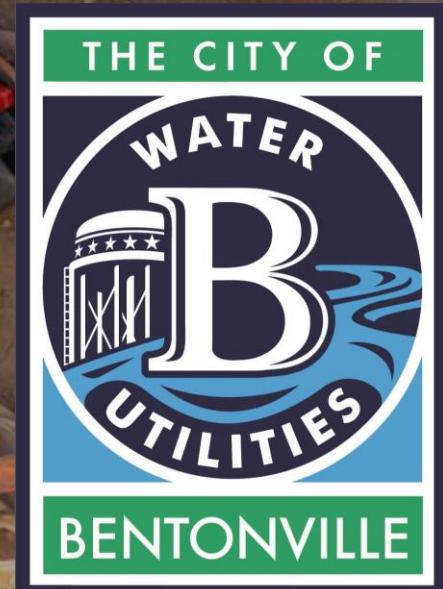


A photograph showing several construction workers in a large, circular sewer tunnel. They are wearing yellow hard hats and high-visibility vests. One worker is in the foreground, another is further back, and a third is on the left side. They are working on a large, blue, corrugated pipe that runs across the tunnel. The tunnel walls are made of concrete and show some wear and debris. The lighting is somewhat dim, coming from the workers' headlamps and the pipe itself.

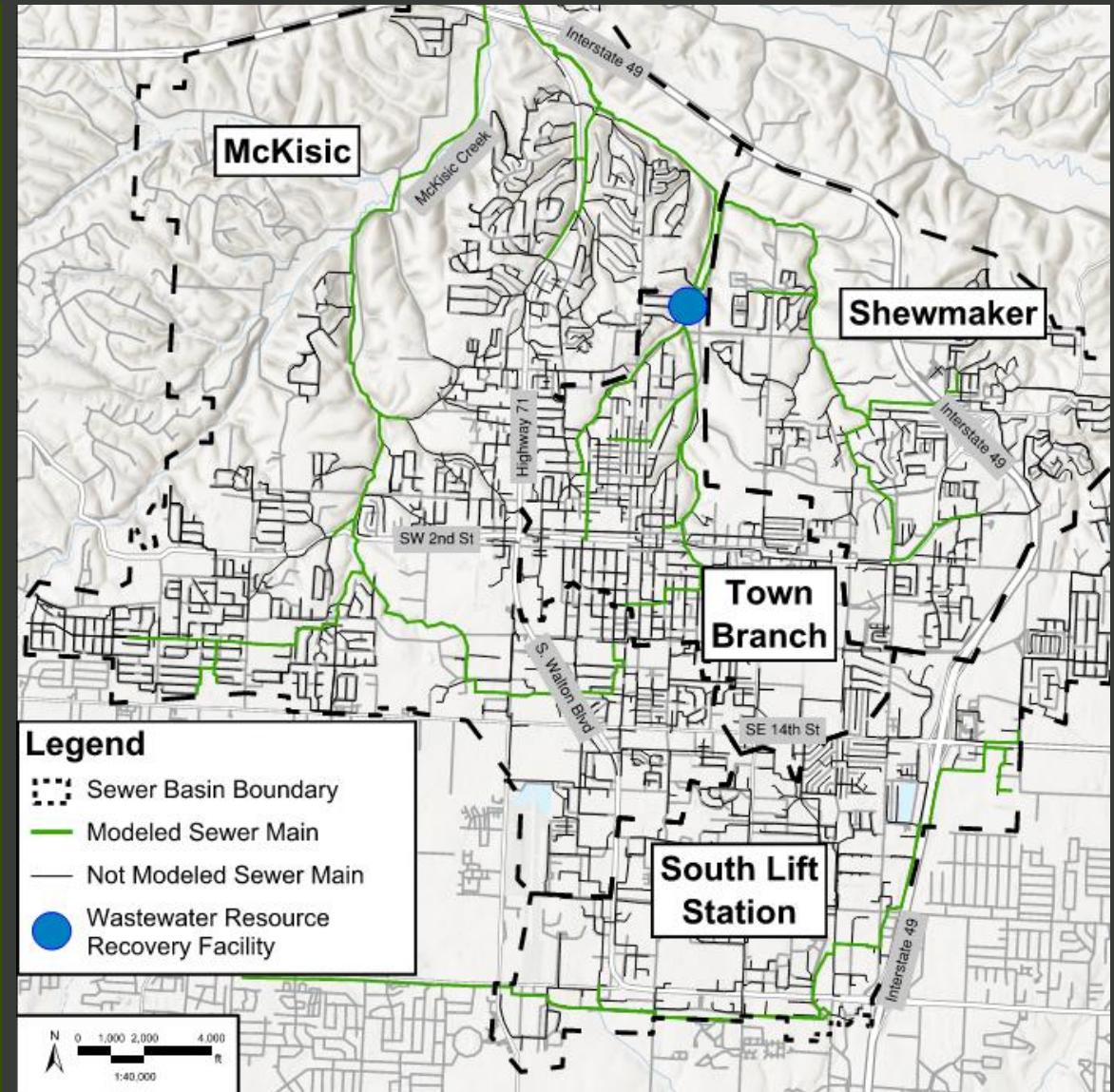
Bentonville Sewer Collection Analysis and Peak Flow Management Program

Chris Dougherty, PE



Background, Part I Study

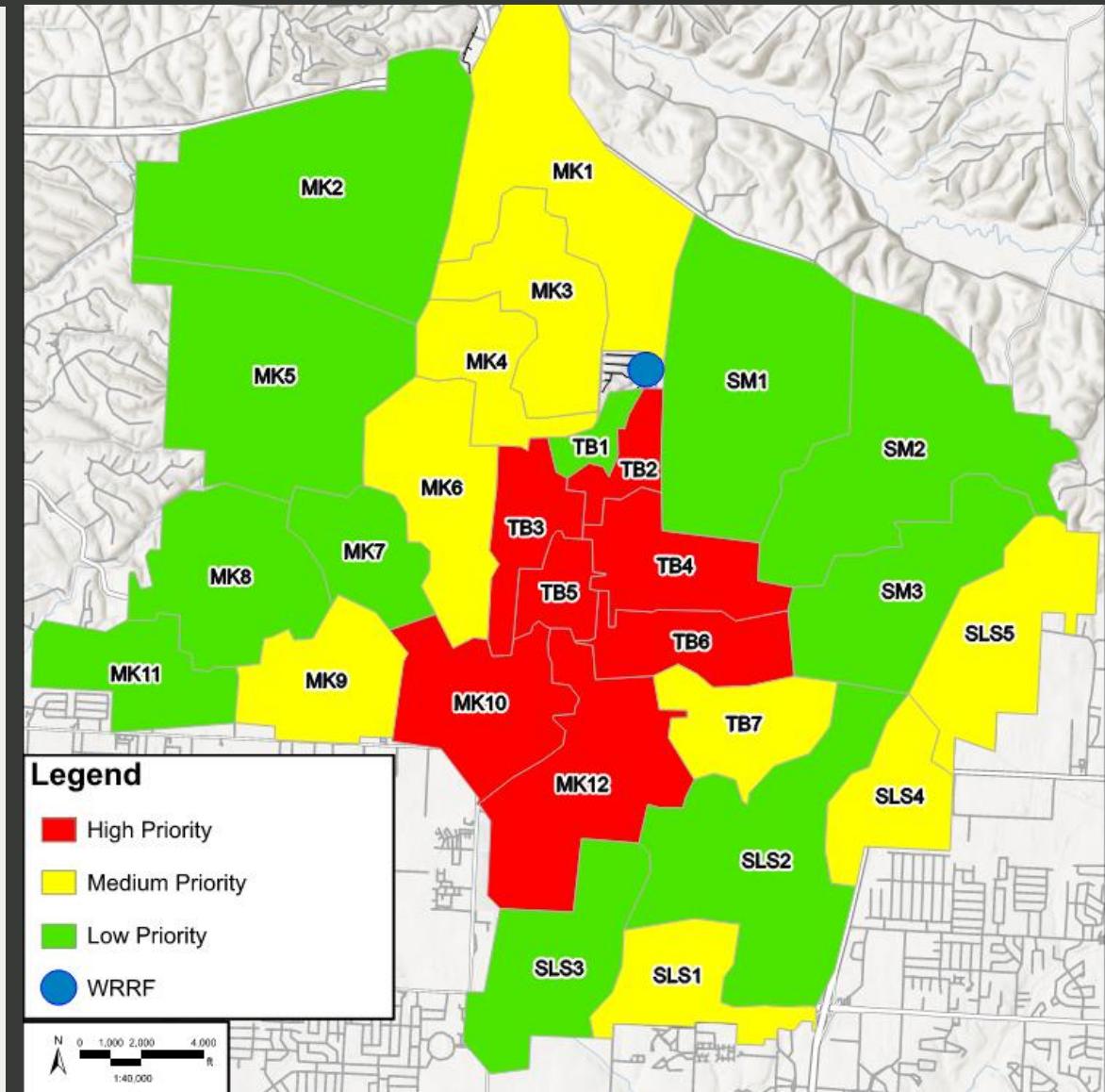
- Long term flow monitoring:
 - September 2020 – June 2021
 - 27 Flow Meters total
- Creation of Study Basins
- Creation of Hydraulic Model
- Part 1 Recommendations:
 - Field investigation of high I/I Subbasins
 - Model Future Scenarios to develop Capital Improvement Recommendations

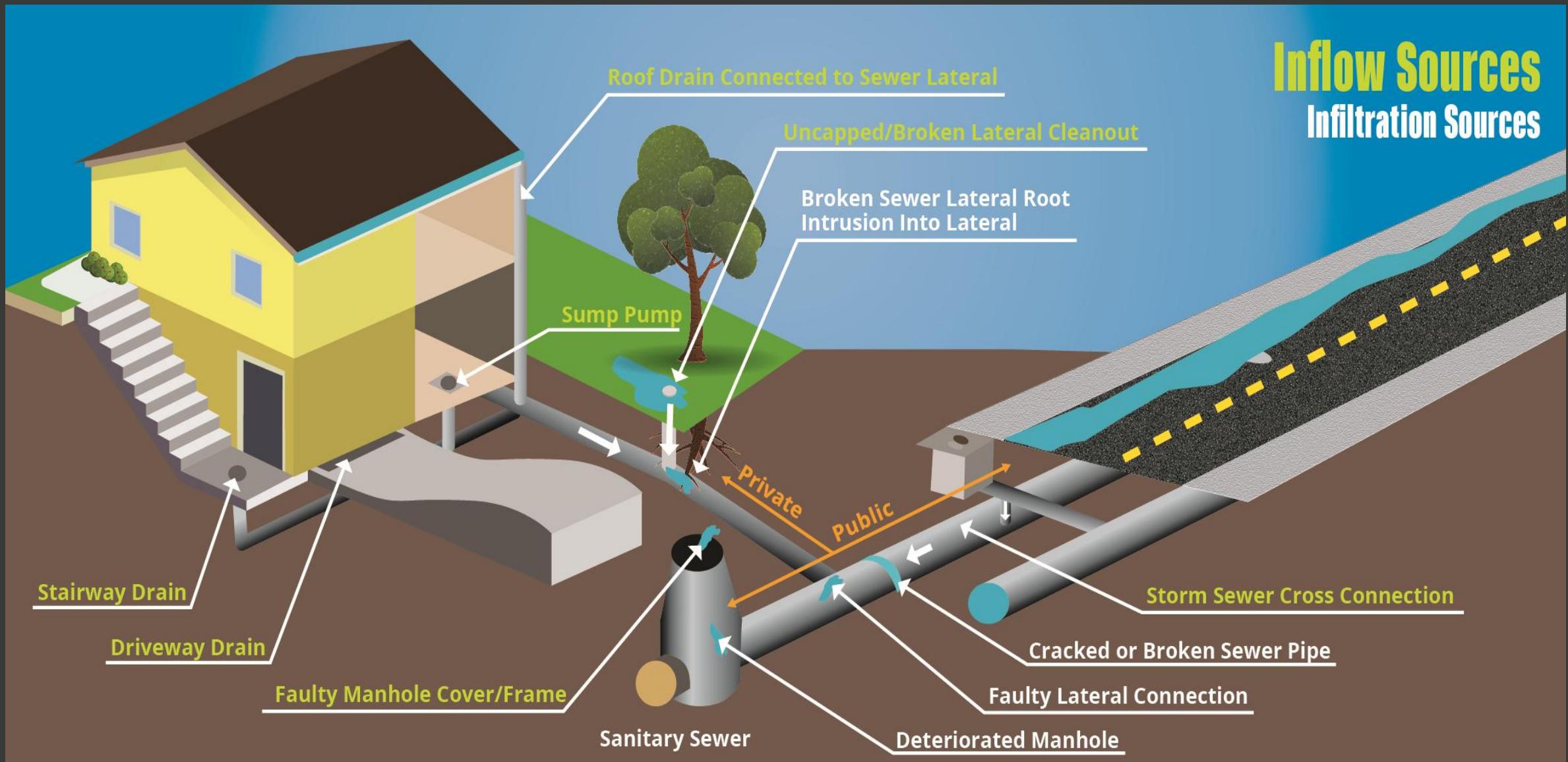


I/I Severity by Sub-basin

Sub-basins were prioritized by:

- Peak I/I Flow Rates
- Quantity and Size of Existing Pipes and Manholes
- **High Priority**
 - 7 Sub-basins
- **Medium Priority**
 - 9 Sub-basins
- **Low Priority**
 - 11 Sub-basins





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Sources of Infiltration/Inflow

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Sanitary Sewer Evaluation Survey (SSES)

SSES Field Testing Included:

- 19,886 LF CCTV
- 166,100 LF Acoustic sounding
- 209,000 LF Smoke testing
- 1,330 Manhole Inspections
- 537 in Part 1
- 793 in Part 2

Recommended Rehabilitation Methods:

- Lining defective pipes
- Lining MHs
- Replace/Reset MH Frame/Riser
- Bench/Invert/Pipe Seal Rehab
- Point Repairs

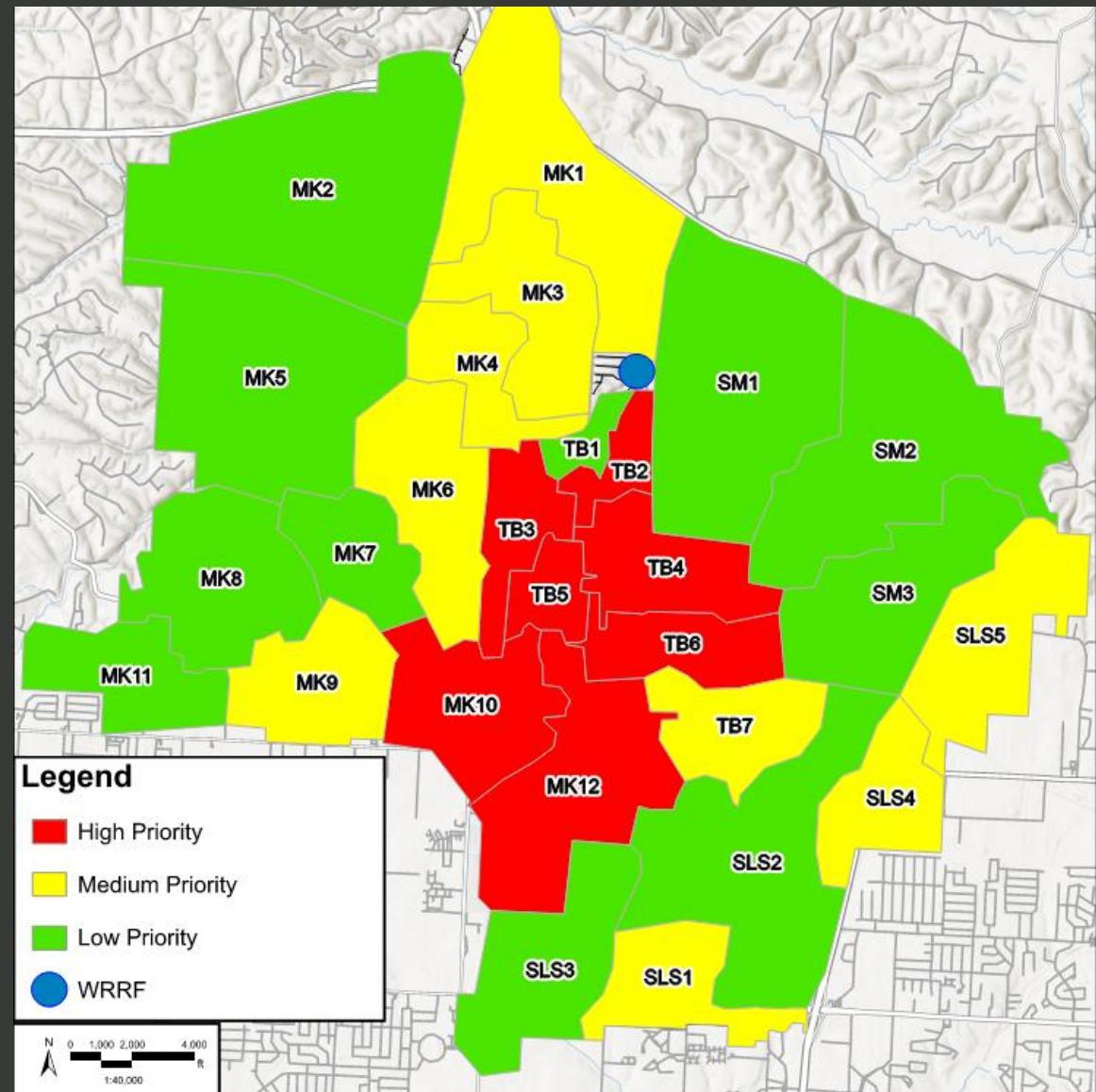


Sub-basins were prioritized by:

- Peak I/I Flow Rates
- Quantity & Size of Existing Pipes and Manholes

Priority	High	Medium	Low
Number of Sub-basins	7	9	11
Source Type	Quantity	Flow Rate (gpm)	% GPM of Total
Public-Sector ¹	743	805	61%
Private-Sector	168	514	39%
Total	911	1,319	100%

¹Not all sources recommended for rehabilitation



Private I/I Sources

Recommended Private I/I Abatement Program

- 514 GPM Flow Reduction
- \$232,000 Estimated Cost includes 20% contingency

Inflow/Infiltration Source	Quantity	Flow Rate (gpm)
Area Drain	3	6.55
Downspout	1	13.19
Foundation Drain	4	16.69
Grease Trap	2	2.00
Septic	2	15.00
Service Lateral	39	76.85
Storm Ditch – Service Lateral	1	2.29
Uncapped Cleanout	116	381.17
Total	168	513.74

Inflow/Infiltration Source	Quantity	Flow Rate (gpm)
Manhole	653	327.84
Main Sewer	82	270.69
Fountain Drain	1	15.00
Storm Ditch – Mainline	5	120.30
Storm Ditch – Storm Inlet	2	71.65
Total	743	805.48

Public I/I Sources

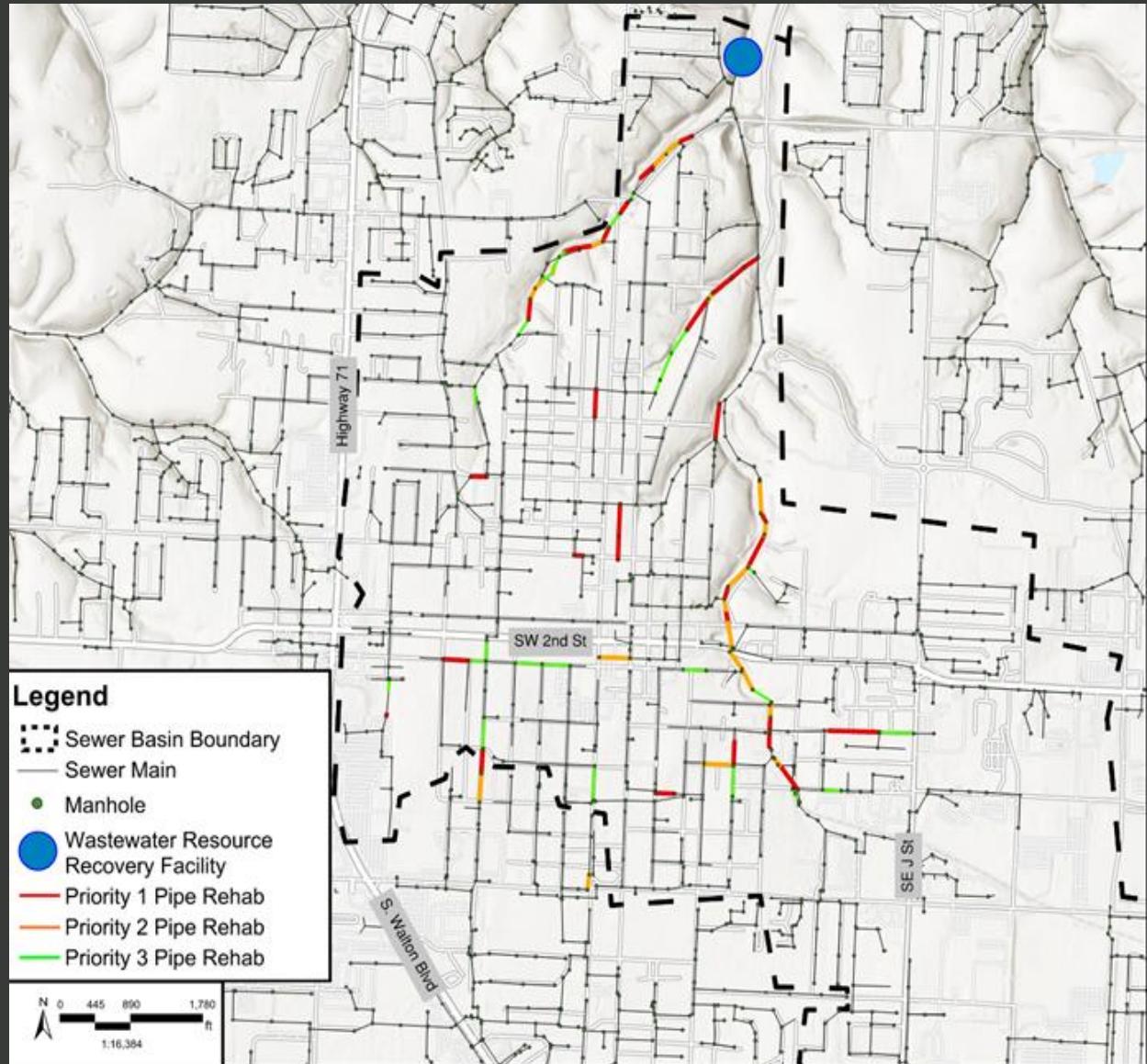
Recommended Public I/I Rehabilitation

- 432 GPM Flow Reduction
- \$3,888,000 Estimated Cost including 30% contingency on manholes and 20% contingency on Main Sewer



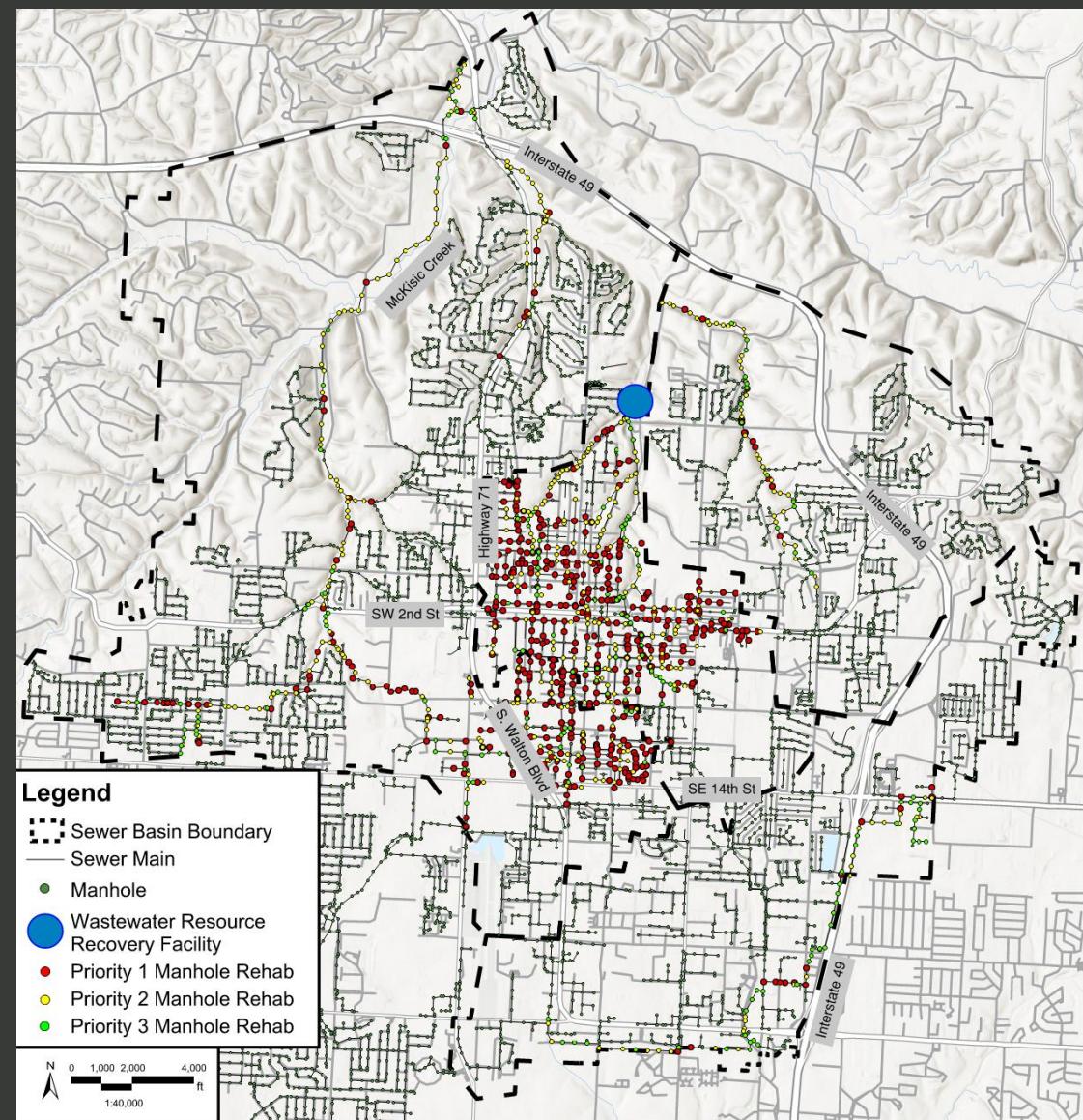
Priority	LF	Est. Flow Reduction (GPM)	Cost Estimate ¹
1	7,200	135	\$1,074,000
2	4,300	84	\$470,000
Total	11,500	219	\$1,544,000

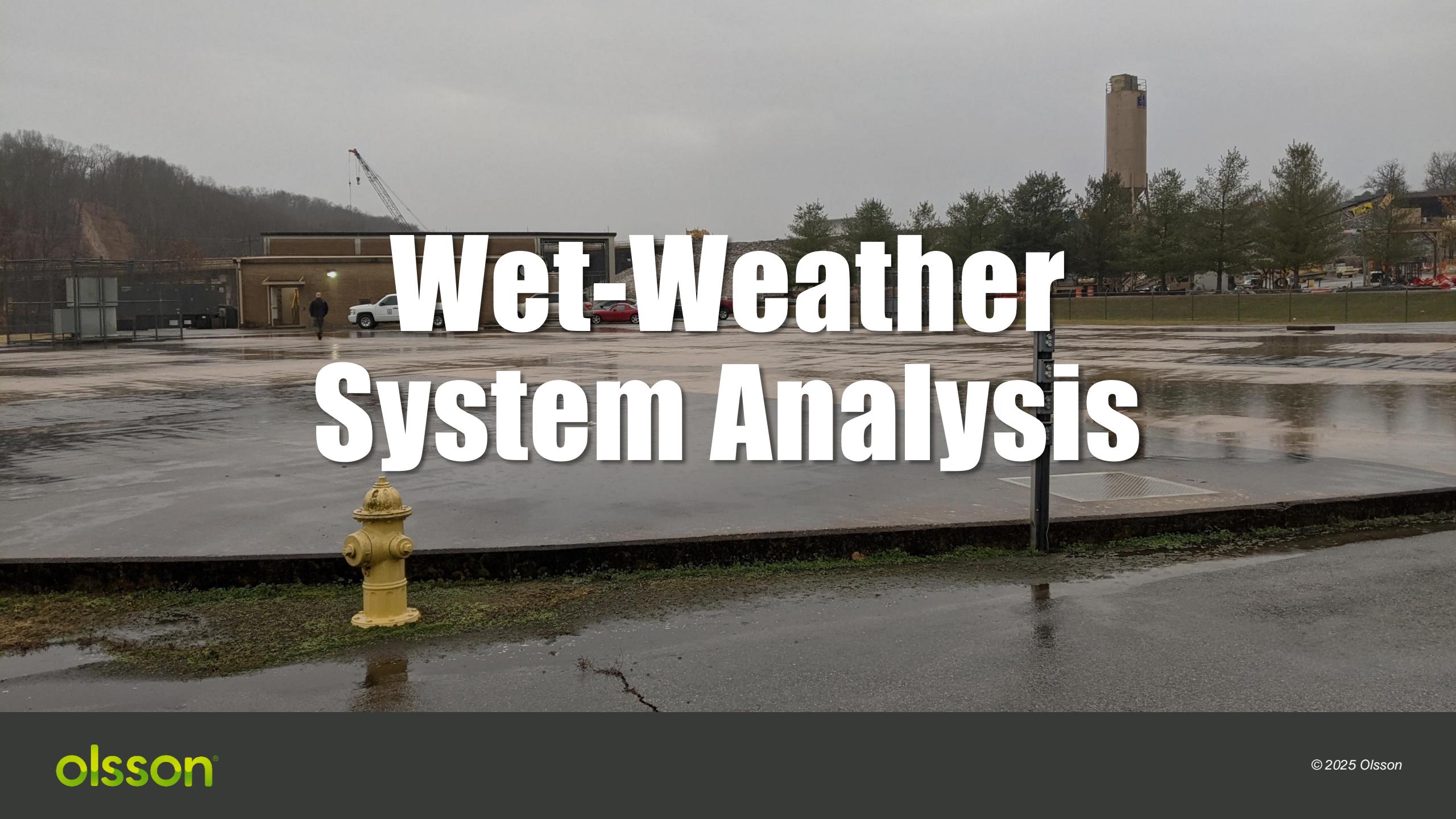
¹ Cost includes a 20% contingency that includes engineering, administration fees, inspections and construction overages.



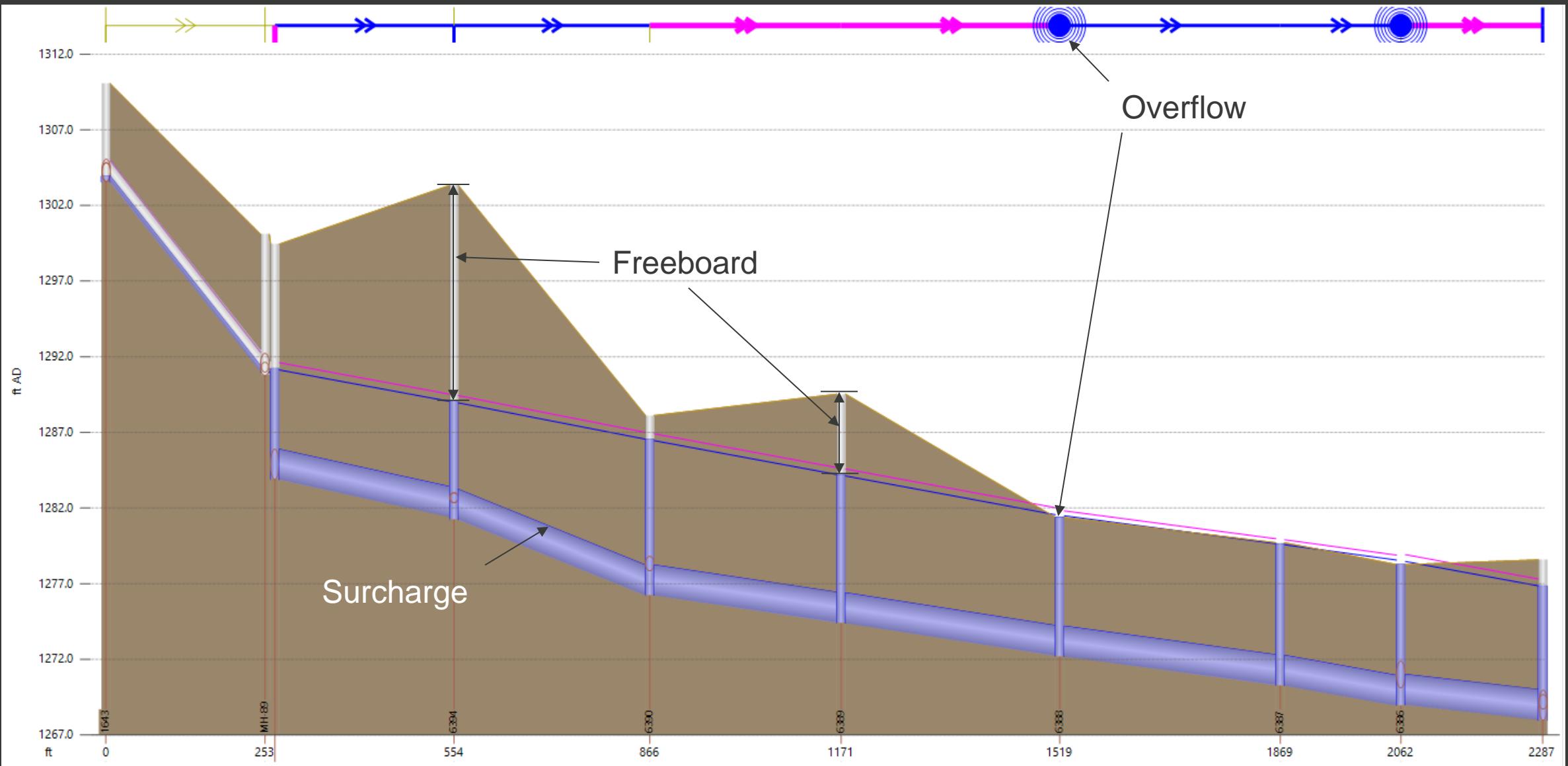
Priority	Quantity	Flow Reduction (GPM)	Cost Estimate ¹
1	182	125	\$1,075,000
2	220	88	\$1,269,000
Total	402	213	\$2,344,000

¹ Cost includes a 20% contingency that includes engineering, administration fees, inspections and construction overages.





Wet-Weather System Analysis



olsson® Pipe Surcharging, Manhole Freeboard, & Overflows

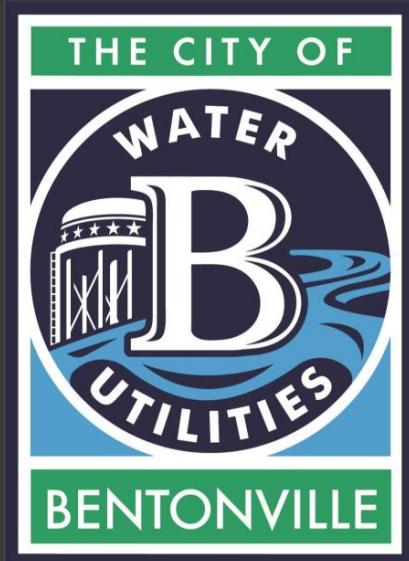
© 2025 Olsson

Ultimate Buildout Projections

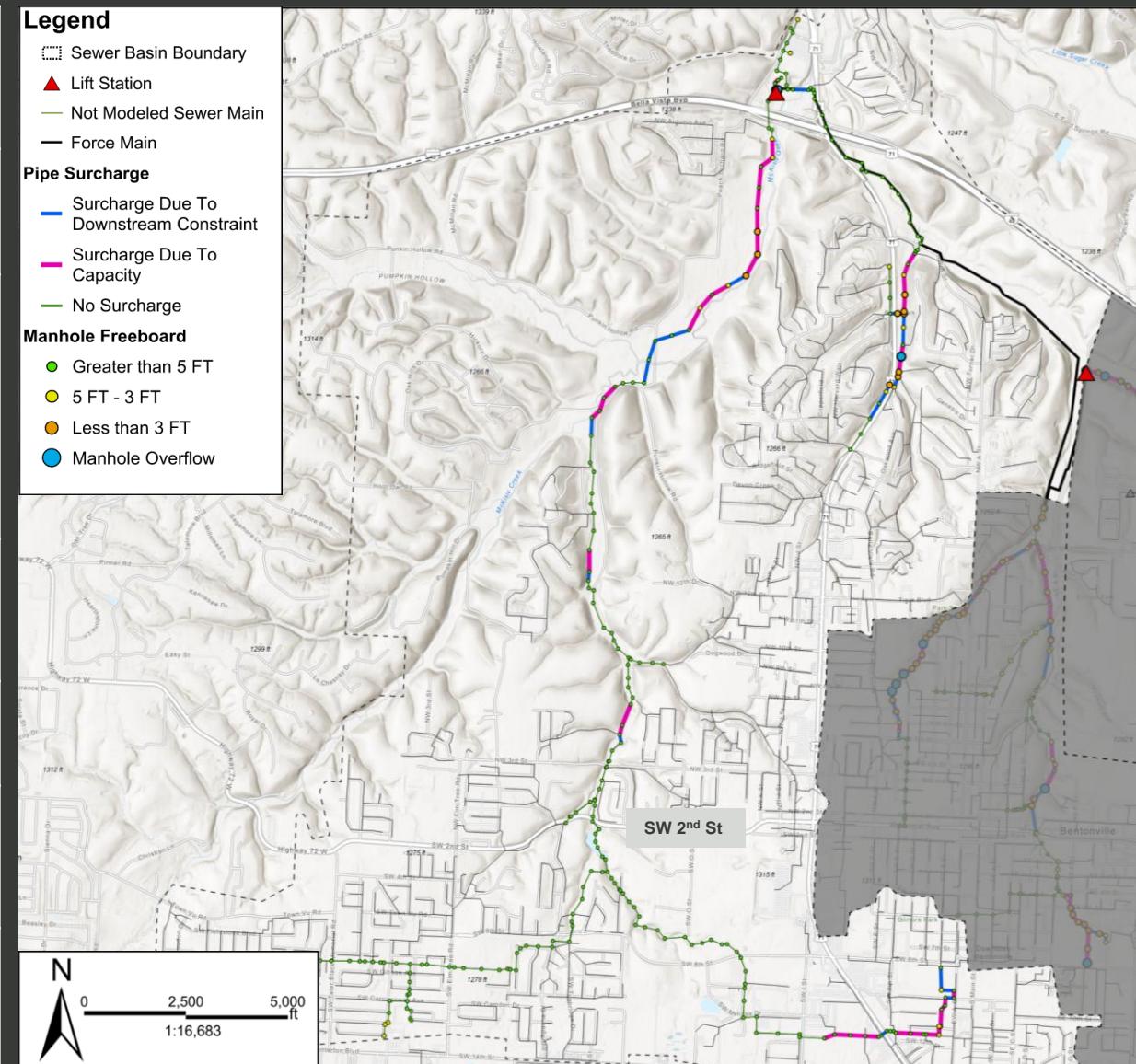
- Plan Bentonville's Future Land Use Map (FLUM) used for Ultimate Buildout Conditions
- Residential Population and Commercial Population were used to develop future wastewater flows for Ultimate Buildout conditions
- No additional industrial flow is included in projections



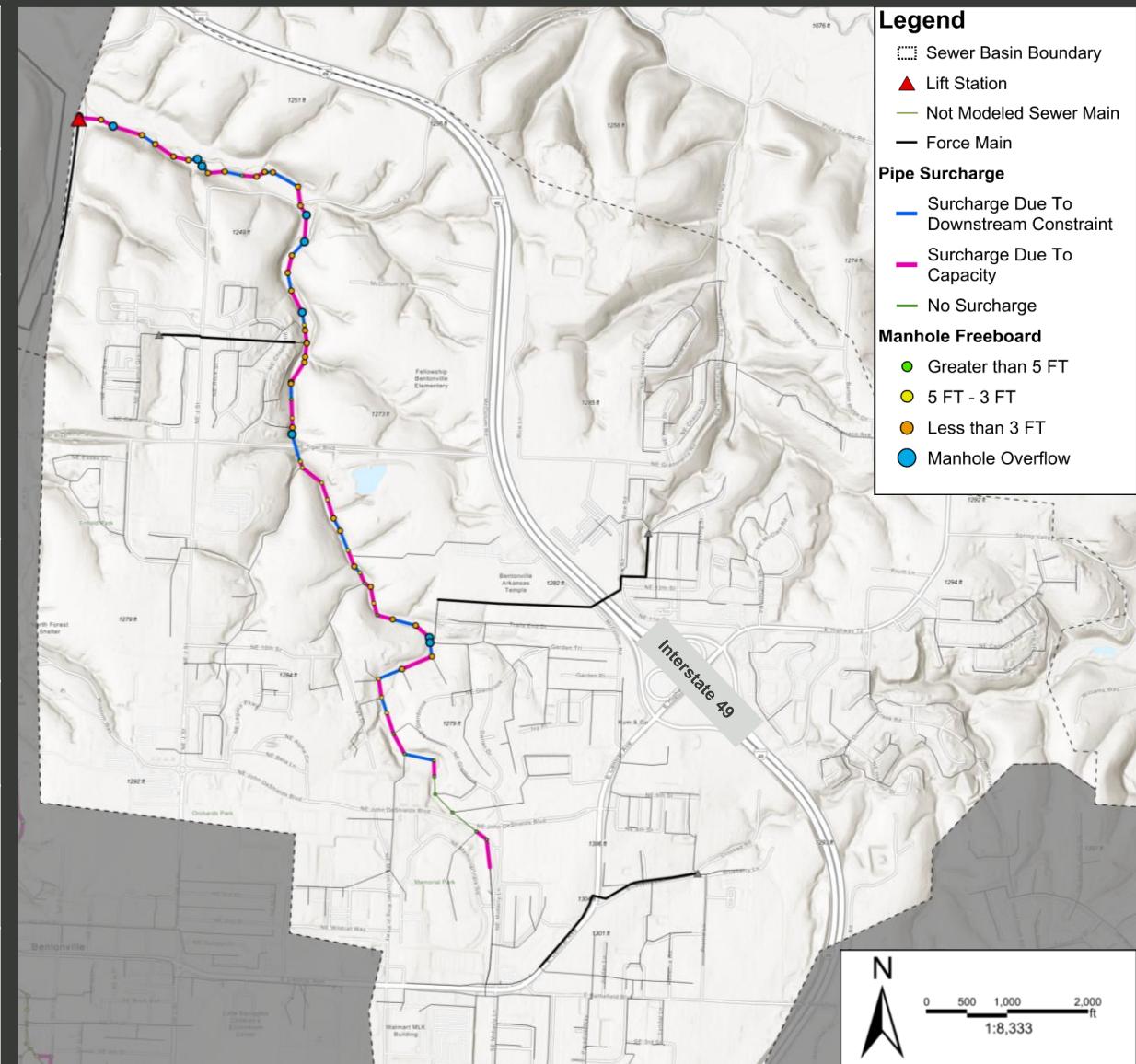
Population	Quantity	GPCD	Total Flow, MGD	To WRRF, MGD	To NACA, MGD
Commercial	149,654	30	4.5	2.8	1.7
Residential	116,510	65	7.6	5.3	2.3
Total			12.1	8.1	4.0
2023 Total Flow			3.3	2.5	0.8
Percent Increase			+270%	+230%	+390%



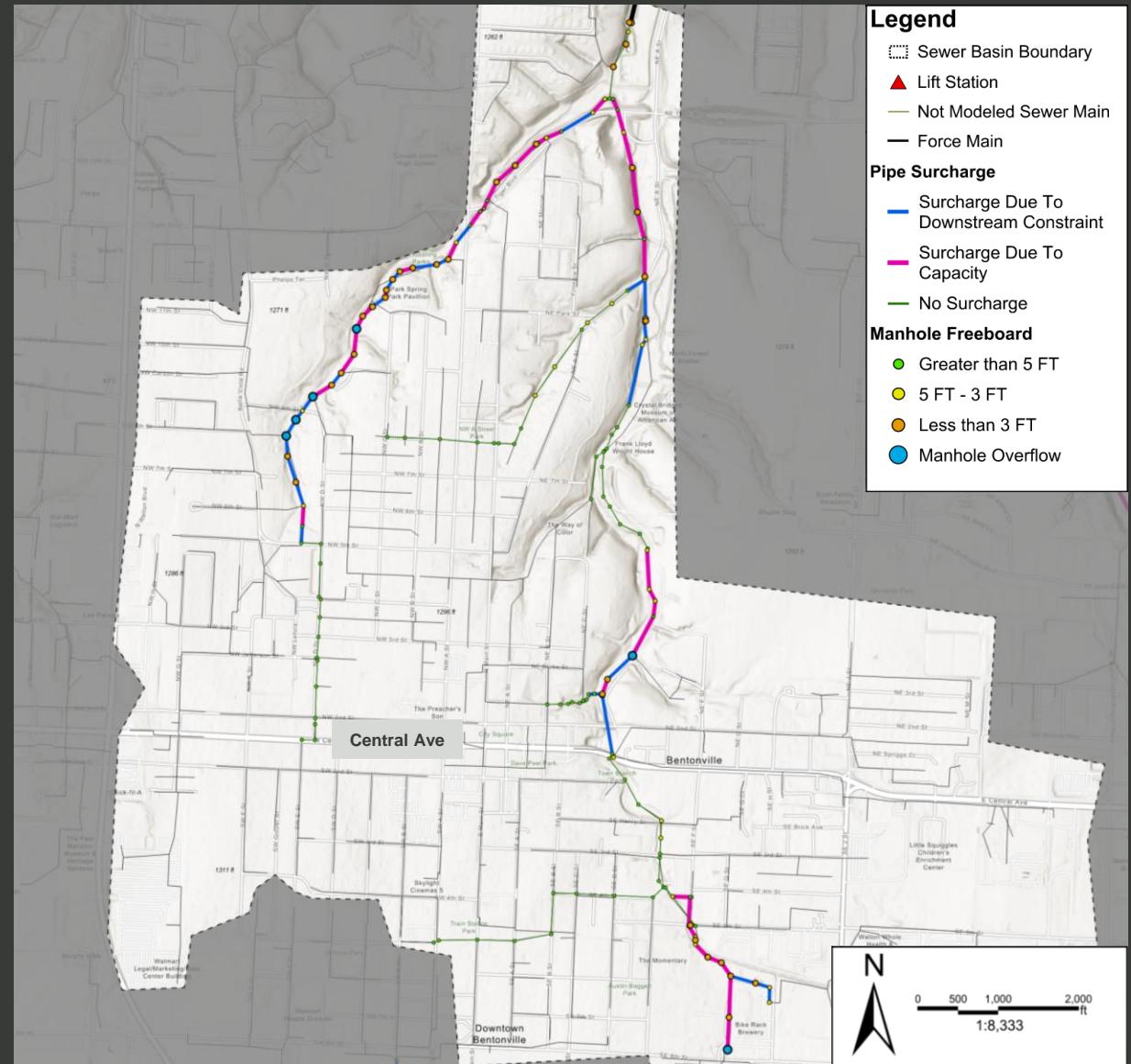
Condition	Existing		Ultimate Buildout	
	MH	Pipe, LF	MH	Pipe, LF
Pipes Surcharged due to Downstream Constraint	20	2,764	26	7,018
Pipes Surcharged due to Capacity	11	3,891	43	12,312
Overflows	0	-	3	-
Manhole Freeboard 0'-3'	5	-	11	-
Manhole Freeboard 3'-5'	11	-	20	-



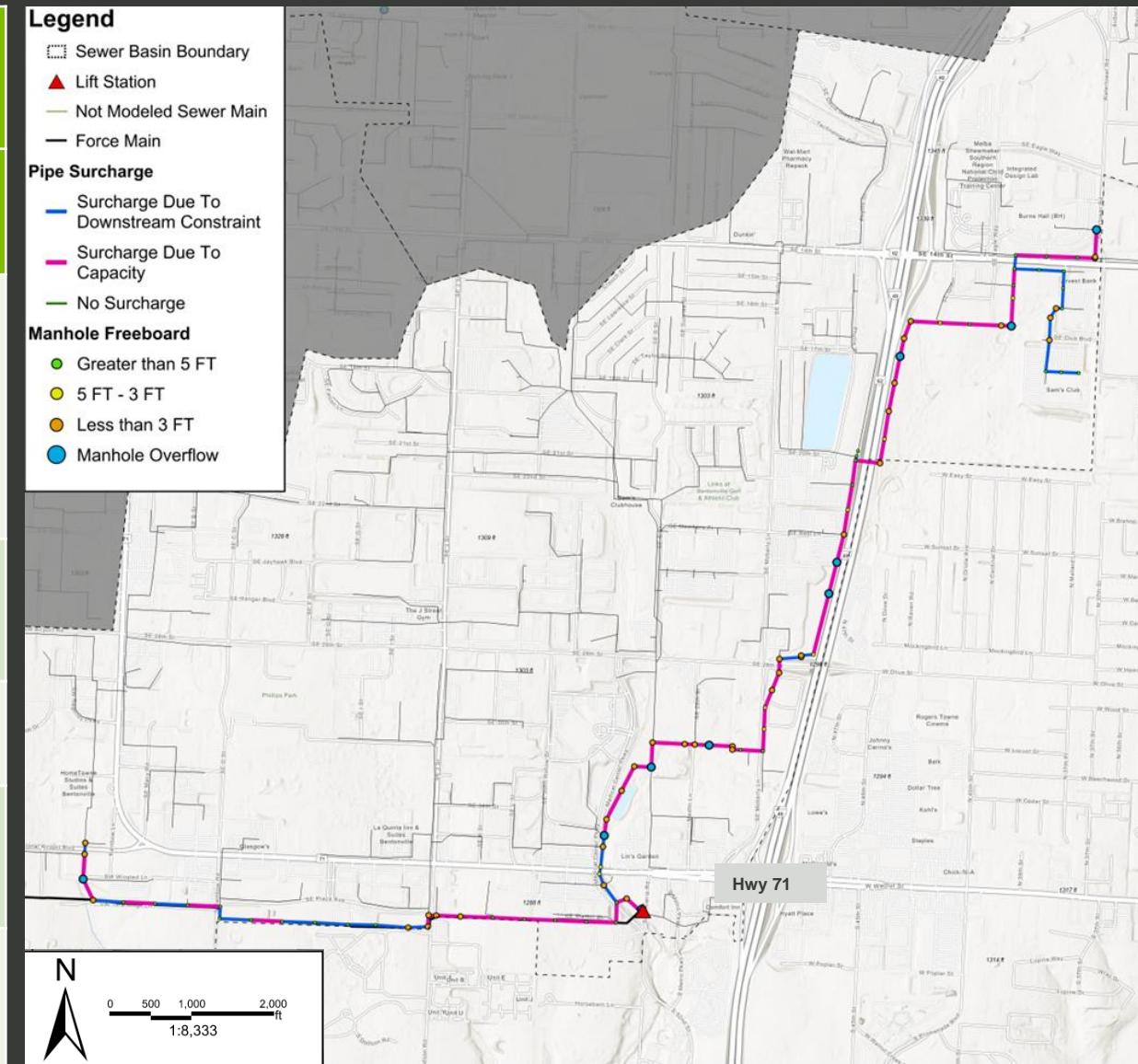
Condition	Existing		Ultimate Buildout	
	MH	Pipe, LF	MH	Pipe, LF
Pipes Surcharged due to Downstream Constraint	30	3,432	25	4,361
Pipes Surcharged due to Capacity	22	5,779	40	8,131
Overflows	3	-	10	-
Manhole Freeboard 0'-3'	18	-	32	-
Manhole Freeboard 3'-5'	17	-	22	-



Condition	Existing		Ultimate Buildout	
	MH	Pipe, LF	MH	Pipe, LF
Pipes Surcharged due to Downstream Constraint	31	4,384	34	5,967
Pipes Surcharged due to Capacity	24	4,997	41	7,707
Overflows	3	-	6	-
Manhole Freeboard 0'-3'	27	-	32	-
Manhole Freeboard 3'-5'	29	-	32	-



Condition	Existing		Ultimate Buildout	
	MH	Pipe, LF	MH	Pipe, LF
Pipes Surcharged due to Downstream Constraint	52	6,009	33	7,225
Pipes Surcharged due to Capacity	27	14,579	60	16,594
Overflows	0	-	11	-
Manhole Freeboard 0'-3'	3	-	35	-
Manhole Freeboard 3'-5'	8	-	20	-



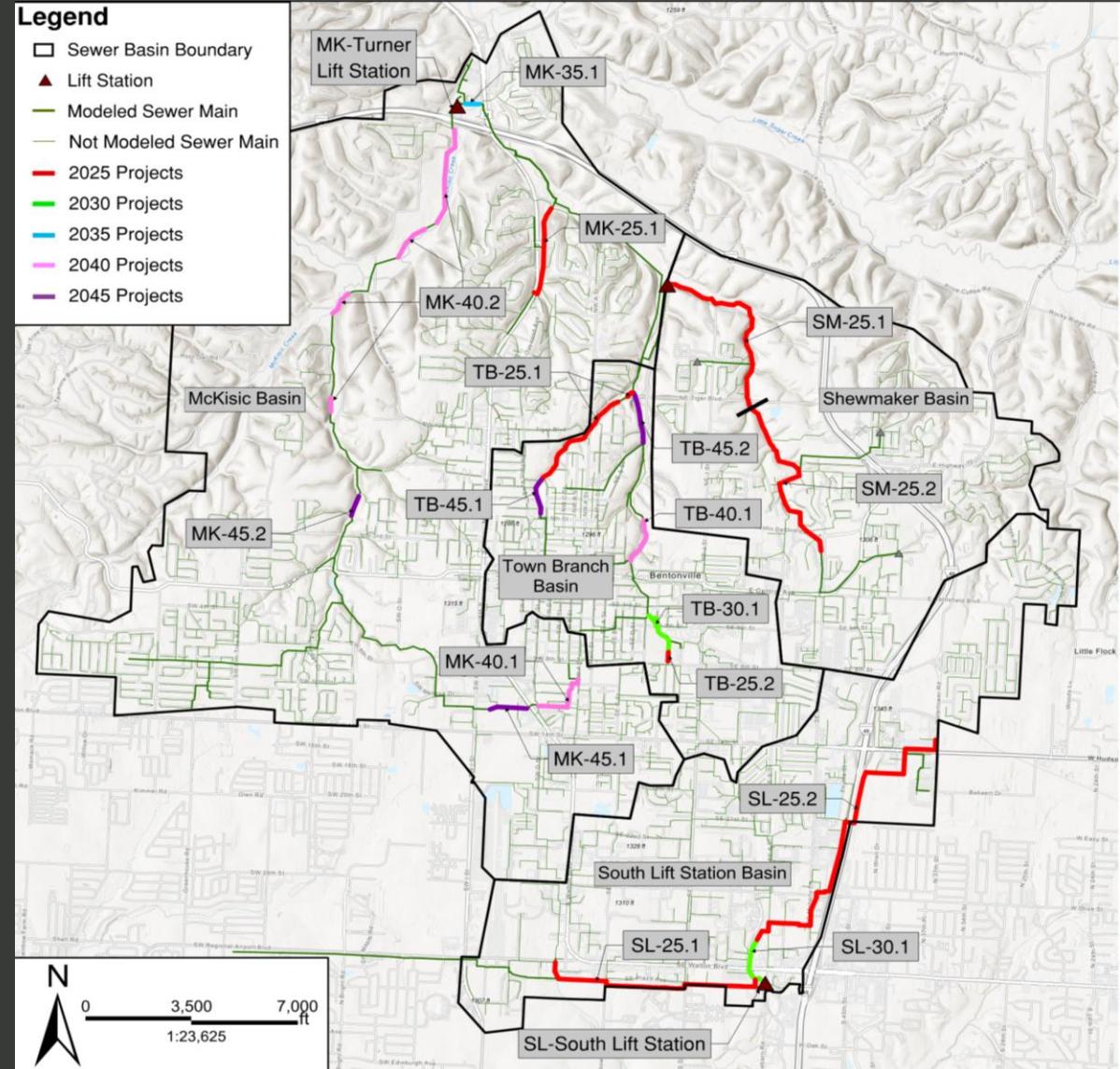
Olsson® South Lift Station Basin Under Wet-Weather Flow

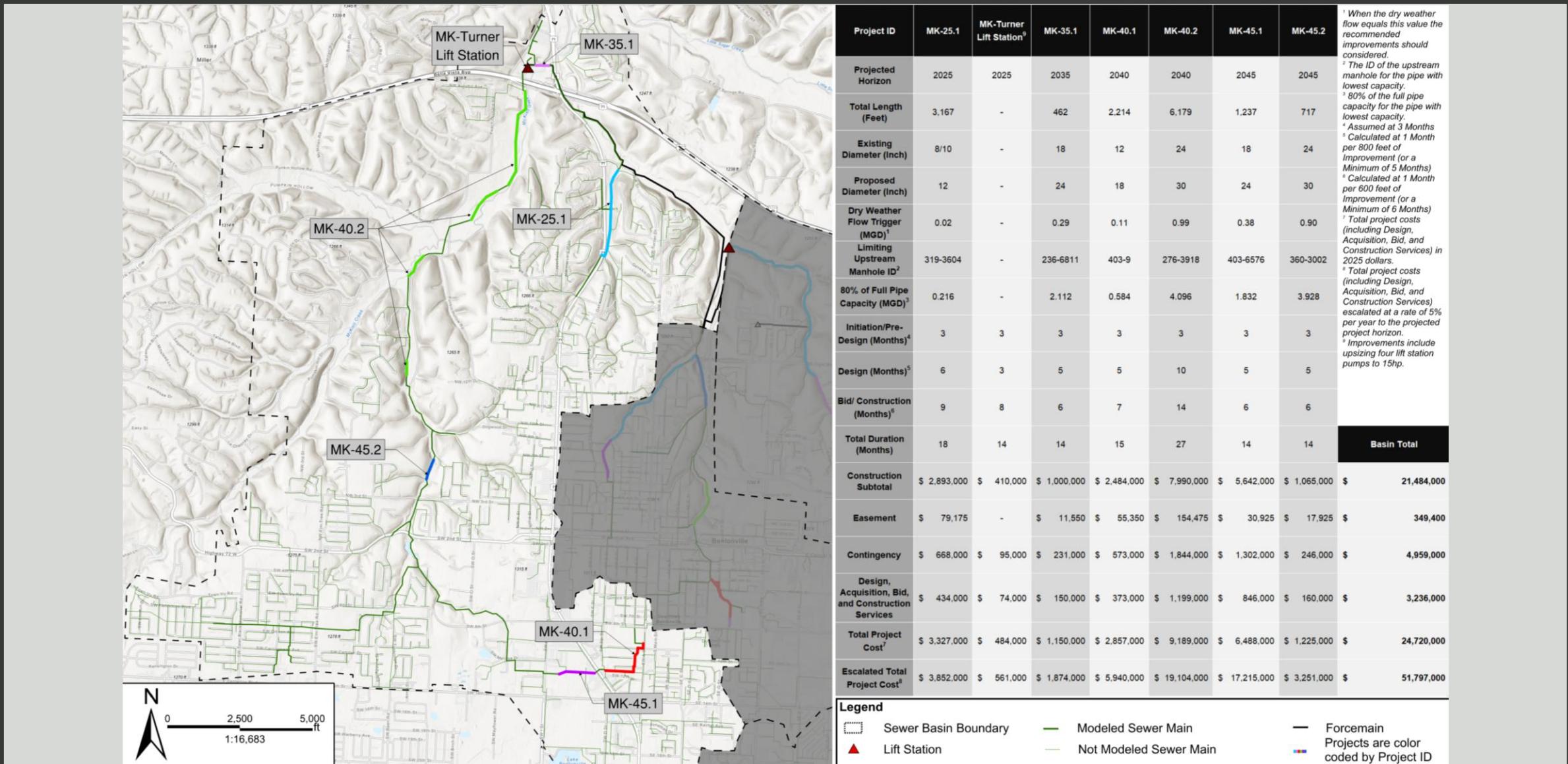
Capital Improvement Recommendations

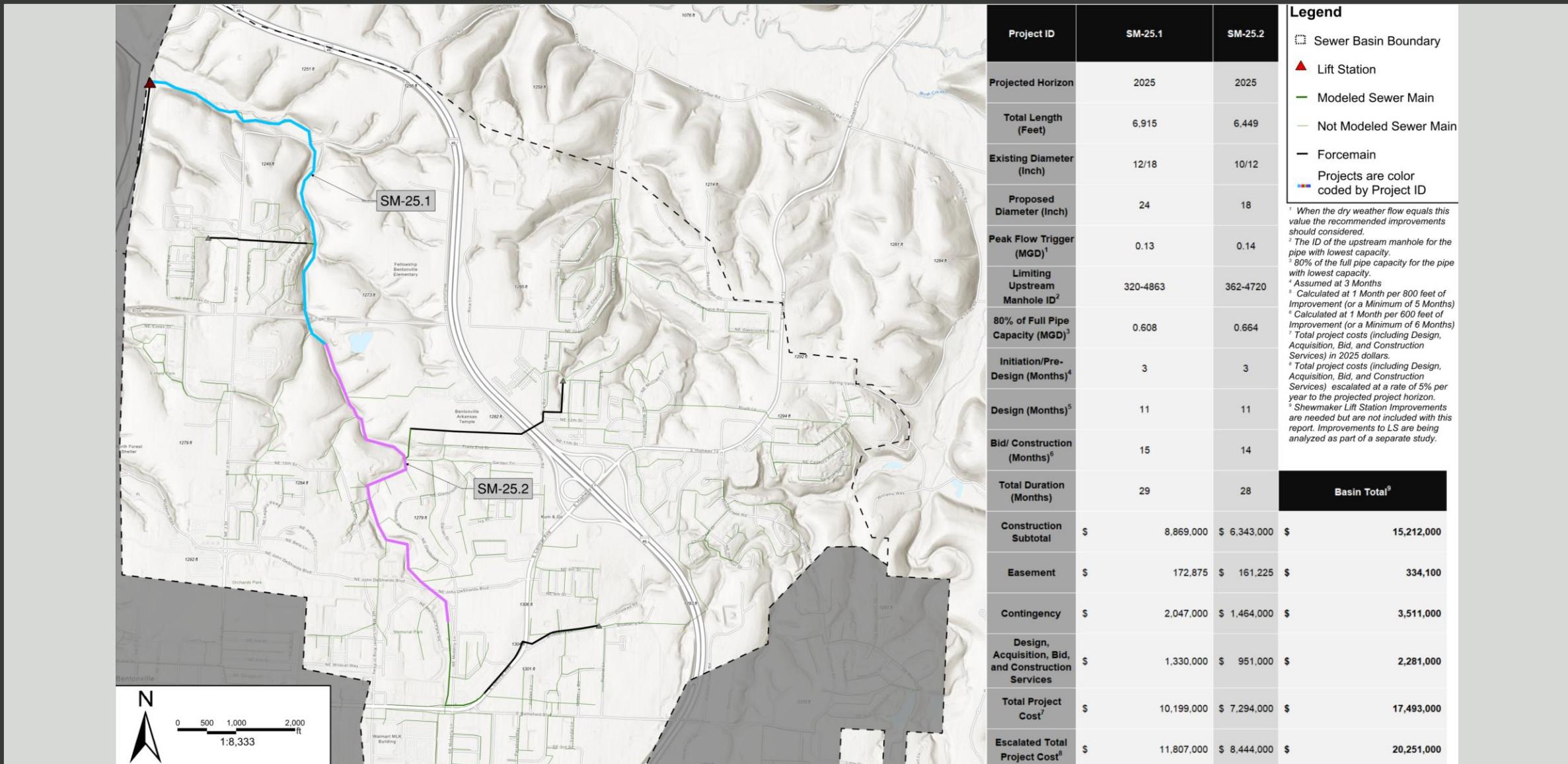
Summary of System Capacity Improvements

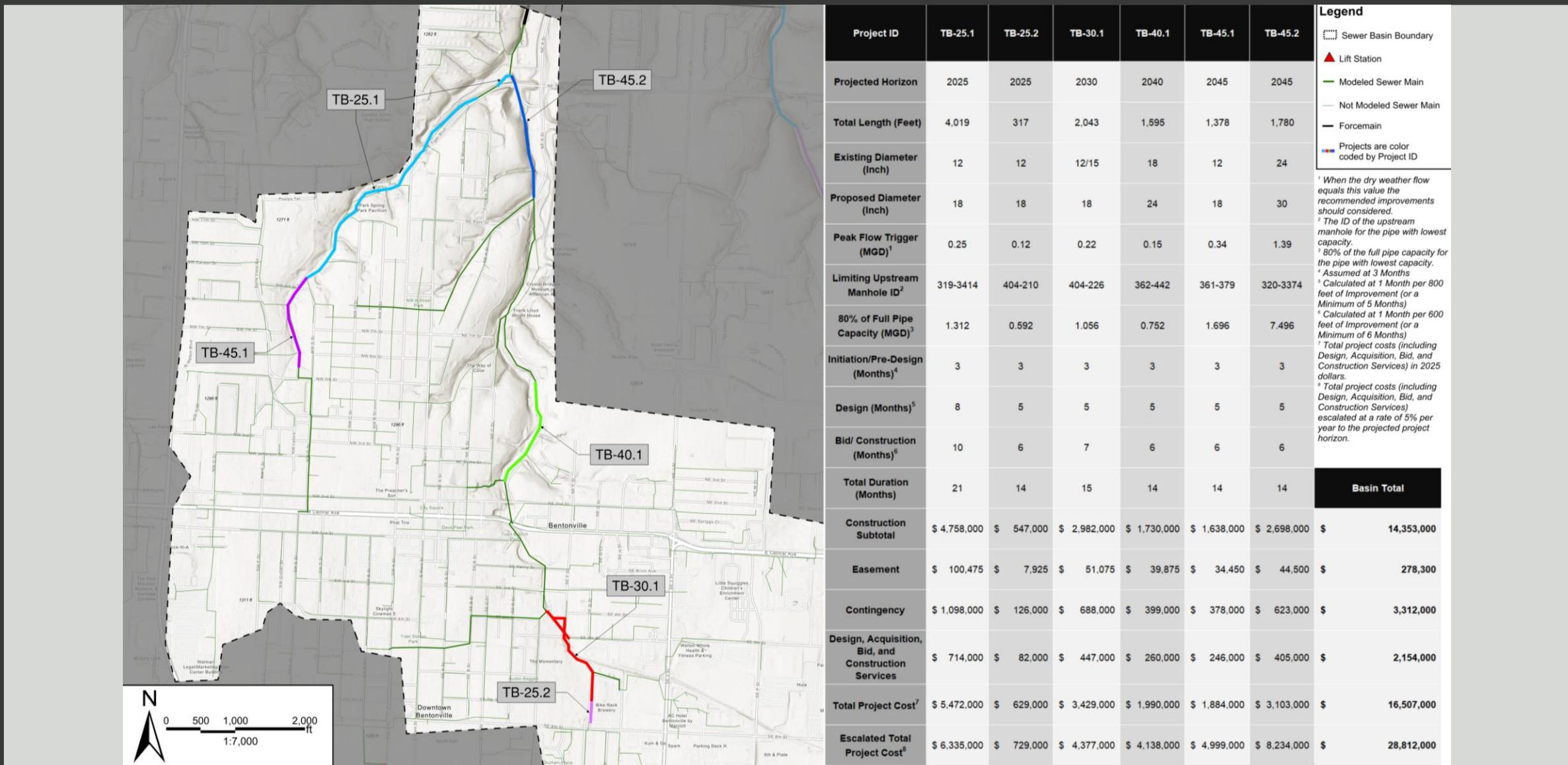
Capacity Improvements Included:

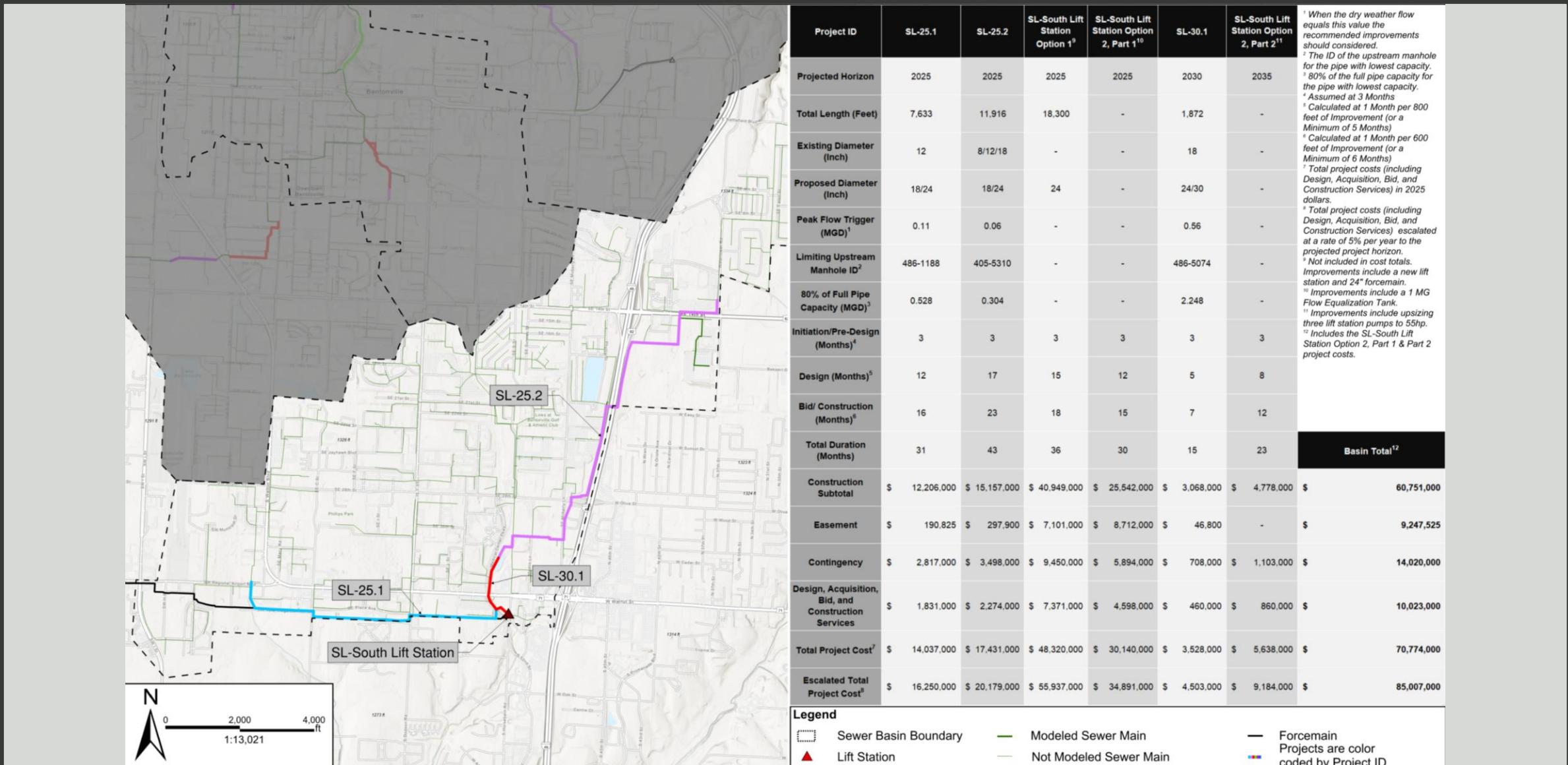
- 17 Projects Upsizing Existing Gravity Sewer Lines
- 1 Project increasing Storage at South Lift Station
- 2 Projects Improving Pumping Capacity at Lift Stations
 - South Lift Station
 - Turner Lift Station





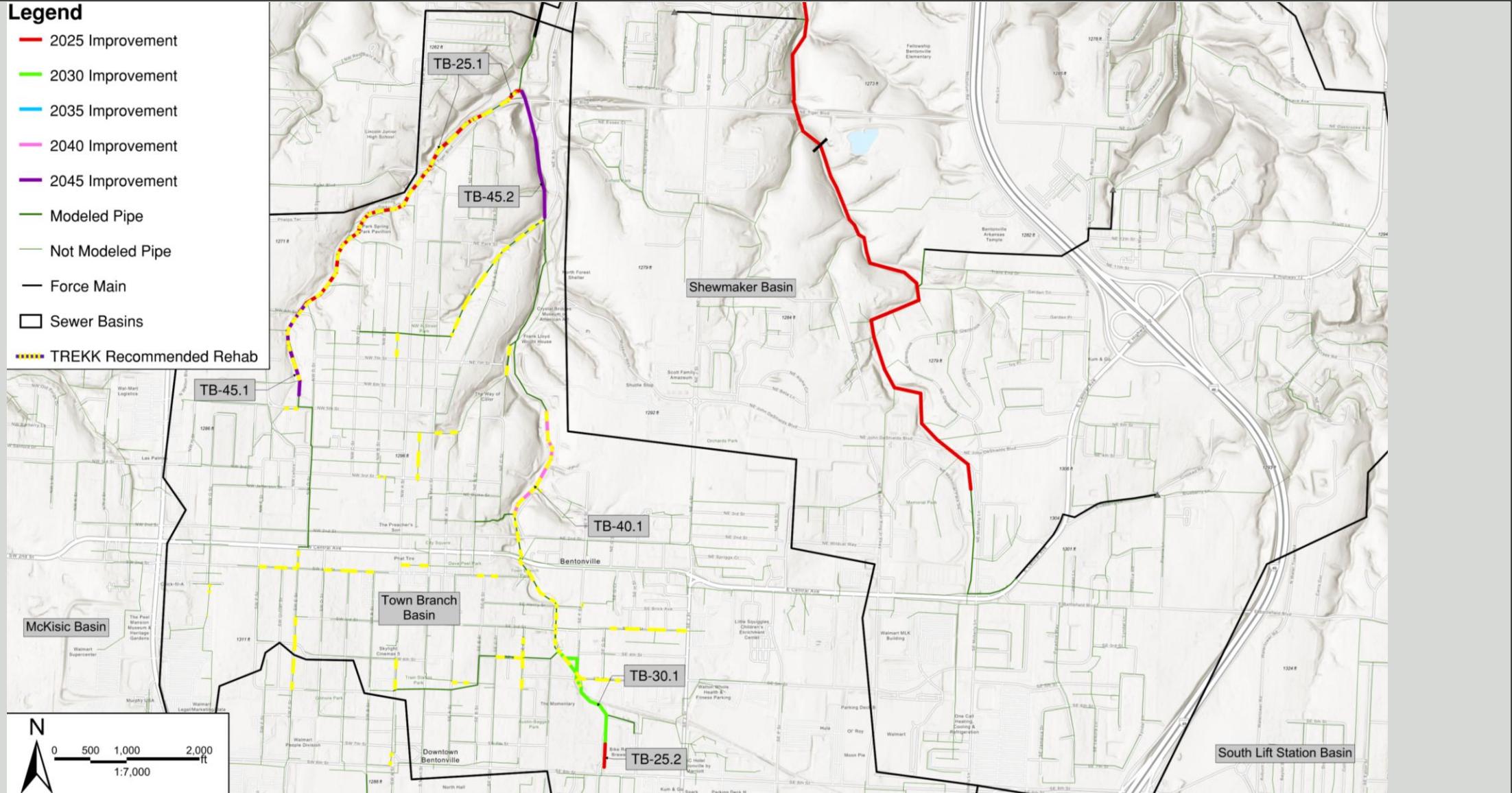






Legend

- 2025 Improvement
- 2030 Improvement
- 2035 Improvement
- 2040 Improvement
- 2045 Improvement
- Modeled Pipe
- Not Modeled Pipe
- Force Main
- Sewer Basins
- TREKK Recommended Rehab

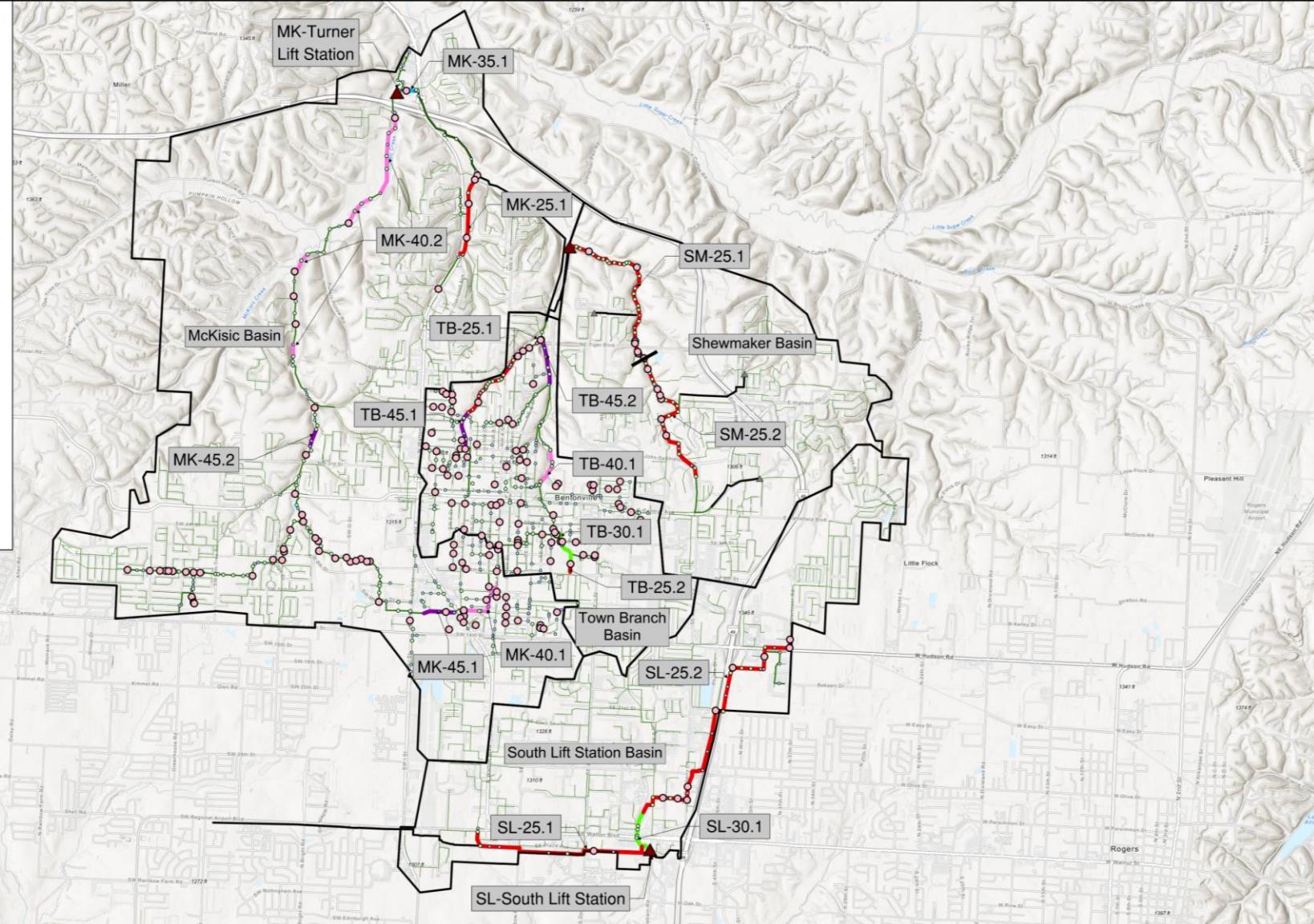
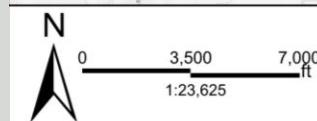


Legend

- 2025 Improvement
- 2030 Improvement
- 2035 Improvement
- 2040 Improvement
- 2045 Improvement
- Modeled Pipe
- Not Modeled Pipe
- Force Main
- Sewer Basins

TREKK Recommended Rehab

- Priority 1 Manholes
- Priority 2 Manholes
- Priority 3 Manholes



Capital Improvement/Rehabilitation Overlap

Rehab Recommendations Categories:

- Priority Level 1 – *Rehabilitate Immediately*
- Priority Level 2 – *Needs Rehabilitation but no immediate structural concerns – clean, root cut and/or repair and monitor*
- Priority Level 3 – *Needs periodic repair and monitoring, continue to gauge deterioration*

Capacity Improvements Projected in 2025

- Priority Level 1 and 2 Rehab Recommendations Excluded
 - 1,800 LF of Sewer Pipe Rehab Exclusions
 - 88 Manhole Rehab Exclusions

Capacity Improvements Projected in 2030

- Priority Level 2 Rehab Recommendations Excluded
 - 110 LF of Sewer Pipe Rehab Exclusions
 - 5 Manhole Rehab Exclusions



Improvement	Estimated Cost			Estimated Horizon	Total LF	Estimated Cost ³
	No Exclusions	With Capacity Exclusions	No Overlap			
Private-Sector I/I Abatement Program ¹	\$232,000	\$232,000	\$232,000	2025	40,400	\$103,034,000 ⁴
Part 1 MH Rehabilitation (Priority 1 and 2) ²	\$1,670,000	\$1,208,000	\$1,044,000	2030	3,900	\$8,880,000
Part 2 MH Rehabilitation (Priority 1 and 2) ²	\$674,000	\$674,000	\$674,000	2035	460	\$11,058,000
Pipeline Rehabilitation (Priority 1 and 2) ¹	\$1,544,000	\$1,365,000	\$1,105,000	2040	10,000	\$29,182,000
2045	5,100	\$33,699,000				
Total	\$4,120,000	\$3,479,000	\$3,055,000	Total	59,200	\$181,802,000

¹ Cost includes a 20% contingency that includes engineering, administration fees, inspections and construction overages.

² Cost includes a 30% contingency that includes engineering, administration fees, inspections and construction overages.

³ Total project costs escalated at a rate of 5% per year to the projected project horizon.

⁴ Total project costs escalated at a rate of 5% per year to 2028.

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