB 83): GASB 83 addresses issues in accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs), including establishing criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, with earlier application encouraged. The City has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, that this statement could have on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 84 – *Fiduciary Activities* (GASB 84): GASB 84 provides for greater consistency and comparability by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with earlier application encouraged. The City has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, that this statement could have on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 85 – *Omnibus 2017* (GASB 85): GASB 85 addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB standards and addresses a variety of topics, including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and postemployment benefits. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017, with earlier application encouraged. The City has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, that this statement could have on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 86 – *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues* (GASB 86): GASB 86 improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets – acquired with only existing resources – resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt – are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017, with earlier application encouraged. The City has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, that this statement could have on its financial statements.

The effect of these statements on the City has not been determined, but could have a significant impact on the City's overall net position.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Note 2: Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires that deposits in financial institutions be collateralized with federal depository insurance and other acceptable collateral in specific amounts. No legal opinion has been obtained regarding the enforceability of any of the collateral arrangements.

At December 31, 2016, the City had bank balances of \$87,651,288 that were all insured (FDIC) or collateralized with securities held by the City or the City's agent in the City's name. The carrying value of these deposits as of December 31, 2016, was \$87,093,659.

Investments

Arkansas statutes authorize the City to invest in direct obligations of the U. S. government; obligations on which the principal and interest are fully guaranteed, or are fully secured, insured, or covered by commitments or agreements to purchase by the U. S. government; obligations of agencies and instrumentalities created by act of the United States Congress and authorized thereby to issue securities or evidence of indebtedness, regardless of guarantee of repayment by the U.S. government; obligations of political subdivisions of the United States; certain obligations issued by the State Board of Education; short-term warrants of political subdivisions of the State of Arkansas and municipalities; the sale of federal funds with a maturity of not more than one business day; demand, savings or time deposits fully insured by a federal deposit insurance agency; repurchase agreements that are fully insured by obligations of the U. S. government, any U. S. state or any political subdivision thereof; securities of, or other interest in, any open-end type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, and which is considered a money market fund, provided that the portfolio is limited principally to U. S. government obligations and the investment company or trust takes delivery of collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian; and bank certificates of deposit. Arkansas statutes also authorize the City to invest no more than 20 percent of its capital base in corporate debt obligations; revenue bond issues of any U. S. state, municipality, or political subdivision; industrial development bonds for corporate obligors issued through any U. S. state or political subdivision; securities or interest in an open-end or closed-end management type investment company or trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with certain limitations; securities or interests issued, assumed, or guaranteed by certain international banks; and uninsured demand, savings, or time deposits or accounts of any depository institution chartered by the United States, any U. S. state, or the District of Columbia.

Investments at December 31, 2016, consisted of the following:

Type	Fair Value	Maturities in Years			
		Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10
Money market mutual funds	\$ 7,939,491	\$ 7,939,491	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Interest Rate Risk – The City’s investment policy does not specifically address interest rate risk. The pension fund investment policy does not specifically address interest rate risk.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City’s investment policy does not specifically address credit risk.

The pension fund investment policy limits its investments in fixed income securities and preferred shares to a rating of “investment grade” by Moody’s Investors Service and Standard & Poor’s.

Investment Type	Rating Agency	Rating
Money Market Mutual Funds	S&P/Moody's	AAA/Aaa

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. While the City’s investment policy does not directly address custodial credit risk, all investments held by the City or by an agent of the City in the City’s name are insured or collateralized or limited to Treasury Fund Money Markets.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown above are included in the financial statements as follows:

Carrying value	
Deposits	\$ 87,093,659
Cash on hand	7,136
Investments	<u>7,939,491</u>
	<u>\$ 95,040,286</u>

Included in the following statement of net position captions

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 63,378,042
Certificates of deposit	18,500,000
Restricted cash and cash equivalents – current	10,860,211
Restricted cash and cash equivalents – noncurrent	<u>2,302,033</u>
	<u>\$ 95,040,286</u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2016, is presented below:

Governmental Activities	Balance, December 31, 2015	Additions and Transfers, Net	Retirements and Transfers, Net	Balance, December 31, 2016
Capital assets, non-depreciable				
Land	<u>\$ 8,903,448</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,903,448</u>
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	<u>8,903,448</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,903,448</u>
Capital assets, depreciable				
Other improvements	<u>73,116,922</u>	<u>2,594,721</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>75,711,643</u>
Streets	<u>144,904,750</u>	<u>14,850,705</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>159,755,455</u>
Buildings	<u>41,367,143</u>	<u>6,450,515</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>47,817,658</u>
Furniture, fixtures & equipment	<u>28,394,819</u>	<u>2,304,019</u>	<u>471,209</u>	<u>30,227,629</u>
Total capital assets, depreciable	<u>287,783,634</u>	<u>26,199,960</u>	<u>471,209</u>	<u>313,512,385</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Other improvements	<u>18,648,303</u>	<u>2,600,464</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,248,767</u>
Streets	<u>34,461,540</u>	<u>3,605,908</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>38,067,448</u>
Buildings	<u>6,638,669</u>	<u>1,115,808</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,754,477</u>
Furniture, fixtures & equipment	<u>16,461,854</u>	<u>2,358,326</u>	<u>447,983</u>	<u>18,372,197</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>76,210,366</u>	<u>9,680,506</u>	<u>447,983</u>	<u>85,442,889</u>
Total governmental activities, net	<u>\$ 220,476,716</u>	<u>\$ 16,519,454</u>	<u>\$ 23,226</u>	<u>\$ 236,972,944</u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Business-type Activities	Balance, December 31, 2015	Additions and Transfers, Net	Retirements and Transfers, Net	Balance, December 31, 2016
Capital assets, non-depreciable				
Land	\$ 8,226,205	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,226,205
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	<u>8,226,205</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,226,205</u>
Capital assets, depreciable				
Other improvements	1,693,208	346,495	-	2,039,703
Water distribution facilities	64,671,696	1,164,361	-	65,836,057
Sewer and solid waste collection and treatment facilities	74,975,113	2,292,809	-	77,267,922
Electric distribution facilities	74,865,829	3,142,535	-	78,008,364
Buildings	2,157,328	12,928,585	-	15,085,913
Furniture and equipment	18,387,271	451,535	-	18,838,806
Vehicles	<u>2,964,333</u>	<u>354,617</u>	<u>80,010</u>	<u>3,238,940</u>
Total capital assets, depreciable	<u>239,714,778</u>	<u>20,680,937</u>	<u>80,010</u>	<u>260,315,705</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Other improvements	220,897	58,277	-	279,174
Water distribution facilities	19,752,745	1,298,225	-	21,050,970
Sewer and solid waste collection and treatment facilities	23,616,461	1,587,785	-	25,204,246
Electric distribution facilities	18,278,168	1,819,137	-	20,097,305
Buildings	371,648	217,378	-	589,026
Furniture and equipment	6,652,982	1,238,304	-	7,891,286
Vehicles	<u>2,360,071</u>	<u>257,338</u>	<u>80,010</u>	<u>2,537,399</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>71,252,972</u>	<u>6,476,444</u>	<u>80,010</u>	<u>77,649,406</u>
Total business-type activities, net	<u>\$ 176,688,011</u>	<u>\$ 14,204,493</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 190,892,504</u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Component Unit	Balance, December 31, 2015	Additions and Transfers, Net	Retirements and Transfers, Net	Balance, December 31, 2016
Capital assets, non-depreciable				
Land	\$ 781,794	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 781,794
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	<u>781,794</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>781,794</u>
Capital assets, depreciable				
Buildings	7,561,978	-	-	7,561,978
Improvements	38,320	7,818	-	46,138
Furniture and equipment	<u>649,983</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>649,983</u>
Total capital assets, depreciable	<u>8,250,281</u>	<u>7,818</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,258,099</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	1,699,039	189,587	-	1,888,626
Improvements	8,796	958	-	9,754
Furniture and equipment	<u>649,042</u>	<u>375</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>649,417</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>2,356,877</u>	<u>190,920</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,547,797</u>
Total component unit, net	<u>\$ 6,675,198</u>	<u>\$ (183,102)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,492,096</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 884,218
Public safety	1,562,554
Recreation	1,647,865
Street department	5,384,225
Library	<u>201,644</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>9,680,506</u>
Business-type	
Electric	2,472,507
Water	1,490,360
Waste water	720,225
Sanitation	1,124,650
Support	<u>668,702</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>6,476,444</u>
Total depreciation expense, primary government	<u>\$ 16,156,950</u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Construction Projects

At December 31, 2016, the City had the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects. These projects are being funded with bond proceeds.

Governmental Fund Construction Projects

	Project Authorization	Expended Through December 31, 2016	Remaining Commitment
Elm Tree Road/Highway 72 Intersection	\$ 943,159	\$ -	\$ 943,159
8th Street Improvements	8,502,261	1,418,659	7,083,602
NW 3rd Phase 3	1,300,000	1,164,532	135,468
Highway 102/I-49 Intersection	<u>1,515,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,515,000</u>
 Total	 <u>\$ 12,260,420</u>	 <u>\$ 2,583,191</u>	 <u>\$ 9,677,229</u>

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2016, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance December 31, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31, 2016	Amounts Due in One Year
Bonds payable					
Revenue bonds	\$ 49,700,000	\$ -	\$ 7,035,000	\$ 42,665,000	\$ 3,965,000
Add unamortized premium	780,020	-	65,862	714,158	-
Less unamortized bond issue discount	<u>493,007</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,959</u>	<u>452,048</u>	<u>-</u>
Bonds payable, net	49,987,013	-	7,059,903	42,927,110	3,965,000
Compensated absences	1,192,284	959,378	918,660	1,233,002	112,380
Net pension liability	17,577,392	7,406,136	-	24,983,528	-
Other postemployment benefits	<u>888,944</u>	<u>370,370</u>	<u>87,046</u>	<u>1,172,268</u>	<u>-</u>
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u><u>\$ 69,645,633</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,735,884</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,065,609</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 70,315,908</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 4,077,380</u></u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Business-type Activities	Balance December 31, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31, 2016	Amounts Due in One Year
Bonds payable					
Revenue bonds	\$ 15,610,340	\$ -	\$ 2,170,911	\$ 13,439,429	\$ 2,248,706
Less unamortized bond issue discount	30,947	-	6,448	24,499	-
Bonds payable, net	15,579,393	-	2,164,463	13,414,930	2,248,706
Compensated absences	474,992	387,202	398,024	464,170	430,415
Net pension liability	6,194,316	1,993,394		8,187,710	-
Other postemployment benefits	171,561	41,272	14,762	198,071	-
Customer deposits	735,863	-	1,231	734,632	-
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 23,156,125</u>	<u>\$ 2,421,868</u>	<u>\$ 2,578,480</u>	<u>\$ 22,999,513</u>	<u>\$ 2,679,121</u>

Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2016, were as follows:

	Interest Rates	Date Callable	Final Maturity Date	Principal at December 31, 2016
General long-term obligations				
Sales and Use Tax bonds, Series 2007	4.0–5.0%	2017	2027	\$ 11,985,000
Sales and Use Tax bonds, Series 2009	4.0–5.0%	2017	2027	16,970,000
Sales and Use Tax bonds, Series 2010	2.0–4.0%	2017	2027	13,710,000
				<u>\$ 42,665,000</u>
Enterprise funds				
Revenue bonds, Series 2006A	2.25%	2016	2028	\$ 4,995,785
Revenue bonds, Series 2006B	5.2–5.9%	2013	2025	1,495,000
Revenue bonds, Series 2005	2.4–4%	2010	2019	4,140,000
Revenue bonds, Series 2000	2.75%	N/A	2023	2,198,969
Revenue bonds, Series 1998	2.75%	2009	2021	609,675
				<u>\$ 13,439,429</u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Sales and Use Tax Bonds, Series 2010 – On November 1, 2010, the City issued \$21,505,000 Sales and Use Tax bonds for the purpose of financing the costs of various capital improvements, providing for a debt service reserve and paying costs incidental thereto and to the issuance of the bonds. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 2.0% - 4.0%. During 2016, the City retired \$1,645,000 in principal of the outstanding bonds.

Sales and Use Tax Bonds, Series 2009 – On October 27, 2009, the City issued \$30,000,000 Sales and Use Tax bonds for the purpose of financing the costs of various capital improvements, providing for a debt service reserve and paying costs incidental thereto and to the issuance of the bonds. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 4.0% - 5.0%. During 2016, the City retired \$2,335,000 in principal of the outstanding bonds.

Sales and Use Tax Bonds, Series 2007 – On October 9, 2007, the City issued \$36,335,000 Sales and Use Tax bonds for the purpose of financing the costs of various capital improvements, providing for a debt service reserve and paying costs incidental thereto and to the issuance of the bonds. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 4.0% - 5.0%. During 2016, the City retired \$3,055,000 in principal of the outstanding bonds.

Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A – On January 10, 2006, the City issued \$9,708,500 Combined Electric, Water and Sewer bonds for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of the construction of improvements to the water facilities of the City's combined Electric, Water, and Sewer system (the System). The bonds are not a general obligation of the City, but are secured by a pledge of and are payable from revenues of the System. The City entered into an agreement with the Arkansas Development Finance Authority ("ADFA") whereby ADFA agreed to purchase up to the par amount of the bonds. The bonds were issued in increments that corresponded to the construction activity. The bonds are subordinate to the Series 2005, Series 1999, Series 1998 and Series 1992. The bonds bear interest at 2.25% and the City is required to pay the bond servicer (ADFA) a servicing fee of 1% per annum on the outstanding principal of the bonds. During 2016, the City retired \$341,240 in principal of the outstanding bonds.

Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B – On April 1, 2006, the City issued \$2,600,000 in Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing extensions, betterments and improvements to the water facilities of the System, fund a debt service reserve, and pay costs of issuing the Bonds. The bonds are not a general obligation of the City, but are secured by a pledge of and are payable from revenues of the System. The bonds are subordinate to the Series 2006A, Series 2005, Series 1999, Series 1998 and Series 1992. The bonds bear an interest rate ranging from 5.2% to 5.9%. During 2016, the City retired \$125,000 in principal of the outstanding bonds.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2005 – On April 1, 2005, the City issued \$8,990,000 in Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing extensions, betterments and improvements to the electric and sewer facilities of the System, fund a debt service reserve, and pay costs of issuing the Bonds. The bonds are not a general obligation of the City, but are secured by a pledge of and are payable from revenues of the System. The bonds are subordinate to the Series 1999 bonds. The bonds bear an interest rate ranging from 2.4% to 4%. During 2016, the City retired \$1,275,000 in principal of the outstanding bonds.

Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000 – On June 13, 2000, the City issued \$5,500,000 in Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue bonds for the purpose of planning, design, construction and/or rehabilitation of the wastewater treatment facilities. The bonds are not a general obligation of the City, but are secured by a pledge of and are payable from revenues of the System. The City entered into an agreement with ADFA whereby ADFA agreed to purchase up to the par amount of the bonds. The bonds were issued in increments that corresponded to the construction activity. The bonds are subordinate to the Series 1999, Series 1998 and Series 1992 bonds. The bonds bear interest at 2.75% and the City is required to pay the bond servicer (ADFA) a servicing fee of 1% per annum on the outstanding principal of the bonds. During 2016, the City retired \$302,359 in principal of the outstanding bonds.

Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 – On October 27, 1998, the City issued \$2,150,000 in Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue bonds for the purpose of planning, design and construction of wastewater treatment facilities. The bonds are not a general obligation of the City, but are secured by a pledge of and are payable from revenues of the System. The City entered into an agreement with ADFA whereby ADFA agreed to purchase up to the par amount of the bonds. The bonds were issued in increments that corresponded to the construction activity. The bonds are subordinate to the Series 1999 and Series 1992 bonds. The bonds bear interest at 2.75% and the City is required to pay the bond servicer (ADFA) a servicing fee of 1% per annum on the outstanding principal of the bonds. During 2016, the City retired \$127,312 in principal of the outstanding bonds.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2016.

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Fees
2017	\$ 6,213,706	\$ 2,845,780	\$ 77,387
2018	6,456,965	2,616,202	69,380
2019	6,716,236	2,361,902	61,090
2020	5,506,555	2,088,961	52,501
2021	5,644,402	1,862,179	43,607
2022-2026	22,715,808	5,716,002	117,757
2027-2031	<u>2,850,757</u>	<u>390,038</u>	<u>12,394</u>
	<u>\$ 56,104,429</u>	<u>\$ 17,881,064</u>	<u>\$ 434,116</u>

For governmental activities, net pension obligations and other postemployment obligations have historically been the responsibility of the General Fund.

The following is a summary of pledged revenues of the City for the year ended December 31, 2016:

Debt	Revenue Pledged	Total Pledged Revenue	Portion of Pledged Revenue Stream	Percentage Portion of Pledged Revenue Stream	Remaining Principal, Interest and Fees	Period Revenue Will Not Be Available for Other Purposes
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>						
Sales and Use Tax Bonds, Series 2010	Sales and Use Tax	\$ 30,117,108	\$ 2,238,968	7.4%	\$ 18,025,840	Until 2027
Sales and Use Tax Bonds, Series 2009	Sales and Use Tax	30,117,108	3,275,889	10.9%	22,621,066	Until 2027
Sales and Use Tax Bonds, Series 2007	Sales and Use Tax	30,117,108	4,081,963	13.6%	18,065,181	Until 2025
<u>Business-Type Activities:</u>						
Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A	Revenues of the Enterprise Fund	92,238,194	513,800	0.6%	6,128,090	Until 2028
Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B	Revenues of the Enterprise Fund	92,238,194	219,665	0.2%	1,967,202	Until 2025
Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2005	Revenues of the Enterprise Fund	92,238,194	1,491,000	1.6%	4,476,200	Until 2019
Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2000	Revenues of the Enterprise Fund	92,238,194	395,228	0.4%	2,527,118	Until 2023
Combined Electric, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1998	Revenues of the Enterprise Fund	92,238,194	154,555	0.2%	673,854	Until 2021

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Note 5: Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables as of December 31, 2016, are as follows:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
General fund	\$ 1,104,469	\$ 291,633
Street fund	225	492,757
Enterprise fund	<u>6,884</u>	<u>327,188</u>
	<u><u>\$ 1,111,578</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,111,578</u></u>

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made.

Note 6: Interfund Transfers

Amount of interfund transfers between funds are summarized as follows:

	Transfers	Transfers
	In	Out
General fund	\$ 367,845	\$ -
Non-major governmental funds	-	3,072,654
Enterprise fund	<u>2,704,809</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 3,072,654</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,072,654</u></u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund where collected to the appropriate fund.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Note 7: Pension Plans

The City of Bentonville, Arkansas participates in three defined benefit pension plans; which are comprised of one agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan and two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, each of which are described and illustrated in detail below. Aggregate amounts for the three pension plans are as follows:

	FRPF	LOPFI	APERS	Total
Net pension asset	\$ 1,791,210	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,791,210
Net pension liability	-	13,330,612	19,840,626	33,171,238
Deferred outflows of resources	541,488	3,887,549	5,995,504	10,424,541
Deferred outflows of resources - contributions	-	1,684,557	1,244,793	2,929,350
Deferred inflows of resources	-	211,409	921,522	1,132,931
Pension expense	43,745	2,391,858	3,220,221	5,655,824

Pension items listed above for the Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS) Plan have been allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities (as well as proprietary funds) on the basis of total contributions made during the year. Deferred outflows/inflows have been booked for each fund based on the change in proportion allocated from the prior year, which increased by 2% for governmental activities and decreased by 2% for business activities.

The City also participates in the Bentonville Volunteer Fire Plan, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Pension items and disclosures have not been included herein because of the insignificance of their dollar amounts.

Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund ("FRPF") (the Old Plan)

Plan Description. The Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund ("FRPF") is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for employees of the Fire Department who were hired prior to January 1, 1983. The Old Plans were established in accordance with Arkansas statutes and were closed, by state law, to new employees effective January 1, 1983. On June 25, 2013, the City entered into an agreement with the Arkansas local police and fire (LOPFI) retirement system whereby LOPFI assumed responsibility for administration and a portion of the obligation of the Old Plans pursuant to Act 364 of 1981, as amended, and Act 655 of 1983 of the General Assembly of the State of Arkansas. Per the Agreement between the City and LOPFI, the City will contribute an actuarially determined rate sufficient to support the current plan benefit levels and fund the Old Plan's net pension obligation over a 30 year open amortization period. The Old Plan's benefit structure remains unchanged under the administration of LOPFI. The assets of the Old Plan are included in the pooled assets of the LOPFI System and a financial report that includes disclosures about the elements of the basic financial statements is available on LOPFI's website at www.lopfi-prb.com.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Benefits. The FRPF provides retirement benefits for firemen who have completed 20 years of service regardless of age. The benefit is equal to 50% of the member's final salary, but not less than \$11,040. If service exceeds 20 years, the annual benefit is increased by \$240 for each year over 20, not to exceed \$1,200 per year and if service exceeds 25 years, the member will receive an additional 1.25% for each year over 25 years, however, the total benefit cannot exceed 100% of the member's final salary. Disability benefits are available to policemen who become permanently disabled, unless the disability is the direct result of gainful employment performed outside of the police department. This benefit is the same as noted above, but for non-duty disability cannot be less than \$11,040 per year and for duty-related disability cannot be less than 65% of the member's final salary. The PRPF also provides benefits for surviving spouses and dependent children in which widow's receive the same amount the member is receiving or would be eligible to receive and children receive \$1,500 per year until age 18 (23, if still in school). No participants' benefits vest until normal retirement age. At normal retirement, participants may elect to continue working and enter the Deferred Retirement Option Plan for up to 5 years. All firemen hired after January 1, 1983, participate in the Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System created by Act 364 of 1981 and described later in this footnote. Therefore, the Firemen's Fund is effectively closed to new members.

At the December 31, 2015 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries	10
DROP members	1
Active members	0
 Total	 11

Contributions. As the plan is closed to new members and there are no active members included in the plan, there are no contributions made by members to the plan. The contribution rate for the City is actuarially determined on an annual basis. However, due to the well-funded status of the plan, there has been no contribution requirement for the City in recent years. The Plan does, however, receive a state insurance turn back on an annual basis, which amounted to \$16,427 during the year ended December 31, 2015.

Net Pension Asset. The City's net pension asset of \$1,791,210 as of December 31, 2016 was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial calculation as of December 31, 2015.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date	December 31, 2015
Cost Method	Individual entry-age normal
Asset valuation method	5-Year smoothed market
Amortization method	Close amortization period
Amortization period	13 years
Assumptions:	
Inflation rate	2.75% (3.00% in prior year)
Investment rate of return	7.75% (8.00% in prior year)
Projected salary increases	3.75% (4.00% in prior year)

Mortality rates for retirees, beneficiaries, and DROP members were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for males. For disabled members, the mortality rates are the rates applicable to non-disabled lives set forward 10 years.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in FRPF was for the period January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2011, first used in the December 31, 2012 valuation. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2015 valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.75%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the LOPFI Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of the plan.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Fixed Income	30%	2.97%
International Fixed Income	6%	1.50%
Domestic Equity	33%	5.88%
Foreign Equity	7%	6.25%
Index	11%	6.73%
Alternative Investments	10%	6.13%
Cash	3%	-0.40%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75% (8.00% in prior year). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of retired and DROP members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Changes in the Net Pension Asset

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Asset (a) - (b)
Balances at January 1, 2016	\$ 6,014,481	\$ 8,332,323	\$ (2,317,842)
Changes for the year:			
Interest	466,923	-	466,923
Differences between expected and actual experience	(60,276)	-	(60,276)
Assumption changes	132,682	-	132,682
Contributions - employer	-	16,427	(16,427)
Net investment income	-	14,939	(14,939)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(355,876)	(355,876)	-
Administrative expense	-	(18,669)	18,669
Net changes	183,453	(343,179)	526,632
Balances at December 31, 2016	\$ 6,197,934	\$ 7,989,144	\$ (1,791,210)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's net pension asset for the FRPF using the current rate as compared to what the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage higher than the current rate:

	Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to the Single Discount Rate Assumption		
	Current Single Rate Assumption		
	1% Decrease 6.75%	7.75%	1% Increase 8.75%
City's Net Pension Asset	\$ (1,199,298)	\$ (1,791,210)	\$ (2,290,274)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LOPFI financial report.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$43,745 related to this plan.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	<u><u>\$ 541,488</u></u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31</u>	
2017	\$ 138,008
2018	138,008
2019	138,008
2020	<u><u>127,464</u></u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 541,488</u></u>

Local Police and Fire Retirement System (“LOPFI”)

Plan Description. The Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System (“LOPFI”) is a statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the LOPFI Board of Trustees. LOPFI provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to police and fire employees of political subdivisions of the State of Arkansas. LOPFI was created by Act 364 of the 1981 General Assembly. Employees hired after January 1, 1983, whose political subdivision had a retirement system in effect at July 1, 1981, are eligible to participate in the plan. On January 1, 2008, only firemen of the City participated in the plan. Effective July 1, 2008, policemen of the City began participating in the plan. LOPFI issues a publicly available report, which may be obtained by writing to LOPFI, P. O. Drawer 34164, Little Rock, Arkansas, 72203, or by calling 501.682.1745.

Benefits provided. LOPFI provides for a retirement benefit paid to the member on a monthly basis. The monthly benefit is based on a formula provided by law for the Member’s lifetime. The Member has several options in calculating the benefit, which is normally the result of these factors: age at retirement, retirement multiplier, amount of credit services (years and months), and final average pay (FAP). Each option available to the member provides for a different calculation based on these factors.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Contributions. Contributions to LOPFI are made by both the members and employers. Member contribution rates are established by the LOPFI Board of Trustees. The employer contributions are actuarially determined on an annual basis. The current employee contribution rate is 2.5 percent of covered payroll for policemen and 8.5 percent of covered payroll for firemen. The City contributed 19.88% of covered employee's salaries to the plan for policemen and 22% of covered employees' salaries to the plan for firemen for the year ended December 31, 2016. Contributions made to the plan by employees and the City for the year ended December 31, 2016 amounted to \$463,906 and \$1,684,557, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$13,330,612 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's actual contributions to the Plan during the measurement period to the total employer contributions to the Plan of the group for the measurement period. At December 31, 2015, the City's proportion was 2.540256 percent, which was an increase of .047685 percent from the prior year.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,391,858 related to this plan. At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 141,020	\$ 5,257
Changes of assumptions	1,041,476	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,379,209	-
Changes in proportion	325,844	206,152
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,684,557</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 5,572,106</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 211,409</u></u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,684,557 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,		
2017	\$	945,345
2018		945,345
2019		945,631
2020		<u>839,819</u>
Total	\$	<u>3,676,140</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Price inflation	2.75 percent (3.00 percent in prior year)
Wage inflation	3.75 percent (4.00 percent in prior year)
Salary increases	4.25 to 18.75 percent, including inflation (4.50 to 19.00 percent, including inflation, in prior year)
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation (8.00 percent in prior year)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males and Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2008 to December 31, 2011. As a result of the 2011 actuarial experience study, the expectation of life after disability was adjusted in the December 31, 2015 actuarial evaluation to more closely reflect actual experience.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return. The rates were built on a target allocation for all pension funds; the target for an individual fund will vary within the guidelines of Arkansas law and regulation. The long-term expected rates of return are shown in the table below:

Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Fixed Income	30.00%	2.97%
International Fixed Income	6.00%	1.50%
Domestic Equity	33.00%	5.88%
Foreign Equity	7.00%	6.25%
Index	11.00%	6.73%
Alternative Investments	10.00%	6.13%
Cash	<hr/> 3.00%	-0.40%
Total	<hr/> 100.00%	

Discount Rate

In the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation, a single discount rate of 7.75% (8.00% in prior year) was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75%. The projection of cash flows, based on the assumptions made, found that the pension plan's net position was available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption		
1% Decrease 6.75%	Current Single Rate Assumption 7.75%	1% Increase 8.75%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 20,976,825	\$ 13,330,612	\$ 6,925,986

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LOPFI financial report.

Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System ("APERS")

Plan Description. For certain other employees, the City contributes to the Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System ("APERS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the APERS Board of Trustees. APERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members. APERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to APERS, One Union National Plaza, Little Rock, AR 72201 or by calling 501.682.7800.

Act 2084 of the 2005 Arkansas General Assembly provides for a new contributory program for APERS members hired on or after July 1, 2005 and those non-contributory members who elect to become contributory. Members participating in the contributory program will contribute 5% of their annual compensation, pre-tax (taxes are deferred). All active APERS members employed before July 1, 2005, had six months to elect coverage under the contributory program. The deadline to elect to be contributory was December 31, 2005. The contributory program does not provide for a temporary annuity for participants. However, the contributory program does provide for a higher multiplier (2.0%) that is utilized to calculate the member's retirement benefit.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Benefits provided. Benefits under APERS are calculated depending on the member's hire date, with retirees separated into two separate categories; the non-contributory plan applies to all persons hired prior to July 1, 2005, while the new contributory plan applies to all employees hired on or after July 1, 2005. Under both plans, a member may retire with full benefits at either the age of 65 with five years of service, or at any age with 28 years of service. The member may retire with reduced benefits at either the age of 55 with five years of service or at any age with 25 years of service. The reduction is equal to one-half of one percent for each month retirement precedes normal retirement age or one-percent for each month below 28 years of actual service, whichever is less. Under the non-contributory plan, the benefit calculation is equal to a factor of 1.72% of the member's final average salary multiplied by the years and months of credited service. Under the new contributory plan, the benefit calculation is equal to a factor of 2.00% of the member's final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service. Under each plan, an additional .5% of the member's final average salary is awarded for each year of credited service exceeding 28 years. The minimum monthly benefit is \$150, excluding any age and beneficiary option reductions.

Under both the non-contributory and contributory plan, the member's final average salary is the highest 36 calendar months of covered compensation. In addition, a cost-of-living adjustment of 3% annually is included in the current benefits.

Contributions. Contributions to APERS are made by both the members (under the contributory plan) and employers. Member contribution rates are established by the APERS Board of Trustees. The employer contributions are actuarially determined on an annual basis. The current employee contribution rate is 5 percent of covered payroll for each employee under the new contributory plan. The City contributed 14.50% of covered employee's salaries to the plan for the period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016. Contributions made to the plan by employees and the City for the year ended December 31, 2016 amounted to \$463,989 and \$2,260,596, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$19,840,626 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's actual contributions to the Plan during the measurement period to the total employer contributions to the Plan of the group for the measurement period. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion was .82968373%, which is an increase of .02889614% from the prior year.

As noted earlier, the pension related items are allocated between governmental and business activities on the basis of total contributions made during the year. The allocation used June 30, 2016 related pension items was 60% for governmental activities and 40% for business activities, compared to 58% and 42% used in the prior year, respectively. A deferred outflow and inflow have been recorded for each, respectively, as shown on the next page.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,220,221. At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 18,733	\$ 711,725
Change of assumptions	1,520,418	-
Changes in proportion	792,195	9,656
Changes in fund allocation proportion	200,141	200,141
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	3,464,017	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,244,793</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 7,240,297</u>	<u>\$ 921,522</u>

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,244,793 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2017	\$ 1,171,226
2018	1,031,824
2019	1,882,002
2020	<u>988,930</u>
Total	<u>\$ 5,073,982</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.95 percent to 9.85 percent
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for Males and Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2012. As a result of the 2012 actuarial experience study, the expectation of life after disability was adjusted in the June 30, 2016 actuarial evaluation to more closely reflect actual experience.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the current asset allocation percentage and by adding expected price inflation. The long-term expected rates of return are shown in the table below:

Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Broad Domestic Equity	38.00%	6.82%
International Equity	24.00%	6.88%
Real Estate Related Assets	16.00%	3.07%
Absolute Return	5.00%	3.35%
Domestic Fund	17.00%	0.83%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

In the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, a single discount rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows, based on the assumptions made, found that the pension plan's net position was available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption		
	1% Decrease 6.50%	Current Single Rate Assumption 7.50%	1% Increase 8.50%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 30,033,741	\$ 19,840,626	\$ 11,357,505

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued APERS financial report.

Note 8: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description: The City sponsors and administers an informal single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. Retirees who are vested in their retirement plan and are eligible to receive a retirement benefit (and actually apply for and receive the retirement benefit) are entitled to purchase continued health benefits coverage for the retiree and the retiree's dependents until Medicare eligibility. The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the requirements of this plan. The City does not issue stand-alone financial statements of the healthcare plan but all required information is presented in this report.

Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of plan members are established by City ordinance and may be amended as needed. Retiree coverage is the same as the coverage provided to active City employees. Retirees pay premiums ranging from \$348.07 per month to \$937.84 per month depending on the coverage elected. The City's policy maintains that retirees must pay 100% of the cost of premiums. The cost of retiree healthcare benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis and is recorded as an expense in the applicable fund as liabilities are incurred. There were 20 retirees covered under this plan at December 31, 2016. Dependent coverage was provided for ten of the retirees. Total benefits paid by the City for retirees during the fiscal year were \$107,846. Retirees contributed \$104,964 of the total current year cost.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 415,160
Interest on net OPEB Obligation	47,723
Adjustment to annual required contribution	<u>(45,203)</u>
Annual OPEB cost	417,680
Total annual employer contribution (pay-as-you-go)	<u>(107,846)</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation	309,834
Net OPEB Obligation – beginning of year	<u>1,060,505</u>
Net OPEB Obligation – end of year	<u><u>\$ 1,370,339</u></u>

The components of the annual required contribution (ARC) calculation reflecting a 30 year amortization period is as follows:

Normal Cost	\$ 254,048
Amortization cost	143,234
Interest adjustment	<u>17,878</u>
Annual required contribution (ARC)	<u><u>\$ 415,160</u></u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2016

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
12/31/2014	\$ 171,568	66%	\$ 987,833
12/31/2015	\$ 174,078	58%	\$ 1,060,505
12/31/2016	\$ 417,680	26%	\$ 1,370,339

Funded Status and Funding Progress: As of December 31, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$3,511,691 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$3,511,691. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$20,447,739, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 17.17%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return based on the City's rate of return on investments for 2016, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9% for 2017 and then reduced by decrements of one-half percent annually to an ultimate rate of 4.5% after nine years. Both rates included a 3.0% inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized on a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2016, was 30 years.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2016

Note 9: Risk Management

The City has various insurance policies to cover its potential liability risk areas (*e.g.*, automobile, personal property, contents and outside structures and worker's compensation). Coverage is provided both commercially and through the Arkansas Municipal League (AML), which is an association of local governments. AML provides the City with automobile and legal defense coverage. Fixed premiums are set annually by AML based on such factors as claims experience, employee class multipliers and population. For risks covered by AML, the City pays no deductible; however, the City pays a \$2,000 fee to AML for each legal matter it handles. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from 2015 to 2016; nor have settlement amounts exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Note 10: Contingencies

The City, its agencies and its employees are defendants in various legal proceedings, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. Such litigation includes, but is not limited to, claims assessed against the City for property damage and personal injury, other alleged torts and alleged violations of state and federal laws. Based on the current status of all of these legal proceedings, it is the opinion of the City Attorney and management that the ultimate outcome will not have a material adverse impact on the City's financial position.

Note 11: Subsequent Events

The City issued Sales and Use Tax Bonds, Series 2017, dated March 21, 2017, subsequent to year-end. The principal amount of the bonds issued was \$24,655,000 and are being used to finance the costs of capital improvements, provide a debt service reserve and pay expenses of authorizing and issuing the Series 2017 Bonds. The bonds have a yield of 2.41% and are pledged by a one percent sales and use tax. The final maturity of the bonds is November 1, 2027.

Required Supplementary Information

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Budgetary Comparison Schedule –
General Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property tax	\$ 5,141,435	\$ 5,141,535	\$ 5,458,356	\$ 316,821
Sales tax	17,790,550	17,790,550	20,942,843	3,152,293
State turnback	1,237,320	1,237,320	1,208,844	(28,476)
Franchise fees	4,883,860	4,883,860	4,788,966	(94,894)
Charges for services	4,141,680	4,141,680	5,109,162	967,482
Fines and forfeitures	475,405	475,405	511,851	36,446
Licenses and permits	939,860	939,860	1,322,683	382,823
Grants	954,000	2,513,340	1,275,759	(1,237,581)
Contributions	20,000	236,200	484,017	247,817
Interest	-	-	34,491	34,491
Miscellaneous	453,552	469,377	691,730	222,353
Total revenues	<u>36,037,662</u>	<u>37,829,127</u>	<u>41,828,702</u>	<u>3,999,575</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	6,832,812	7,365,584	6,644,627	720,957
Public safety	17,292,382	17,337,926	17,146,737	191,189
Recreation	7,148,762	7,348,762	7,252,049	96,713
Library	1,424,674	1,434,024	1,256,940	177,084
CDBG	-	-	46,716	(46,716)
Capital outlay	3,040,507	8,505,813	5,187,669	3,318,144
Total expenditures	<u>35,739,137</u>	<u>41,992,109</u>	<u>37,534,738</u>	<u>4,457,371</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>298,525</u>	<u>(4,162,982)</u>	<u>4,293,964</u>	<u>8,456,946</u>
Other Financing Sources				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	161,330	161,330
Transfers in	350,000	350,000	367,845	17,845
Total other financing sources	<u>350,000</u>	<u>350,000</u>	<u>529,175</u>	<u>179,175</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>648,525</u>	<u>(3,812,982)</u>	<u>4,823,139</u>	<u>8,636,121</u>
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	<u>34,604,272</u>	<u>34,604,272</u>	<u>34,604,272</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances, End of Year	<u>\$ 35,252,797</u>	<u>\$ 30,791,290</u>	<u>\$ 39,427,411</u>	<u>\$ 8,636,121</u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Budgetary Comparison Schedule –
Street Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property tax	\$ 1,647,470	\$ 1,647,470	\$ 1,697,263	\$ 49,793
State turnback	1,449,680	1,449,680	1,547,398	97,718
Charges for services	14,000	14,000	34,172	20,172
Grants	-	1,750,000	6,157,877	4,407,877
Contributions	-	-	3,110,904	3,110,904
Interest	-	-	9,137	9,137
Miscellaneous	<u>1,777,080</u>	<u>1,777,080</u>	<u>858,983</u>	<u>(918,097)</u>
Total revenues	<u>4,888,230</u>	<u>6,638,230</u>	<u>13,415,734</u>	<u>6,777,504</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Street department	3,144,430	4,988,736	2,467,752	2,520,984
Capital outlay	<u>1,743,800</u>	<u>3,027,682</u>	<u>14,233,553</u>	<u>(11,205,871)</u>
Total expenditures	<u>4,888,230</u>	<u>8,016,418</u>	<u>16,701,305</u>	<u>(8,684,887)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,378,188)</u>	<u>(3,285,571)</u>	<u>(1,907,383)</u>
Other Financing Sources				
Sale of capital assets	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,378,188)</u>	<u>(3,285,571)</u>	<u>(1,907,383)</u>
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	<u>10,371,167</u>	<u>10,371,167</u>	<u>10,371,167</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances, End of Year	<u>\$ 10,371,167</u>	<u>\$ 8,992,979</u>	<u>\$ 7,085,596</u>	<u>\$ (1,907,383)</u>

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Schedule of Funding Progress - OPEB
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)
Other Postemployment Benefit Plan	12/31/2014	\$ -	\$ 1,659,824
	12/31/2015	-	1,715,493
	12/31/2016	-	3,511,691

Unfunded (Excess) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Excess as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)
\$ 1,659,824	0%	\$ 20,795,008	7.98%
1,715,493	0%	20,795,008	8.25%
3,511,691	0%	20,447,739	17.17%

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Agent Multiple-Employer Plan

Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Asset and Related Ratios - FRPF

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability		
Interest	\$ 466,923	\$ 398,688
Difference between actual and expected experience	(60,276)	804,333
Assumption Changes	132,682	-
Benefit payments	<u>(355,876)</u>	<u>(344,268)</u>
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	<u>183,453</u>	<u>858,753</u>
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	<u>6,014,481</u>	<u>5,155,728</u>
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	<u><u>\$ 6,197,934</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 6,014,481</u></u>
 Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 16,427	\$ 15,135
Net investment income	14,939	581,099
Benefit payments	<u>(355,876)</u>	<u>(344,268)</u>
Administrative Expense	<u>(18,669)</u>	<u>(13,808)</u>
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>(343,179)</u>	<u>238,158</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	<u>8,332,323</u>	<u>8,094,165</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u><u>\$ 7,989,144</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,332,323</u></u>
 City's Net Pension Asset (a) - (b)	<u><u>\$ (1,791,210)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (2,317,842)</u></u>
 Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	128.90%	138.54%
 Covered Employee Payroll	\$ -	\$ -
 City's Net Pension Asset as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	N/A	N/A

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31 of the year prior to the most recent fiscal year-end) of the City's net pension liability.

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years.

However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Agent Multiple-Employer Plan
Schedule of Contributions - FRPF

FY Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2015	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A
2016	- -	- -	- -	- -	N/A

Key Assumptions for ADC:

Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization	21 Years
Asset Valuation	10 Year Smoothed Market, 15% Soft Corridor
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	N/A
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility benefits. Last updated for the 2010 pursuant to an experience study of the period 2005 - 2009.
Mortality	RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the City's most recent fiscal year-end.

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Cost-Sharing Plan

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - LOPFI

<u>City Fiscal year ended December 31,</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
City's proportion of the net pension liability	2.540256% (1)	2.492571%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,330,612	\$ 9,023,336
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,951,238	\$ 6,953,609
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	167.65%	129.76%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72.90%	79.14%

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31 of the year prior to the most recent fiscal year-end) of the City's net pension liability.

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

(1): Assumption changes for 2016 include a decrease in price inflation from 3.00 to 2.75 percent; a decrease in wage inflation from 4.00 to 3.75 percent; a decrease in salary increases from 4.50 to 19 percent to 4.25 to 18.75 percent; and a decrease in the investment rate of return from 8.00 to 7.75 percent.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Cost-Sharing Plan
Schedule of City Contributions - LOPFI

City Fiscal year ended December 31,	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,684,557 (1)	\$ 1,639,457
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(1,684,557)</u>	<u>(1,639,457)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,004,748	\$ 7,951,239
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	21.04%	20.62%

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the City's most recent fiscal year-end.

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

(1): Assumption changes for 2016 include a decrease in price inflation from 3.00 to 2.75 percent; a decrease in wage inflation from 4.00 to 3.75 percent; a decrease in salary increases from 4.50 to 19 percent to 4.25 to 18.75 percent; and a decrease in the investment rate of return from 8.00 to 7.75 percent.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Cost-Sharing Plan

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - APERS

<u>City Fiscal year ended December 31,</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.82968373%	0.80078759%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 19,840,626	\$ 14,748,372
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,261,744	\$ 14,277,688
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	139.12%	103.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.50%	80.39%

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (June 30 of the year of the most recent fiscal year-end) of the City's net pension liability.

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Cost-Sharing Plan
Schedule of City Contributions - APERS

<u>City Fiscal year ended December 31,</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,260,596	\$ 2,224,163
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(2,260,596)</u>	<u>(2,224,163)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,590,294	\$ 15,208,940
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.50%	14.62%

Note: Information in this schedule has been determined as of the City's most recent fiscal year-end.

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

December 31, 2016

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City Council (the “Council”) adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgets reflected in the accompanying general purpose financial statements:

1. Prior to December 1, the Mayor and Finance Director submit to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. Prior to February 1, the budget is legally enacted through approval by the Council.
4. Budget for the general and street funds are adopted on a basis consistent, in all material respects, with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”).

Budgeted revenues and expenditures represent the formal operating budget adopted by the City Council, as amended by the Council during the year. Budgetary control is maintained at the department level. Budgeted amounts, other than ongoing capital projects not spent by year end, lapse. Expenditures greater than budgeted amounts must be approved by the Council by voting to amend the budget.

Pensions

FRPF

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Amortization Method	Closed Amortization Period based on projected future payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	13 years beginning January 1, 2016
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year smoothed market, 20% corridor (for funding purposes)
Price Inflation	2.75% (3.00% in prior year)
Salary Increases	3.75%, which is the portion of the individual pay increase assumptions attributable to wage inflation (4.00% in prior year)
Investment Rate of Return	7.75% (8.00% in prior year)
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2008-2011.
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Mortality table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for men. For disabled lives, the mortality rates are the rates applicable to non-disabled lives set forward 10 years.

Other Information:

Notes	There were no benefit changes during the year. The assumed investment rate of return decreased from 8.0% to 7.75%, the wage inflation assumption was decreased from 4.0% to 3.75% and the price inflation assumption was decreased from 3.0% to 2.75%.
-------	--

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)
December 31, 2016

LOPFI

Economic Assumptions

Investment Rate of Return

7.75% per year, compounded annually (net after administrative expenses). This rate of return is not the assumed real rate of return. The real rate of return is defined to be the portion of investment return which is more than the wage inflation rate. With a 3.75% recognition of wage inflation, the 7.75% investment return rate translates to an assumed real rate of return of 4.00%. (8.00% in prior year)

Price Inflation

2.75% (3.00% in prior year)

Pay Increase Assumptions

Ranges from 4.25% to 18.75% depending on service years, including 3.75% for wage inflation. (4.50% to 19.00%, including inflation, in prior year)

Total Active Member Payroll

Assumed to increase 3.75% per year, which is the portion of the individual pay increase assumptions attributable to wage inflation. (4.00% in prior year)

Total Number of Active Members

Assumed to continue at the present number.

APERS

Investment Rate of Return

7.50% per year, compounded annually (net after administrative expenses). This rate of return is not the assumed real rate of return. The real rate of return is defined to be the portion of investment return which is more than the wage inflation rate. With a 3.25% recognition of wage inflation, the 7.50% investment return rate translates to an assumed real rate of return of 4.25%.

Pay Increase Assumptions

Ranges from 3.95% to 9.85% depending on service years, including 3.25% for wage inflation.

Total Active Member Payroll

Assumed to increase 3.25% per year, which is the portion of the individual pay increase assumptions attributable to wage inflation.

Total Number of Active Members

Assumed to continue at the present number.

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

**Combining and Individual Fund
Financial Statements and Schedules**

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2016

	Impact & Capacity	Court	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets			
Accounts receivable:			
Grants and other	\$ -	\$ 5,145	\$ 5,145
Restricted assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>1,599,901</u>	<u>307,481</u>	<u>1,907,382</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 1,599,901</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 312,626</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,912,527</u></u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 126,869	\$ 126,869
Due to other government	<u>-</u>	<u>185,757</u>	<u>185,757</u>
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>312,626</u>	<u>312,626</u>
Fund balances			
Restricted			
New growth	<u>1,599,901</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,599,901</u>
Total fund balances	<u><u>1,599,901</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>1,599,901</u></u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u><u>\$ 1,599,901</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 312,626</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,912,527</u></u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances –
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Impact/Capacity Fees	Court	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Impact fees	\$ 1,861,178	\$ -	<u>\$ 1,861,178</u>
Total revenues	<u>1,861,178</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,861,178</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers out	<u>(3,072,654)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,072,654)</u>
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(3,072,654)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,072,654)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,211,476)	-	(1,211,476)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	<u>2,811,377</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,811,377</u>
Fund Balances at End of Year	<u>\$ 1,599,901</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,599,901</u>

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual –
Debt Service Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Sales tax	\$ 7,840,000	\$ 7,840,000	\$ 9,174,265	\$ 1,334,265
Interest	-	-	8,404	8,404
Miscellaneous	-	-	19,235	-
Total revenues	7,840,000	7,840,000	9,201,904	1,342,669
Expenditures				
Debt Service	7,840,000	7,840,000	9,072,961	(1,232,961)
Total expenditures	7,840,000	7,840,000	9,072,961	(1,232,961)
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	-	128,943	109,708
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	128,943	109,708
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	5,346,817	5,346,817	5,346,817	-
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 5,346,817	\$ 5,346,817	\$ 5,475,760	\$ 128,943

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual –
Impact/Capacity Fees
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Impact fees	\$ 1,560,000	\$ 1,560,000	\$ 1,861,178	\$ 301,178
Total revenues	<u>1,560,000</u>	<u>1,560,000</u>	<u>1,861,178</u>	<u>301,178</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(1,560,000)	(1,560,000)	(3,072,654)	(1,512,654)
Net other financing sources (uses)	<u>(1,560,000)</u>	<u>(1,560,000)</u>	<u>(3,072,654)</u>	<u>(1,512,654)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	(1,211,476)	(1,211,476)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	<u>2,811,377</u>	<u>2,811,377</u>	<u>2,811,377</u>	-
Fund Balances at End of Year	<u>\$ 2,811,377</u>	<u>\$ 2,811,377</u>	<u>\$ 1,599,901</u>	<u>\$ 154,104</u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenses –
Enterprise Fund
Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Electric	Water	Wastewater	Sanitation	Support Services and Other	Total
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 62,524,762	\$ 10,037,264	\$ 13,280,744	\$ 4,261,907	\$ 887,122	\$ 90,991,799
Other, net	215,733	304,696	5,907	-	48,919	575,255
Total operating revenues	<u>62,740,495</u>	<u>10,341,960</u>	<u>13,286,651</u>	<u>4,261,907</u>	<u>936,041</u>	<u>91,567,054</u>
Operating Expenses						
Salaries and fringe benefits	3,646,043	2,400,631	1,418,028	-	1,291,376	8,756,078
Contract purchases	47,916,115	4,552,268	5,046,083	3,874,107	-	61,388,573
Maintenance	535,740	795,462	534,365	-	31,633	1,897,200
Depreciation and amortization	2,476,945	2,615,314	721,951	-	668,702	6,482,912
Materials and supplies	287,887	277,604	302,744	-	240,818	1,109,053
Other services and charges	4,049,246	835,320	313,320	17,651	1,036,222	6,251,759
Total operating expenses	<u>58,911,976</u>	<u>11,476,599</u>	<u>8,336,491</u>	<u>3,891,758</u>	<u>3,268,751</u>	<u>85,885,575</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>3,828,519</u>	<u>(1,134,639)</u>	<u>4,950,160</u>	<u>370,149</u>	<u>(2,332,710)</u>	<u>5,681,479</u>
Nonoperating Income (Expenses)						
Interest income	28,518	4,698	2,421	868	-	36,505
Bond interest and fiscal agent charges	(154,254)	(383,395)	(59,988)	-	-	(597,637)
Gain on sales of capital assets	-	76,397	-	-	558,238	634,635
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	<u>(125,736)</u>	<u>(302,300)</u>	<u>(57,567)</u>	<u>868</u>	<u>558,238</u>	<u>73,503</u>
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	<u>3,702,783</u>	<u>(1,436,939)</u>	<u>4,892,593</u>	<u>371,017</u>	<u>(1,774,472)</u>	<u>5,754,982</u>
Capital Contributions	<u>113,860</u>	<u>1,089,914</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,203,774</u>
Transfers In	<u>-</u>	<u>294,218</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,410,591</u>	<u>2,704,809</u>
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ 3,816,643</u>	<u>\$ (52,807)</u>	<u>\$ 4,892,593</u>	<u>\$ 371,017</u>	<u>\$ 636,119</u>	<u>\$ 9,663,565</u>

Statistical Section

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Statistical Section

This section of the City of Bentonville, Arkansas comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information reflects about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends (Tables 1–6)

These schedules contain trend information to assist the reader in understanding how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time..... 78

Revenue Capacity (Tables 7–9)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant revenue resources, local sales taxes and property taxes..... 85

Debt Capacity (Tables 10–12)

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future..... 89

Demographic and Economic Information (Tables 13–14)

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to assist the reader in understanding the environment within which the City's financial activities take place 94

Operating Information (Tables 15–20)

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to services the City provides and the activities it performs 96

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Table 1

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 195,975,422	\$ 177,894,726	\$ 162,543,988	\$ 145,403,467	\$ 141,834,069	\$ 138,347,033	\$ 134,624,378	\$ 126,811,423	\$ 119,095,471	\$ 108,699,375
Restricted	16,800,936	20,714,460	19,104,639	14,783,330	13,317,046	11,787,380	6,673,944	5,995,041	3,998,996	6,531,844
Unrestricted	<u>27,397,280</u>	<u>24,192,710</u>	<u>37,569,695</u>	<u>41,833,773</u>	<u>34,369,973</u>	<u>30,004,365</u>	<u>31,399,744</u>	<u>29,713,623</u>	<u>25,505,689</u>	<u>17,753,297</u>
Total governmental activities net position	<u><u>\$ 240,173,638</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 222,801,896</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 219,218,322</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 202,020,570</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 189,521,088</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 180,138,778</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 172,698,066</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 162,520,087</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 148,600,156</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 132,984,516</u></u>
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 177,477,573	\$ 161,108,420	\$ 155,815,515	\$ 145,769,235	\$ 140,507,220	\$ 131,135,584	\$ 122,229,803	\$ 117,058,689	\$ 110,190,568	\$ 105,945,054
Restricted	2,778,744	6,416,985	8,973,505	8,954,000	6,990,745	9,088,735	8,066,486	7,010,633	7,068,353	5,798,492
Unrestricted	<u>28,427,793</u>	<u>31,495,140</u>	<u>26,384,643</u>	<u>26,098,489</u>	<u>23,680,469</u>	<u>22,737,459</u>	<u>24,109,830</u>	<u>18,394,121</u>	<u>17,054,371</u>	<u>16,781,773</u>
Total business-type activities net position	<u><u>\$ 208,684,110</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 199,020,545</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 191,173,663</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 180,821,724</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 171,178,434</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 162,961,778</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 154,406,119</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 142,463,443</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 134,313,292</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 128,525,319</u></u>
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 373,452,995	\$ 339,003,146	\$ 318,359,503	\$ 291,172,702	\$ 282,341,289	\$ 269,482,617	\$ 256,854,181	\$ 243,870,112	\$ 229,286,039	\$ 214,644,429
Restricted	19,579,680	27,131,445	28,078,144	23,737,330	20,307,791	20,876,115	14,740,430	13,005,674	11,067,349	12,330,336
Unrestricted	<u>55,825,073</u>	<u>55,687,850</u>	<u>63,954,338</u>	<u>67,932,262</u>	<u>58,050,442</u>	<u>52,741,824</u>	<u>55,509,574</u>	<u>48,107,744</u>	<u>42,560,060</u>	<u>34,535,070</u>
Total primary government net position	<u><u>\$ 448,857,748</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 421,822,441</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 410,391,985</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 382,842,294</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 360,699,522</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 343,100,556</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 327,104,185</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 304,983,530</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 282,913,448</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 261,509,835</u></u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Table 2

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$ 7,838,616	\$ 7,159,267	\$ 6,878,233	\$ 6,541,906	\$ 6,064,188	\$ 5,772,537	\$ 5,538,930	\$ 5,331,399	\$ 5,198,797	\$ 4,757,301
Public safety	19,978,800	18,757,747	17,062,888	16,345,367	14,920,639	14,143,876	13,684,308	12,938,270	12,252,487	10,748,702
Recreation	9,126,620	7,469,788	5,744,250	5,023,191	4,526,151	3,973,104	3,294,000	3,803,145	2,573,492	2,044,880
Transportation	7,950,435	7,405,637	7,427,751	6,997,032	6,234,879	6,007,845	5,568,577	5,253,167	4,946,430	4,345,336
Library	1,505,475	1,372,391	1,305,770	1,182,469	1,073,172	1,009,643	947,563	81,043	778,741	863,013
CDBG	46,716	81,941	136,825	118,021	158,849	90,782	165,751	181,034	121,604	124,516
Interest on long-term debt	2,011,778	2,271,497	2,462,735	2,650,613	2,788,366	2,923,279	2,591,419	1,409,647	1,605,924	492,743
Total governmental activities expenses	48,458,440	44,518,268	41,018,452	38,858,599	35,766,244	33,921,066	31,790,548	28,997,705	27,477,475	23,376,491
Business-type activities										
Electric	59,066,230	54,031,667	53,015,465	45,650,369	45,627,215	45,435,606	39,743,457	38,243,650	37,494,192	33,543,741
Water	11,859,994	8,297,783	8,030,105	7,918,055	7,928,125	7,515,313	7,303,569	7,181,489	6,936,191	6,906,381
Wastewater	8,396,479	10,428,470	10,421,341	10,367,625	10,465,546	10,829,898	6,407,990	5,636,361	5,552,463	5,212,888
Sanitation	3,891,758	3,614,926	3,346,212	3,081,332	3,966,186	4,057,621	3,816,961	3,662,430	3,493,157	3,320,289
Support	3,268,751	3,172,472	3,011,604	2,920,570	2,399,556	2,323,157	2,220,225	2,264,541	2,151,195	-
Total business-type activities expenses	86,483,212	79,545,318	77,824,727	69,937,951	70,386,628	70,161,595	59,492,202	56,988,471	55,627,198	48,983,299
Total primary government	\$ 134,941,652	\$ 124,063,586	\$ 118,843,179	\$ 108,796,550	\$ 106,152,872	\$ 104,082,661	\$ 91,282,750	\$ 85,986,176	\$ 83,104,673	\$ 72,359,790
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities										
Charges for Services:										
General government	\$ 311,264	\$ 315,176	\$ 311,698	\$ 283,608	\$ 252,981	\$ 231,582	\$ 139,867	\$ 131,142	\$ 131,439	\$ 1,492,446
Public safety	1,527,968	1,260,881	1,272,011	1,120,967	1,045,858	1,034,482	861,277	735,634	692,228	710,891
Recreation	3,269,930	2,221,136	979,407	817,841	670,083	442,977	229,762	101,833	116,622	113,136
Transportation	66,379	39,940	64,336	89,365	55,318	31,563	527,514	8,601	10,559	249,102
Library	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,946
Operating grants and contribution	7,545,636	4,924,083	2,499,028	1,428,695	1,281,973	1,504,879	1,365,305	4,023,629	3,072,670	3,007,771
Capital grants and contributions	4,795,540	3,436,893	5,787,151	4,585,176	1,998,723	1,563,169	3,391,466	2,483,870	2,256,460	3,522,667
Total governmental activities revenue	17,516,717	12,198,109	10,913,631	8,325,652	5,304,936	4,808,652	6,515,191	7,484,709	6,279,978	9,131,959
Business-type activities										
Charges for Services:										
Electric	62,539,169	58,752,316	56,079,341	51,351,834	51,001,844	49,374,616	45,658,540	43,086,045	42,143,731	37,718,548
Water	10,185,022	9,659,435	10,230,363	9,546,831	9,798,422	9,169,326	8,475,391	7,450,476	7,179,007	7,626,997
Wastewater	13,280,744	14,457,739	13,813,393	12,769,425	11,037,798	10,662,350	8,412,189	5,836,780	5,515,269	5,521,382
Sanitation	4,261,907	3,959,322	3,652,388	3,369,391	4,181,792	4,322,473	4,025,999	3,901,023	3,718,620	3,529,458
Support	887,122	875,159	864,817	815,528	809,887	862,667	856,394	718,791	657,593	-
Operating grants and contribution	137,426	14,391	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	1,203,774	852,198	1,951,232	913,234	810,951	2,044,716	932,942	2,292,334	2,116,303	3,331,539
Total business-type activities	92,495,164	88,556,169	86,605,925	78,766,243	77,640,694	76,436,148	68,361,455	63,285,449	61,330,523	57,727,924
Total primary government	\$ 110,011,881	\$ 100,754,278	\$ 97,519,556	\$ 87,091,895	\$ 82,945,630	\$ 81,244,800	\$ 74,876,646	\$ 70,770,158	\$ 67,610,501	\$ 66,859,883
Net (expense) revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (30,941,723)	\$ (32,320,159)	\$ (30,104,821)	\$ (30,532,947)	\$ (30,461,308)	\$ (29,112,414)	\$ (25,275,357)	\$ (21,512,996)	\$ (21,197,497)	\$ (14,244,532)
Business-type activities	6,011,952	9,010,851	8,781,198	8,828,292	7,254,066	6,274,553	8,869,253	6,296,978	5,703,325	8,744,625
Total - primary government	\$ (24,929,771)	\$ (23,309,308)	\$ (21,323,623)	\$ (21,704,655)	\$ (23,207,242)	\$ (22,837,861)	\$ (16,406,104)	\$ (15,216,018)	\$ (15,494,172)	\$ (5,499,907)

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Changes in Net Position (continued)
Last Ten Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Table 2

	2015	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General revenues and other changes in net pension										
Governmental activities										
Property taxes	\$ 7,757,246	\$ 7,248,656	\$ 7,169,970	\$ 6,557,935	\$ 5,511,473	\$ 5,971,309	\$ 5,696,966	\$ 8,024,811	\$ 6,299,065	\$ 5,097,137
Sales taxes	30,117,108	29,458,234	26,383,529	26,320,374	24,481,898	21,639,791	21,380,524	18,952,125	21,068,053	18,713,134
State turnback	2,756,242	2,705,936	2,758,749	2,653,139	2,719,538	2,706,725	2,419,801	-	-	-
Franchise fees	4,788,966	4,599,120	4,477,679	4,166,269	3,991,999	4,396,945	4,056,604	3,794,918	3,621,101	2,368,396
Investment income	61,952	38,664	141,245	40,857	35,717	31,345	84,927	167,987	838,336	677,861
Gain on sales of capital assets	271,855	157,987	(1,475,353)	335,616	370,237	61,820	43,000	(33,248)	68,675	17,847
Transfer of land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,990,801	-
Transfers	(2,704,809)	(2,465,052)	(263,554)	(293,431)	(472,214)	(1,373,989)	(1,098,983)	(1,067,415)	(1,243,412)	(2,620,465)
Other	5,264,905	5,993,549	8,110,308	4,867,017	3,204,970	3,119,180	2,870,497	5,593,749	4,170,518	3,836,134
Special item - transfer of net pension asset	-	-	-	1,615,347	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	48,313,465	47,737,094	47,302,573	46,263,123	39,843,618	36,553,126	35,453,336	35,432,927	36,813,137	28,090,044
Business-type activities										
Investment income	36,505	36,685	26,111	32,208	32,752	33,264	90,037	151,145	244,625	353,241
Gain on sales of capital assets	634,635	246,613	448,502	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,990,801)	-
Transfers	2,704,809	2,465,052	263,554	293,431	472,214	1,373,989	1,098,983	1,067,415	1,243,412	2,620,465
Other	275,664	1,438,958	832,574	489,359	457,624	873,853	1,884,403	634,613	587,412	4,044,603
Total business-type activities	3,651,613	4,187,308	1,570,741	814,998	962,590	2,281,106	3,073,423	1,853,173	84,648	7,018,309
Total primary government	\$ 51,965,078	\$ 51,924,402	\$ 48,873,314	\$ 47,078,121	\$ 40,806,208	\$ 38,834,232	\$ 38,526,759	\$ 37,286,100	\$ 36,897,785	\$ 35,108,353
Total change in net position										
Governmental activities	\$ 17,371,742	\$ 15,416,935	\$ 17,197,752	\$ 15,730,176	\$ 9,382,310	\$ 7,440,712	\$ 10,177,979	\$ 13,919,931	\$ 15,615,640	\$ 13,845,512
Business-type activities	9,663,565	13,198,159	10,351,939	9,643,290	8,216,656	8,555,659	11,942,676	8,150,151	5,787,973	15,762,934
Total - primary government	\$ 27,035,307	\$ 28,615,094	\$ 27,549,691	\$ 25,373,466	\$ 17,598,966	\$ 15,996,371	\$ 22,120,655	\$ 22,070,082	\$ 21,403,613	\$ 29,608,446

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Last Ten Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Table 3

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General fund										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 276,989	\$ 79,621	\$ 196,545	\$ 196,544	\$ 40,647	\$ 59,926	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted										
General capital improvements	631,806	211,073	244,089	202,710	222,935	310,626	-	-	-	-
Other	358,250	84,490	84,450	84,406	84,259	82,634	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	38,160,366	34,229,088	32,846,738	36,961,000	28,357,600	23,226,592	-	-	-	-
Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	427,507	387,954	778,198	5,378,902
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,142,196	18,800,547	17,141,253	10,721,273
Total general fund	39,427,411	34,604,272	33,371,822	37,444,660	28,705,441	23,679,778	19,569,703	19,188,501	17,919,451	16,100,175
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid expenditures	1,275	1,336	1,273	1,344	1,264	1,023	-	-	-	-
Restricted										
Debt service	5,475,760	5,346,817	4,846,968	4,426,120	4,567,671	4,257,656	-	-	-	-
General capital improvements	1,927,588	7,405,024	8,670,569	10,839,800	14,028,640	31,497,513	-	-	-	-
New growth	1,599,901	2,811,377	3,896,869	3,742,765	2,542,808	1,664,039	-	-	-	-
Street Improvements	7,084,321	10,369,831	10,792,880	6,794,250	6,384,472	6,055,452	-	-	-	-
Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,140,377	39,017,557	19,191,583	29,643,109
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,497,642	3,258,095	4,506,831	5,941,989
Total all other governmental funds	16,088,845	25,934,385	28,208,559	25,804,279	27,524,855	43,475,683	51,638,019	42,275,652	23,698,414	35,585,098
Total governmental funds	\$ 55,516,256	\$ 60,538,657	\$ 61,580,381	\$ 63,248,939	\$ 56,230,296	\$ 67,155,461	\$ 71,207,722	\$ 61,464,153	\$ 41,617,865	\$ 51,685,273

The City of Bentonville adopted GASB 54 for fiscal year ending 12/31/2011. In the schedule above all years prior to 2011 are stated in its original form and therefore are not directly comparable to 2011 or later.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Last Ten Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Table 4

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Revenues										
Property tax	\$ 7,155,619	\$ 7,082,789	\$ 6,944,206	\$ 6,272,529	\$ 5,967,805	\$ 6,119,288	\$ 5,975,569	\$ 6,476,257	\$ 5,808,593	\$ 4,276,919
Sales tax	30,117,108	29,458,234	26,383,529	26,320,374	24,481,899	21,639,791	21,380,523	18,952,125	21,068,053	18,713,134
State turnback	2,756,242	2,705,936	2,758,749	2,653,139	2,719,538	2,706,724	2,542,152	2,492,577	2,363,535	2,591,368
Impact fees	1,861,178	2,380,435	1,667,956	1,908,400	1,551,223	1,447,558	1,539,823	1,334,443	2,460,806	3,699,982
Franchise fees	4,788,966	4,599,120	4,477,679	4,166,269	3,991,999	4,396,945	4,056,604	3,794,918	3,621,101	2,368,396
Charges for services	5,143,334	3,837,133	2,627,452	2,311,781	2,024,240	1,740,604	1,758,419	977,210	950,847	853,864
Fines and forfeitures	511,851	479,057	477,741	466,573	544,725	369,467	410,873	472,013	567,147	525,008
Licenses and permits	1,322,683	1,133,957	1,152,863	896,757	868,393	599,898	425,822	606,534	349,236	688,507
Grants	7,433,636	4,858,773	2,677,432	1,680,257	1,263,663	1,470,527	1,866,727	1,539,791	1,009,135	416,403
Contributions	3,594,921	1,251,106	3,163,948	3,201,581	253,338	323,114	1,202,402	155,841	571,420	464,059
Interest	61,952	38,677	141,245	40,857	35,717	31,345	85,067	167,987	838,362	729,347
Miscellaneous	1,569,948	1,979,200	4,791,275	1,557,194	794,663	638,501	476,019	3,113,615	689,693	618,508
Total revenues	66,317,438	59,804,417	57,264,075	51,475,711	44,497,203	41,483,762	41,720,000	40,083,311	40,297,928	35,945,495
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	6,663,862	6,385,081	6,097,814	5,525,445	5,406,881	5,126,855	5,047,266	4,945,249	4,732,186	4,510,560
Public safety	17,146,737	16,769,992	15,561,689	14,680,152	13,427,896	12,718,692	12,297,847	11,622,656	10,936,062	10,168,795
Recreation	7,252,049	6,009,329	4,603,727	4,077,746	3,684,363	3,253,297	2,720,375	3,364,846	2,212,633	1,789,620
Street Department	2,467,752	2,376,856	2,603,155	2,323,942	1,869,135	1,937,505	1,836,029	1,889,901	1,924,305	1,770,397
Library	1,256,940	1,168,999	1,108,606	983,062	895,126	854,923	830,120	-	1,208,547	832,901
CDBG	46,716	81,941	136,825	118,021	158,849	90,782	165,751	181,034	121,604	124,516
Capital outlay	24,889,343	17,102,620	22,341,166	8,566,666	22,666,009	13,188,720	22,989,044	21,104,769	19,604,041	16,822,224
Debt service										
Principal	7,035,000	6,245,000	5,160,000	5,560,000	4,400,000	4,115,000	4,130,000	4,935,000	6,845,000	987,952
Interest	2,037,961	2,292,930	2,481,252	2,668,529	2,812,133	2,938,080	2,297,110	1,438,213	1,622,291	234,141
Total expenditures	68,796,360	58,432,748	60,094,234	44,503,563	55,320,392	44,223,854	52,313,542	49,481,668	49,206,669	37,241,106
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,478,922)	1,371,669	(2,830,159)	6,972,148	(10,823,189)	(2,740,092)	(10,593,542)	(9,398,357)	(8,908,741)	(1,295,611)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Sale of capital assets	161,330	51,659	1,425,155	335,616	370,237	61,820	43,000	107,292	84,745	17,847
Issuance of notes payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,000,000
Proceeds from issuance of debt (includes premium)	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,467,980	30,550,996	-	36,900,542
Bond issue discount	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(255,000)	-	(308,845)
Bond issue cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	(74,886)	(91,228)	-	(244,739)
Transfers in	367,845	1,000,875	1,250,298	415,012	200,246	492,174	1,970,484	1,488,382	6,379,789	12,944,760
Transfers out	(3,072,654)	(3,465,927)	(1,513,852)	(708,443)	(672,459)	(1,866,163)	(3,069,467)	(2,555,797)	(7,623,201)	(15,565,225)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(2,543,479)	(2,413,393)	1,161,601	42,185	(101,976)	(1,312,169)	20,337,111	29,244,645	(1,158,667)	35,744,340
Net change in fund balances	\$ (5,022,401)	\$ (1,041,724)	\$ (1,668,558)	\$ 7,014,333	\$ (10,925,165)	\$ (4,052,261)	\$ 9,743,569	\$ 19,846,288	\$ (10,067,408)	\$ 34,448,729
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	21%	21%	20%	23%	22%	23%	22%	22%	29%	6%

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source
Last Ten Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Table 5

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Franchise Fees	Alcoholic Beverage Tax	State Turnback	Total
2007	\$ 4,276,919	\$ 18,713,134	\$ 2,368,396	\$ 151,421	\$ 2,606,262	\$ 28,116,132
2008	5,808,593	21,068,053	3,621,101	146,062	2,378,429	33,022,238
2009	6,476,257	18,952,125	3,794,918	148,626	2,523,161	31,895,087
2010	5,975,569	21,380,523	4,056,604	151,081	2,508,444	34,072,221
2011	6,119,288	21,639,791	4,396,945	169,763	2,808,320	35,134,107
2012	5,967,805	24,481,899	3,991,999	209,418	2,729,108	37,380,229
2013	6,557,935	26,320,374	4,166,269	268,692	2,665,348	39,978,618
2014	6,944,206	26,383,529	4,477,679	122,817	2,758,749	40,686,980
2015	7,248,656	29,458,234	4,599,120	84,264	2,705,936	44,096,210
2016	7,757,246	30,117,108	4,788,966	83,388	2,756,242	45,502,950

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Table 6

Year	Real Property		Personal Property		Total		Ratio of Total Assessed to Total Estimated Actual	Total Direct Tax Rate
	Assessed Value	Appraised Value	Assessed Value	Appraised Value	Assessed Value	Appraised Value		
2007	\$ 512,604,250	\$ 2,563,021,250	\$ 218,258,140	\$ 1,091,290,700	\$ 730,862,390	\$ 3,654,311,950	20%	6.45
2008	594,722,360	2,973,611,800	279,814,795	1,399,073,975	874,537,155	4,372,685,775	20%	6.45
2009	607,386,170	3,036,930,850	321,690,120	1,608,450,600	929,076,290	4,645,381,450	20%	7.21
2010	674,493,260	3,372,466,300	255,493,115	1,277,465,575	929,986,375	4,649,931,875	20%	7.21
2011	688,192,310	3,440,961,550	224,480,135	1,122,400,675	912,672,445	4,563,362,225	20%	7.21
2012	670,208,790	3,351,043,950	220,159,580	1,100,797,900	890,368,370	4,451,841,850	20%	7.21
2013	650,904,030	3,254,520,150	216,773,975	1,083,869,875	867,678,005	4,338,390,025	20%	7.21
2014	676,758,590	3,383,792,950	237,407,225	1,187,036,125	914,165,815	4,570,829,075	20%	7.21
2015	705,786,280	3,528,931,400	232,724,835	1,163,624,175	938,511,115	4,692,555,575	20%	7.21
2016	797,846,320	3,989,231,600	242,977,585	1,214,887,925	1,040,823,905	5,204,119,525	20%	7.11

Source: Benton County

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies - Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Years

Table 7

Year	City of Bentonville				Overlapping Rates			Northwest Arkansas Community College	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
	Firemen's Pension & Relief Fund	General Fund	Street Fund	Total	Benton County	Bentonville Public Schools			
2007	0.50	5.00	0.95	6.45	7.00	40.10		3.00	56.55
2008	0.50	5.00	0.95	6.45	7.00	40.10		3.00	56.55
2009	0.50	5.00	1.71	7.21	6.90	40.10		3.00	57.21
2010	0.50	5.00	1.71	7.21	6.90	43.70		3.00	60.81
2011	0.50	5.00	1.71	7.21	6.90	43.70		3.00	60.81
2012	0.50	5.00	1.71	7.21	6.90	43.70		3.00	60.81
2013	0.50	5.00	1.71	7.21	6.90	46.60		2.60	63.31
2014	0.50	5.00	1.71	7.21	6.90	46.60		2.60	63.31
2015	0.50	5.00	1.71	7.21	6.90	43.70		2.60	60.41
2016	0.50	4.90	1.71	7.11	7.10	46.60		2.60	63.41

Source: Benton County

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Principal Sales Taxpayers

Last Ten Years

The City of Bentonville, Arkansas's largest own-source revenue is sales taxes. Sales taxes primarily come from two separate taxes: a 2% city tax based on point of sale, and a portion of the county's 1% tax based on point of sale. In 2016 the city sales tax generated revenue of \$23,087,042. The City's portion of the county sales tax generated revenue of \$7,030,066.

According to Arkansas State Statutes, the City is required to keep the identity of individual tax payers confidential. Therefore, the City of Bentonville is not able to identify the top 10 tax payers. However, Bentonville enjoys a diverse economic sales tax base.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Principal Property Taxpayers

Last Ten Years

Table 8

Taxpayer	2016			2008		
	Rank	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Value	Rank	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Value
Wal-Mart/Sam's Club	1	\$ 177,776,875	17.08%	1	\$ 256,746,225	27.63%
QHG of Springdale Inc D/B/A Bates Medical Center	2	15,442,630	1.48%	2	17,922,995	1.93%
Bentonville Plaza Owner, LLC	3	8,371,940	0.80%	3	7,228,130	0.78%
J Street Company LLC	4	5,639,880	0.54%		N/A	N/A
AT&T Mobility LLC	5	5,331,025	0.51%		N/A	N/A
Behringer Harvard Beau Terre H LLC		N/A	N/A	4	8,270,000	0.89%
1003 Beau Terre Drive Holdings LLC		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A
Granite Beau Terre Holdings LLC	6	5,267,570	0.51%		N/A	N/A
Trails at Rainbow Curve	7	5,069,070	0.49%		N/A	N/A
Walton Boulevard Lodging/Doubletree Guest Suites	8	4,798,130	0.46%		N/A	N/A
Links at Rainbow Curve, The	9	4,589,615	0.44%		N/A	N/A
Links at Bentonville LTD Partnership	10	4,298,960	0.41%		N/A	N/A
SH&S Partnership		3,612,170	0.35%	5	4,052,360	0.44%
William A Lazenby		N/A	N/A	6	4,023,680	0.43%
Glen at Polo Park LP		N/A	N/A	7	3,635,020	0.39%
South Allies LLC		N/A	N/A	8	3,260,780	0.35%
Lowe's Home Centers, Inc.		2,871,020	0.28%	9	3,141,470	0.34%
Harbin Pointe Apartments		N/A	N/A	10	2,899,730	0.31%

Source: Benton County - Per county official information was only available since 2008.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Property Tax Levies and Collection
Last Ten Years

Table 9

Fiscal Year	Tax Roll Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percentage of Levy Collected	Prior Years' Collections	Total Collections	Percentage of Total Collections to Tax Levy
2007	2006	\$ 3,709,350	\$ 3,062,788	82.57%	\$ 640,651	\$ 3,703,439	99.84%
2008	2007	4,019,743	3,327,808	82.79%	685,105	4,012,913	99.83%
2009	2008	4,809,954	4,282,353	89.03%	520,524	4,802,877	99.85%
2010	2009	5,109,920	4,644,604	90.89%	460,429	5,105,033	99.90%
2011	2010	5,114,925	4,479,560	87.58%	627,867	5,107,427	99.85%
2012	2011	5,019,698	4,496,171	89.57%	515,009	5,011,180	99.83%
2013	2012	4,897,026	4,439,517	90.66%	444,431	4,883,948	99.73%
2014	2013	4,772,229	4,504,834	94.40%	231,893	4,736,727	99.26%
2015	2014	5,027,912	4,807,436	95.61%	105,996	4,913,432	97.72%
2016	2015	5,161,811	4,939,305	95.69%	221,470	5,160,775	99.98%

Source: Benton County

Property assessments are made; tax rates are established; and taxes are levied in one year for payment by the taxpayer and collection by local government the following year. The tax levy for this schedule includes the city's levy for its general fund, sales tax construction fund and fire pension plan.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Years

Table 10

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities: Sales Tax Bonds	Business-Type Activities: Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2007	\$ 36,585,279	\$ 35,434,273	\$ 72,019,552	6.91%	2,516
2008	32,977,443	33,480,608	66,458,051	5.97%	2,322
2009	58,324,233	31,242,657	89,566,890	7.64%	3,129
2010	75,591,529	28,887,644	104,479,173	7.75%	2,960
2011	71,451,626	26,426,982	97,878,608	7.19%	2,773
2012	67,026,723	23,858,740	90,885,463	5.96%	2,575
2013	61,441,820	21,175,923	82,617,743	4.76%	2,340
2014	56,256,916	18,358,535	74,615,451	4.29%	2,114
2015	49,987,013	15,579,393	65,566,406	3.54%	1,857
2016	42,927,110	13,414,930	56,342,040	3.04%	1,596

(1) Personal Income is disclosed in Table 13

(2) Population is disclosed in Table 13

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Last Ten Years

As of December 31, 2016, the City has no general bonded debt outstanding.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
Last Ten Years

Table 11

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Amount Applicable to Primary Government
Bentonville School District (1) (2)	\$ 242,146,941	54%	\$ 130,759,348
Northwest Arkansas Community College (3) (4)	33,468,307	29%	<u>9,705,809</u>
Subtotal, overlapping debt			140,465,157
City of Bentonville, Arkansas direct debt			<u>42,927,110</u>
Total direct and overlapping debt			<u><u>\$ 183,392,267</u></u>

Source: Outstanding debt amount from each governmental units most recent audited financial statements.

Note: The amount applicable to the City of Bentonville was estimated using population

(1) Amount as of 6/30/2015 which was the most recent Audited Financial Statements available

(2) Bentonville School District is comprised of multiple cities with an estimated population of 65,863 of which Bentonville is 35,301 or 54%

(3) Northwest Arkansas Community College was created by a property tax of residents that comprise the Bentonville and Rogers, AR school district. Population estimate for both areas is estimated at 121,827 of which Bentonville is 35,301 or 29%

(4) Amount as of 6/30/2015 which was the most recent Audited Financial Statements available

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Legal Debt Margin Information
Last Ten Years

As of December 31, 2016, the City has no general obligation debt.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Pledged Revenue Coverage – Proprietary Funds
Last Ten Years

Table 12

Year	Operating Revenue	Operating Expenses	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Debt Service			Coverage
				Principal	Interest	Total	
2007	\$ 57,727,924	\$ 47,650,610	\$ 10,077,314	\$ 1,807,107	\$ 1,332,689	\$ 3,139,796	3.21
2008	61,330,523	54,343,960	6,986,563	1,947,052	1,283,238	3,230,290	2.16
2009	63,285,449	55,776,213	7,509,236	2,231,337	1,212,258	3,443,595	2.18
2010	68,361,455	58,369,371	9,992,084	2,348,399	1,122,831	3,471,230	2.88
2011	76,436,148	69,125,852	7,310,296	2,454,048	1,035,743	3,489,791	2.09
2012	76,829,744	69,301,586	7,528,158	2,568,242	939,169	3,507,411	2.15
2013	78,342,368	68,968,824	9,373,544	2,671,957	837,173	3,509,130	2.67
2014	85,487,267	76,977,920	8,509,347	2,817,389	730,046	3,547,435	2.40
2015	88,959,008	78,826,457	10,132,551	2,779,142	718,860	3,498,002	2.90
2016	91,567,054	85,834,256	5,732,798	2,170,911	603,337	2,774,248	2.07

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Years

Table 13

Fiscal Year	City of Bentonville Population (1)	Benton County Population (1)	Per Capita Income (2)	Personal Income (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2007	28,621	153,406	\$ 36,412	\$ 1,042,147,852	4.50%
2008	28,621	153,406	38,879	1,112,755,859	4.90%
2009	28,621	153,406	40,981	1,172,917,201	7.30%
2010	35,301	221,339	38,196	1,348,356,996	7.60%
2011	35,301	221,339	38,565	1,361,383,065	5.60%
2012	35,301	221,339	43,199	1,524,967,899	5.20%
2013	35,301	221,339	49,148	1,734,973,548	5.10%
2014	35,301	221,339	49,226	1,737,727,026	4.00%
2015	35,301	221,339	52,509	1,853,620,209	3.20%
2016	35,301	221,339	52,509 (5)	1,853,620,209 (5)	2.70%

(1) U.S. Census Bureau

(2) Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers MSA (of which Bentonville is a part) information from the U.S. Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

(3) Calculated using City of Bentonville Population and Per Capita Income

(4) Bureau of Labor Statistics

(5) 2016 figures were not available at time of publication and therefore, amounts were maintained at 2015 figures

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Principal Employers
Last Ten Years

Table 14

Employer	2016			2009 (2)		
	Rank	Employees	Percentage of Population 35,301 (1)	Rank	Employees	Percentage of Population 35,301 (1)
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc	1	2,500+	7.08%	1	2,500+	7.08%
Mercy Health System of Northwest Arkansas	2	1000-2499	2.83%	8	200-299	0.57%
Bentonville School District	2	1000-2499	2.83%	2	1000-2499	2.83%
Northwest Health System	3	500-999	1.42%	5	300-499	0.85%
Benton County	3	500-999	1.42%	3	500-999	1.42%
City of Bentonville	3	500-999	1.42%	5	300-499	0.85%
Northwest Arkansas Community College	4	300-499	0.85%	5	300-499	0.85%
Arvest Bank Group, Inc	4	300-499	0.85%	3	500-999	1.42%
Black Hills Energy	4	300-499	0.85%			
Crafton Tull	4	300-499	0.85%			
Consumer Testing Laboratories	5	200-299	0.57%			
Outdoor Cap Company				8	200-299	0.57%
Fuji Film				8	200-299	0.57%

(1) Low figure in the range of employees used for calculation

(2) Figures from 2007 were not available. Figures from 2009 were latest available within last 10 years.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function
Last Ten Years

Table 15

Function	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Governmental Activities										
General government	59	65	64	67	64	65	61	61	57	59
Public safety	189	175	174	161	162	154	151	152	153	149
Recreation	160	90	70	46.5	43.5	37.5	34.5	31.5	32.5	29
Street Department	29	23	23	22	22	22	20	21	18	23
Library	28	24	23.5	21	20.5	20.5	21.5	19.5	18.5	17.5
Total	465.0	377.0	354.5	317.5	312.0	299.0	288.0	285.0	279.0	277.5
Business-Type Activities										
Electric	42	37	36	36	36	36	36	36	37	32
Water	39	38	38	38	37	38	37	27	38	37
Wastewater	25	22	21	22	22	22	23	36	25	25
Sanitation	23	21	21	22	22	23	22	22	23	22
Total	129	118	116	118	117	119	118	121	123	116
Total Primary Government	594	495	470.5	435.5	429.0	418.0	406.0	406.0	402.0	393.5

Source: Various city departments

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Operating Indicators by Function

Last Ten Years

Table 16

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Function										
Governmental Activities										
General Government										
Building Permits Issued	1,461	1,375	1,227	1,225	1,253	866	812	832	832	1,073
Building Inspections performed	19,380	19,514	14,228	16,222	13,782	9,920	8,646	7,461	8,999	13,216
Fire										
Fire related calls for service	935	759	636	541	483	493	438	387	447	437
EMS related calls for service	4,786	4,665	4,141	3,772	3,826	3,779	3,393	2,947	2,860	2,915
Police										
Calls for service Police	57,193	53,140	48,402	40,320	35,888	30,555	20,735	19,948	19,428	19,299
Calls for service Fire/EMS	6,294	6,111	5,455	5,029	4,925	4,907	4,364	3,759	3,802	3,802
Physical arrests	3,405	3,319	2,891	2,572	2,763	2,490	4,099	2,368	2,837	2,610
9-1-1 Calls	16,779	16,907	18,779	17,857	14,942	14,355	11,953	**	**	**
Recreation										
Program Participants	661,897	320,655	171,563	160,592	97,152	**	**	**	**	**
Transportation										
Streets Overlayed each year (miles)	3	2	4	2	3	3	4	2	2	2
Library										
Library card holders	27,058	35,514	30,621	27,190	27,108	28,066	28,340	27,339	26,022	22,648
Visits	300,766	298,585	296,819	296,031	300,652	277,059	282,300	267,288	259,998	255,800
Circulation (checkouts or materials)	679,444	651,289	602,218	560,778	541,028	482,198	473,351	443,582	375,569	337,048
Business-Type Activities										
Electric, Water, Wastewater Support Activities										
Meters read	530,850	503,834	483,297	466,085	450,585	438,307	426,214	410,290	403,028	389,286
Payments Processed (dollars)	\$ 88,326,913	\$ 84,237,799	\$ 84,480,153	\$ 73,951,337	\$ 72,493,590	\$ 70,010,486	\$ 70,851,679	\$ 67,461,859	\$ 64,287,305	\$ 62,893,221
Payments Processed (transactions)	190,814	185,954	188,519	182,333	177,907	173,423	173,668	166,158	164,930	161,589

** Data not available for given period.

Source: Various city departments

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Years

Table 17

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Function										
Governmental Activities										
General Government										
Number of general government buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Fire										
Fire Trucks available each year	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Ambulances available each year	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Fire Stations	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Police										
Police Units (cars/trucks) that were available each year	85	83	80	77	70	69	69	69	67	63
Recreation										
Parks Acreage	341	341	311	311	311	309	291	285	285	**
Number of Parks	20	20	19	19	19	18	13	13	13	13
Number of Trails	25	24	23	23	23	21	16	15	**	**
Baseball/softball fields	24	24	24	24	24	24	20	20	20	20
Soccer Fields / Football Fields	16	16	13	13	10	10	9	9	9	**
Tennis Courts	14	14	14	14	14	14	6	6	6	**
Basketball Courts	5	5	4	4	4	4	**	**	**	**
Swimming Pools / Splash Parks	4	4	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
Ice Rink	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Indoor Rec Center	2	2	1	1	1	1				
Transportation										
Total Paved Streets (miles)	261	250	253	246	244	237	235	234	231	226
Traffic Signals	45	41	41	41	41	41	39	39	37	34
Library										
Items Available for checkout	134,725	131,070	121,905	114,238	111,887	103,000	92,869	88,387	77,409	70,416
Business-Type Activities										
Electric										
Electric Substations	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8
Electric Lines (miles)										
Distribution	885.88	846.25	837.40	723.50	699.50	669.00	638.50	608.00	577.50	547.00
Transmission	16.32	16.32	16.32	16.32	16.32	**	**	**	**	**
Water										
Water Lines (miles)	314.40	307.30	301.60	298.30	290.50	288.30	285.00	262.80	256.60	239.80
Sewer Lines (miles)	300.40	294.20	289.30	287.20	283.60	282.00	276.70	274.40	274.00	272.10

** Data not available for given period.

Source: Various city departments.

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Water and Wastewater Rates

December 31, 2016

Table 18

Per 1,000 gallons						
	Water			Wastewater		
	Residential	Irrigation	Commercial	Residential	Commercial	
Inside City monthly usage rates						
First 4,000 gallons of water	\$ 3.22	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Next 6,000 gallons of water	3.69	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Over 10,000 gallons of water	5.36	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
All Consumption	N/A	\$ 4.34	\$ 3.69	\$ 7.69	\$ 8.22	
Outside City monthly usage rates						
First 4,000 gallons of water	\$ 3.84	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Next 6,000 gallons of water	4.41	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Over 10,000 gallons of water	6.41	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
All Consumption	N/A	\$ 5.19	\$ 4.41	\$ 9.23	\$ 9.86	
Rate per Month						
	Water	Irrigation	Wastewater			
				Residential	Commercial	
Meter rates						
5/8" meter	\$ 7.71	\$ 8.89	\$ 13.41	\$ 14.33		
3/4" meter	7.71	8.89	13.41	14.33		
1" meter	19.28	22.50	44.16	47.19		
1-1/2" meter	83.55	96.41	164.05	175.31		
2" meter	89.98	103.91	175.15	187.17		
3" meter	134.97	155.32	257.30	274.95		
4" meter	385.63	444.55	721.32	770.81		
6" meter	835.54	964.08	1,553.89	1,660.50		

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Schedule of Electric, Water and Wastewater Customers
and Annual Billable Water Gallons
December 31, 2016

Table 19

Type	Number of Customers
Electric	21,775
Water	20,644
Wastewater	16,507
<hr/>	
Year Ended December 31, 2016	Gallons
Annual billable water gallons	2,287,505,000

City of Bentonville, Arkansas

Schedule of Insurance Coverage

December 31, 2016

Table 20

Policy Coverage	Policy Period	Coverage	Insurer
Property	7-8-16 to 7-8-17	\$183,267,674	Affiliated FM Insurance Company
Municipal vehicles - Includes property and bodily injury	1-1-16 to 1-1-17	\$25,000 for one person, \$50,000 for multiple persons	Arkansas Municipal League
Fraudulent or dishonest acts	1-1-16 to 1-1-17	\$300,000	Arkansas Fidelity Bond Trust Fund

Other Required Reports

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance With Arkansas State Requirements

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Bentonville, Arkansas

We have examined management's assertions that the City of Bentonville, Arkansas complied with the requirements of Arkansas Act 15 of 1985 and the following Arkansas statutes during the year ended December 31, 2016.

- (1) Arkansas Municipal Accounting Law of 1973, § 14-59-101 et seq.;
- (2) Arkansas District Courts and City Courts Accounting Law, § 16-10-201 et seq.;
- (3) Improvement contracts, §§ 22-9-202 – 22-9-204;
- (4) Budgets, purchases, and payments of claims, etc., § 14-58-201 et seq. and 14-58-301 et seq.;
- (5) Investment of public funds, § 19-1-501 et seq.; and
- (6) Deposit of public funds, §§ 19-8-101 – 19-8-107.

Management is responsible for its assertion. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assertion about the City's compliance with the aforementioned requirements above based upon on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether management's assertion about compliance with the specified requirements is fairly stated, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether management's assertion is fairly stated, in all material respects. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of management's assertion, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, management's assertion that the City of Bentonville, Arkansas complied with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended December 31, 2016, is fairly stated, in all material respects.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing body, management, and the State of Arkansas and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BKD, LLP

Rogers, Arkansas
June 27, 2017

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

Single Audit Section

(This Page Intentionally Left Blank)

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended December 31, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Department of Housing and Urban Development Programs				
<i>CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster</i>				
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development/Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-14-MC-05-0013	\$ 20,000	\$ 135,296
		<i>Cluster Total</i>	<u>20,000</u>	<u>135,296</u>
		Total Department of Housing and Urban Development Programs	<u>20,000</u>	<u>135,296</u>
Department of Transportation Programs				
<i>Highway Planning and Construction Cluster</i>				
U.S. Department of Transportation/Arkansas State Highway and Transportation Department/Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	AHTD #090218 LY10-3314-001	-	4,505,329
		<i>Cluster Total</i>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,505,329</u>
U.S. Department of Transportation/Airport Improvement Program	20.106	N/A	-	93,613
		Total Department of Transportation Programs	<u>-</u>	<u>4,598,942</u>
Department of Justice Programs				
U.S. Department of Justice/Missing Children's Assistance	16.710	N/A	-	4,392
		Total Department of Justice Programs	<u>-</u>	<u>4,392</u>
Department of Homeland Security Programs				
U.S. Department of Homeland Security/Arkansas Department of Emergency Management/Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	AR DR-4254	-	53,587
		Total Department of Homeland Security Programs	<u>-</u>	<u>53,587</u>
		Total Expenditures of Federal Awards	<u>\$ 20,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,792,217</u>

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2016

Notes to Schedule

1. This accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the “Schedule”) includes the federal awards activity of the City. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.
2. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments* or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Bentonville, Arkansas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bentonville, Arkansas, (the City) as of December 31, 2016, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 27, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting (internal control). In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BKD, LLP

Rogers, Arkansas
June 27, 2017

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program And Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Internal Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Bentonville, Arkansas

Report on Compliance for Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Bentonville, Arkansas (the City's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2016. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, contracts and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Bentonville, Arkansas complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BKD, LLP

Rogers, Arkansas
June 27, 2017

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended December 31, 2016

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

1. The type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) was:

Unmodified Qualified Adverse Disclaimed

2. The independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting disclosed:

Significant deficiency(ies)? Yes None Reported
Material weakness(es)? Yes No

3. Noncompliance considered material to the financial statements was disclosed by the audit?

Yes No

Federal Awards

4. The independent auditor's report on internal control over compliance for major federal awards programs disclosed:

Significant deficiency(ies)? Yes None Reported
Material weakness(es)? Yes No

5. The opinion(s) expressed in the independent auditor's report on compliance for major federal awards was (were):

Unmodified Qualified Adverse Disclaimed

6. The audit disclosed findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Yes No

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2016

7. The City's major program was:

Cluster/Program	CFDA Number
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205

8. The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.

9. The City qualified as a low-risk auditee?

Yes No

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2016

Findings Required to be Reported by Government Auditing Standards

Reference Number	Finding
	No matters are reportable.

Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance

Reference Number	Finding	Questioned Costs
	No matters are reportable.	

City of Bentonville, Arkansas
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
Year Ended December 31, 2016

Reference Number	Summary of Finding	Status
	No matters are reportable.	